

THE COMPANIES ACT (No. 12, 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED

DRAWN BY:

**FA WU,
(SUBSCRIBER)
ROOM 4451,
HAIFU ROAD 9-1,
DALIAN FREE TRADE ZONE,
LIAONING - PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

CYPRIAN HERBERT MWAIMU
Advocate, Notary Public & Commissioner
for Oaths

09 JUL 2019

The Original seen, Certified as a True
and Correct Copy of Original

Signature: 

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

NO _____

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED

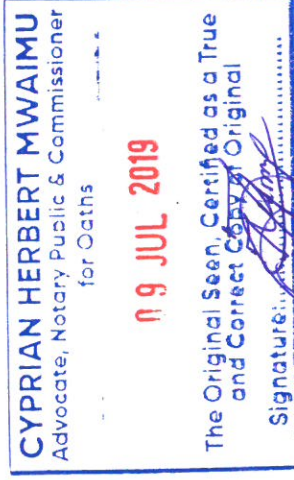
Is this day incorporated under the
Companies Act, No.12 of 2002

And

That the Company is a
Private Company Limited by Shares.

GIVEN under my hand at Dar es Salaam this.....day
of.....Two Thousand and Eighteen.

.....
Asst. Registrar of Companies



THE COMPANIES ACT, No.12 2002
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED



I. The **name** of the company is **GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED**.

II. The **registered office** of the Company will be situated in the United Republic of Tanzania.

III. The **objects** for which the Company is established are:

- 1) To carry on business as a general commercial company;
 - 1.1 To carry on trade or business whatsoever,
 - 1.2 The Company has power to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the carrying on of any trade or business.
- 2) To carry on, manage, supervise and control the business of transmitting, manufacturing, supplying, generating, distributing and dealing in electricity and all forms of energy and power generated by any source whether, steam, hydro or tidal, water, wind, solar, hydrocarbon fuel or any other form, kind or description;
- 3) To plan, develop, establish, erect, construct, acquire , operate, run, manage, hire, lease, buy, sell, maintain, enlarge, alter, renovate, modernize, work and use power system networks of all types including ultra high voltage (UHV), extra-high voltage (EHV), high voltage (HV), high voltage direct current (HVDC), medium voltage (MV) and low voltage (LV) lines and associated stations, substations, transmission and distribution centers, systems and networks and to lay cables, wires, accumulators, plants, motors, meters, apparatus, computers, telecommunication and telemetering equipments and other materials connected with generation, transmission, distribution, supply and other ancillary activities relating to the electrical power and to undertake for and on behalf of others all these activities in any manner;

- 4) To carry on the business of generating, accumulating, distributing and supplying Solar Energy for sale to Governments, State Electricity Boards, Intermediaries in Power Transmission / Distribution, Companies, Industrial Units, or to other individual types of users / consumers of Energy;
- 5) To acquire concessions or licenses granted by or to enter into contracts with, the Government of United Republic of Tanzania, Municipal, Local Authority or other Statutory bodies, Companies or any other person for the development, erection, installation, establishment, construction, operation and maintenance of Solar Power Plants, and in this regard to promote, develop, own, acquire, set up, erect, build, install, commission, construct, establish, maintain, improve, manage, operate alter, control, take on hire / lease, carry out and run all necessary Plants, equipments, sub-stations, workshops, generators, transmission facilities, machinery, electrical equipment, accumulators, repair shops, wires, cables, lamps, fittings and apparatus in the capacity of principals, contractors, developers or otherwise and to deal, buy, sell and hire / lease all apparatus and things required for or used in connection with generation, distribution, supply, accumulation of Solar Energy;
- 6) To carry on the business of consultants, advisors, auctioneers for all type of Solar Energy Plants and to undertake research and development in the field of solar energy and other allied fields;
- 7) To carry on any trade or business within tourism industry including that of tour operations, safaris of all types (walking, cycling, boating, vehicles based), general hotel investment, operating and or owning tourist lodges, home stays, spas, motels, camping sites, leisure centers and caravan sites;
- 8) To carry on and engage in activities relating to conservation of nature, cultural resources and wildlife which are ecologically sustainable, financially viable and culturally acceptable, creating awareness in the community about conservation efforts through study tours within United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere;
- 9) To develop, operate and maintain renewable energy projects including solar energy, wind energy, biomass, wave and tidal energy for the generation of electricity and/or heat and to deal in all other forms of energy and products or services associated therewith and promoting the conservation and efficient use of energy with the aim of combating carbon emission, and to enter into all such contracts with consultants, contractors, purchasers/distributors/consumers and others in connection

with generation, transmission, distribution and supply of renewable energy;

- 10) To carry on all or any of the business of general contractors, engineering contractors, consultants, advisers, civil, electrical, and mechanical contractors;
- 11) To do all or any of the things aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with others, and either as principal or agent, and either by the Company itself or by sub-contractors or agents or otherwise and either in the United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere;
- 12) To do all such things whatsoever, whether or not related to the foregoing business which in the opinion of the Directors, can conveniently be carried on with the other objects of the Company either in the United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere.
- 13) To carry on in the United Republic of Tanzania or in any part of the world, the business of general merchants, traders, suppliers, importers, dealers, storekeepers, removers, packers, brokers, distributors, manufacturers, manufacturers' representatives, commission, franchisors, managing financial and general agents, investors, franchisors, carriers, ship owners or in any other capacity, and to buy, prepare, manufacture, render marketable, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, charge, make advances on and otherwise deal in, with, or turn to account by wholesale or retail goods, general merchandise and other commodities of all kinds and description
- 14) To finance or carry on business as manufacturers of, importers and exporters of, and dealers in goods and articles of all kinds and description in the manufacture of which timber or wood is used, and the business of contractors, lumberjacks, carpenters, cabinet and furniture makers, timber growers and merchants in all their branches and to finance, grow, fall collect, deal in logs, wood and all other similar produce of all kinds and description makers in all their respective branches and to deal in such articles and things in their raw unfinished, or manufactured state and either by wholesale or retail and to apply for, take on lease or license, buy or otherwise acquire, hold and work, forest right and timber estates, and to clear, plant, work such rights and estates, and to do all such acts and things as are necessary or in connection therewith and also to finance or carry on the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters of plywood, veneer, timber forest product compositor and plastic, and to buy and sell by wholesale or retail, and generally to deal in all such materials;

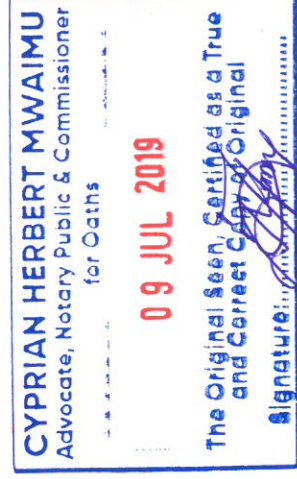
15) To acquire and take over as a going concern any business with all or any of the assets and liabilities together with goodwill, patent, trademarks, rights and privileges, outstanding contracts and all appurtenant rights, benefits and advantages of the said business including import and other quota, rights, licenses, permits and all other properties movable and immovable whatsoever and all trades connected with it on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon and with a view to adopt, become parties to and to enter into such agreements or other deeds, instruments and writings, amalgamation or any other arrangement for sharing profits or for co-operation or for limiting completion, or for mutual assistance with any person, firm or company as may be deemed proper or advisable and to agree to make such modifications therein as may be fit and to carry the same into effect with or without modifications;

16) To finance or produce, manufacture, refine, prepare, process, purchase, sell, import, export or generally deal in bricks, sand, stone, marble, tiles, refractories, china wares, sanitary materials, pipes, tubes, tubular structures, cement, paints, adhesive, sheets, roofing, glass, furniture, fittings, electrical goods, water supply or storage equipment, floor polish, door closures, concrete mixtures, elevators, paints, hardware, pipe, fittings, lubricant oils, building materials, forest products and any other building or decorative materials made of cement, stone, timber, teak, board, fiber, paper, glass, rubber, plastic or other natural or synthetic substance or chemical;



iv) The liability of the members is **Limited**.

v) **CAPITAL**

The share capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shilling Two Billion Only (TZS 2,000,000,000.00/=)**, divided into **One Thousand Shares (1,000) each worth Tanzania Shilling Two Million Only (TZS 2,000,000.00/=)**, with power for the Company to increase or reduce the said capital and to issue any part of its capital, original or increased, with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions, and so that unless the condition of issue shall otherwise be expressly declared, every issue of shares, whether declared to be preference or otherwise, shall be subject to the powers herein before contained.



We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

Names and Addresses of the Shareholders	Number of shares taken by the Shareholders	Signatures of Shareholders
FA WU ROOM 4451, HAIFU ROAD 9-1, DALIAN FREE TRADE ZONE, LIAONING, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	800	
JING ZHANG ROOM 4451, HAIFU ROAD 9-1, DALIAN FREE TRADE ZONE, LIAONING - PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	200	

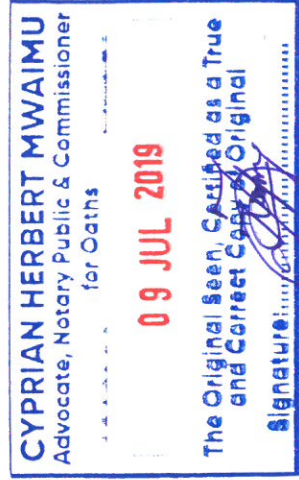
WITNESS to the above signature on this 26 day of November 2018.

Full Name: CYPRIAN HERBERT MWAIMU

Signature: 

Postal Address: 1203 ARUSHA - TANZANIA

Designation: ADVOCATE



THE COMPANIES ACT (NO. 12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

1. In these Regulations:

“The Act”

Means the Companies Act (No. 12 of 2002);

“The articles”

Means the articles of this company;

“The board”

Means the board of directors of this company;

“The company”

Means **GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED;**

“Clear days”

In relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or on which it is to take effect;

“The holder”

In relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;

“The seal”

Means the common seal of the company;

“Secretary”

Means the secretary of the company or any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions referred to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the Company.

2.

The Company is a private company and accordingly:

- a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in the manner hereinafter prescribed.
- b) The number of members of the Company is limited to fifty as further provided for in the Act.
- c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.

d) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearers.

3. The share Capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shilling Two Billion Only (TZS 2,000,000,000.00)**, divided into **One Thousand Shares (1,000)** each worth **Tanzania Shilling Two Million Only (TZS 2,000,000.00)**.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such, rights or restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the Company may by Special Resolution determine.

5. Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Act, any shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.

6. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separated general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

8. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 56 of the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.

9. A body corporate or person shall be recognized by the Company as holding shares on trust.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

10. Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to receive within two (2) months after allotment or lodgement of transfer (or within shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every Certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid thereon. In respect of a share of shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.
11. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.
12. **LIEN**

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to any amounts payable in respect of it.
13. The Company may sell, in such manner as the directors determine, any shares on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after a notice in writing has been given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
14. To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

15. The net proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

16. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal values of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of any sum due there under, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.

17. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.

18. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

19. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it become due and payable to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the term of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, at a rate not exceeding five percent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

20. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call, and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount has become due and payable by virtue of a call.

21. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

22. The directors may If they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys un-called and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would , but for such advance, become [payable] pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) six per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the members paying such sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

23. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in any usual form or any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid up, by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

24. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within sixty days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

25. The registration of transfers of shares or any transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine.

26. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting title to any share.

27. Save as hereinafter provided, no shares in the Company shall be transferred otherwise than by the prior written consent of the members representing not less than seventy -five percent (75%) of the total issued shares of the Company at such relevant time.

- i. Every member or other person referred to in Article 29 below who intends to transfer shares (hereinafter called the "Vendor") shall give notice (the "Transfer Notice") in writing to the Board of his intention to do so. Such Notice should specify the shares being offered (the "Offered Shares") and the proposed price at which they are offered (the "Proposed Price"). If there is a disagreement in regards to the Proposed Price of the Offered Shares, the price which the auditor of the Company shall certify by writing under his hand, to be in his opinion, the fair selling value thereof as between a willing vendor and willing purchaser shall be accepted.

- ii. Upon the price being fixed as aforesaid the Board shall forthwith give notice to all the members of the Company of the number and price of the shares to be sold and invite each of them to state in writing within fourteen (14) days from the date of the

said notice whether he is willing to purchase any, and if so, what maximum number of the said shares.

- iii. At the expiration of the said fourteen (14) days the Board shall allocate the said shares to or amongst the member or members who shall have expressed his or their willingness to purchase as aforesaid and (if more than one) so far as may be **pro rata** according to that number of shares already held by them respectively PROVIDED THAT no member shall be obliged to take more than the said maximum number of shares so notified by him as aforesaid.
- iv. Upon such allocation being made the Vendor shall be bound on payment of the said price to transfer the shares to the purchaser or purchasers. If he makes default in so doing the chairman for the time being of the directors of the Company or failing him one of the directors duly nominated by resolution of the Board for that purpose shall forthwith be deemed to be duly appointed attorney of the vendor, with full powers to execute, complete and deliver in the name and on behalf of the vendor a transfer of the shares to the purchasing member and the Board may receive and give a good discharge for the purchaser money on behalf of the vendor and enter the name of the purchaser in the register of members as holder by transfer of the shares purchased by him.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

28. In case of the death of a member, the survivor(s) where the deceased was a joint holder, and the personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
29. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, either elect by notice to the Company to be registered as holder of the share, or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee in which case he shall execute the appropriate instrument of transfer. All the articles relating to the right to transfer of shares shall apply to any such notice or transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
30. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he

shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by member ship in relation to meetings of the company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

31. If a call remains un paid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear day's notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
32. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
33. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share in question.
34. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys at the date of forfeiture were payable by him to the Company in the respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture for any consideration received on their disposal.
35. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or

invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

36. The Company may by special resolution:-

- (a) Increase its share capital by new shares of such amount, as the resolution prescribes;
- (b) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (c) Subject to the provisions of section 65(1)(d) of the Act, sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association;
- (d) Cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

37. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of this Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

38. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any way.

MEETINGS

39. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next.

40. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

41. The directors may, whenever they think fit, call an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be

shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by member ship in relation to meetings of the company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

31. If a call remains un paid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear day's notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
32. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
33. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share in question.
34. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys at the date of forfeiture were payable by him to the Company in the respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture for any consideration received on their disposal.
35. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or

convened on such requisitionists, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 134 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Territory sufficient directors to call the meeting, any director or any two members of the company may call the meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

42. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days notice in writing. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such;

Provided that a meeting of the Company may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:

- (a) In the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) In the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omissions to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

43. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors.

44. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be a quorum.

45. The quorum at a meeting of the board of directors shall be no less than a three fourth (3/4) majority of directors.

46. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day at such other time and place as the direction may determine.
47. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their member to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
48. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
49. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at a general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.
50. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of any adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
51. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
- (a) By the chairman or,
 - (b) By at least two (2) members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) By a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting; or

(d) By a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

52. Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be evidence of that fact.
53. The demand for a poll may, before it is taken, be withdrawn.
54. Except as provided in article 53, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
55. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
56. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately or at such time not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.
57. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

58. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any share or class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member (being an individual) present in person or (being a corporation) present by a duly authorized representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
59. In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall

be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

60. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Disease Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy,
61. No member shall be entitled to vote at a general meeting or at a separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
62. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
63. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
64. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointer of his attorney dully authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
65. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed a copy of the authority certified notarially or in such other manner as approved by the directors shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place within the Tanzania as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or in the case a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and the default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
66. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form is near thereto as circumstances admit.

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED

I/weofbeing
.....
.....
a Member/members of the above named company hereby appoint
.....
ofor failing himof as my/our
proxy to vote for me/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or
extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting of the company to

be held on theday of and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed thisday of20.....

67. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as thereto as circumstances admit.

GUOKAI ELECTRIC POWER (T) COMPANY LIMITED

I/weofbeing
..... Member/members of the above named company hereby
appoint of
or failing him of
as my/our proxy to vote for m/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or
extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting of the company to
be held on the day of and at any
adjournment thereof.

Signed thisday of20...

This form is to be used * in favour of against resolution; 1/2/3 etc;
unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit or
abstain from voting.

68. The Instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

69. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination was received by the Company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

70. Any corporation which is member of the Company may by a resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to acts as its representative at any meeting of the Company or any class of members of the

Company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.

DIRECTORS

71. The number of the directors and the names of the first director shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two. The first Directors of the Company shall be:

- (1) FA WU**
- (2) JING ZHANG**

72. The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the Company in general meeting and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

73. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

74. The directors may by power of Attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his power.

75. The directors may exercise all the power of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party however the approval of all Company decisions and resolutions will require a Board majority vote of seventy - five percent (75%). The seventy- five percent (75%) majority vote will be established by the shareholding held or represented proportions of each voting director furthermore, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Company's Articles, or the powers vested in the directors, the directors shall not make any changes to the Company's Articles or any

shareholders agreement prior to a seventy-five percent (75%) majority vote by the members.

76. The Company may exercise the powers conferred upon the Company by sections 124 to 127 of the Act with regard to the keeping of a branch register, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND INTERESTS

77. The directors may appoint one or more of their member to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement may be made on such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if the ceases to be a director, but without prejudice to any claim to damage for breach of the contract of service between the director and the Company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.

78. A director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 209 of the Act.

79. Subject to the provision for the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:-

- (a) May be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;
- (b) May be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or in which the Company may be interested in;
- (c) Shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment remuneration; or
- (d) Other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise directs.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize a director or his firm to act as auditor to the Company.

80. For the purpose of articles 79 and 80 –

- a) A general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent as specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in such transaction of the transaction of the nature and extent specified and;
- b) An interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated an interest of his.

81. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

MINUTES

82. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books for the purpose:-

- a) Of all appointments of officer made by the directors;
- b) Of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the director and of any committee of the directors;
- c) Of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, and of the directors, and of the committee of directors.

REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES: GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

83. Although the directors shall not receive any remuneration for their services as director, any such remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by special resolution and, unless the resolution otherwise provides, such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also if determined by the directors to be a viable option, be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company.

84. The directors on behalf of the Company may by special resolution, pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any director who had held any other salaries office or place of profit with the Company or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund and pay premium for the purchase or provisions of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

85. The office of director shall be vacated if the director:
- a) Ceases to be director by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or
 - b) He becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
 - c) He becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - d) He becomes of unsound mind; or
 - e) He resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
 - f) Shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the director from meetings of the directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

86. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or to be an additional director.
87. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the total number of directors does not exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.
88. Each of the active directors participating in the Company's day to day operational activities must sign an employment contract with the Company within a period of no less than three (3) months from the date of appointment of such post.
89. The Company may by ordinary resolution, or of which special notice has been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these articles or in any agreement between the Company and the director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim the director may have for damage for breach of any service contract with the Company.

90. The Company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding regulation, and without prejudice to the power of the directors under article 86 the company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

91. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the director. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting directors to any director who is absent from Tanzania.

92. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors shall be two (2).

93. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if their number is reduced below the number fixed as the necessary quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancy or of calling a general meeting. The directors may appoint one of their members to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors as which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same; the directors present may choose one of their member to be chairman of the meeting.

94. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors. Subjects to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

95. All acts done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered there

was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.

96. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the director or of committee of directors; shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form and signed by one or more directors
97. Save as otherwise provided in the articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflict or may conflict with the interest of the Company. Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, an interest of a person who is connected with a director shall be treated as interest of the director.
98. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is entitled to vote.
99. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting director from voting at a meeting of directors or of committee directors.
100. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to office or employment with the company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except than concerning his own appointment.
101. If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of directors to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

SECRETARY

102. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
103. A provision of the Act or these Regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of the secretary.

THE SEAL

104. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the director. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

DIVIDEND AND RESERVE

105. Subject to section 180 of the Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but not dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

106. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution.

107. The directors may before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of directors, be applicable for any purpose of to which the profits of the company may be properly and depending such application may at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments, (other than shares of the company) as the directors may from time to time think fit. The directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward and any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.

108. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares in respect of which dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amount paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date that shall rank for dividend accordingly.

109. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct payment of such dividend wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members, and vest any assets in trustees.

110. Any dividend, interest or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque sent through the post to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is the first named in the register of members or to such person and such address as the holder or joint holder may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any one of two or more holders may give effectual respects for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the held by them as joint holders.
111. No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share bear interest against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
112. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it become due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company.

ACCOUNTS

113. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- (a) All sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (b) All sales and purchases of goods by the company; and the assets and liabilities of the company.
- Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of Company's affairs and explain its transactions.
114. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or, subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
115. No members shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directors or by Ordinary Resolution of the Company.
116. The directors shall, in accordance with sections 153, 155 and 159 of Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, cash flow statements, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.

117. In accordance with section 163 of the Act, the company's annual accounts to be laid before the Company in general meeting together with a copy of the director's report and the auditor's report shall not less than twenty – one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the Company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debenture.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFIT

118. The directors may, with the authority of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company:

- (a) Resolve to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and that such sum be capitalized to the members who would have been entitled to it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or in paying up in full in issued share or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed;
- (b) Make such provision the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and authorize any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalization, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

AUDIT

119. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.

NOTICES

120. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The Company may give any notice to a member wither personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelop addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall

be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, preparing, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of (seventy-two) hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the Company and address within the Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.

121. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the register of members in respect of the share.
122. A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorized by the articles, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within the Tanzania supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
123. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received purpose for which it was called.

WINDING UP

124. If the Company is wound up the liquidator may, with sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may, for that purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided and may determined how such division shall be carried out as between the members or any part of the of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall determine, but no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

125. Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 481 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence

default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

Name and Addresses of the Shareholders	Number of shares taken by the Shareholders	Signatures of Shareholders
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FA WU	800	
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**ROOM 4451,
HAIFU ROAD 9-1,
DALIAN FREE TRADE ZONE,
LIAONING,
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**



JING ZHANG	200	
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**ROOM 4451,
HAIFU ROAD 9-1,
DALIAN FREE TRADE ZONE,
LIAONING - PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**



WITNESS to the above signature on this 26th day of November 2018.

Full Name: CYPRIAN HERBERT MWAIMU

Signature: 

Postal Address: 1203 ARUSHA - TANZANIA

Designation: ADVOCATE

CYPRIAN HERBERT MWAIMU
Advocate, Notary Public & Commissioner
for Oaths

09 JUL 2019

The Original Seen, Certified as a True
and Correct Copy of Original
Signature: 