

THE COMPANIES ACT 2002

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ASMARA TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

Incorporated at Dar es Salaam this Day of 2022

Drawn by:

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(Subscriber)
P O Box 50027
Dar es Salaam

THE COMPANIES ACT 2002

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

Of

ASMARA TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is **Asmara Transport Company Limited**.
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in Tanzania.
3. The objects for which the Company is formed are :-
 - a) To carry on the business of transportation , cargo and travel agents, commission agents, customs agents , manufactures representative, clearing and forwarding agents ,road contractors, cargo superintendent, packers, machinery haulage specialists , warehousemen, engineers , electricians , motor cars, cabs omnibus , lorries ,oil tank and coach proprietors and transporters by any other means of conveyance of peoples and goods in Tanzania and the neighbouring countries and in such other place or places as may from time to time determined by the company .
 - b) To carry out business of imports , exports and distribution of electronic items and communication devices to include phones, security systems, geographical positioning devices and survey equipments,
 - c) To carry out the business of transport logistics and fleet management; installation of security systems.
 - d) To carry on the business of household, domestic appliances and electrical goods, audio visual goods, electronic items, building materials, hardware's, foodstuff, agricultural products and merchandise of every nature, kind and description whatsoever as a dealer, wholesaler, retailer, distributor, importer, exporter and after sales service and repairing.
 - e) To carry on the business o general merchants, general store-keepers, universal providers, importers, exporters, and wholesale and/or retail traders of or otherwise dealers of and in piece wood, paints, hardware, glassware, crockery, cutlery, ironmongery, turners and other household fittings and requirements and other articles and commodities of personal and household

use and consumption provisions, textiles, groceries, medicines, drugs, wines, spirits, liquors, chemical, surgical, optical, photographic and other instruments, apparatus and materials, and motor vehicles, automobiles and generally in all manufactured goods of all types, and merchandise of all kinds.

- f) To carry on the business as general suppliers of all sorts and types of goods and services to individuals, offices, industries, shops, schools, factories, hospitals, army, military, ministries and all other government offices, universities and all other places where the services of a supplier are needed.
- g) To carry on the business as consultants, commission agents, court brokers, debt collectors, revenue collector, public auctioneers, insurance agents, general brokers importers, exporters, manufacturers' representatives, land and estate agents, technical advisors, clearing and forwarding agents, and all businesses and trades incidental or similar thereto or required to be or capable of being carried on in conjunction therewith.
- h) To carry on the business of clearing and forwarding agents, commission agents, transporters, freighters, haulers, customs bonded warehouse and godown keepers, cargo and travel agents, insurance agents, tourist agents, manufacturers' representative, road contractors, cargo superintendents, packers, machinery haulage specialists, warehousemen, engineers, electricians, motor cars, cabs, omnibus, lorries, oil tank and coach proprietors and transporters, civil transport contractors and transporters.
- i) To carry on business for general trading including supply of construction materials; extraction and distribution of sand, aggregates and related construction materials.
- j) To carry on the business of real property developers, general contractors, traders, investors, and generally to do all acts and things which in the opinion of the company or directors may conveniently or profitably or usefully acquired and dealt with carried on or done by the company in connection with the business aforesaid.
- k) To carry on business of builders and contractors, decorators, merchants and dealers in stone, sand, lime, bricks, cement, timber, hardware and other building require sites, brick and tile and job masters, carriers and house agents.

- l) To carry on, either directly or by grants to others, the business or businesses whether together or separately, of manufactures and vendors, whether wholesale or retail, of all kinds of sugar and other confectionery, stationery, newspapers, periodicals and other literature, textiles and other soft goods and any amusement machines of all kinds.
- m) To carry on the business of travel agents and tour operators and for this purpose to construct, equip, maintain and work omnibuses, taxis, and other vehicles appropriate for the carriage of passengers or goods and to carry on the business of omnibuses proprietors and carriers of passengers both in public conveyances and private vehicles.
- n) To carry on any business undertaking connected to tourist industry including that of hoteliers, restaurateurs, safari lodges, campsites and motel keepers, photographers, game trappers, safari outfitters, travel agents and airplane operators.
- o) In connection with any such business to purchase, lease, hire, construct, provide, operate, equip and maintain land, building and all other structures, apparatus, equipments and articles which may be necessary or convenient in the opinion of the company for the carrying on of such business or business.
- p) To carry on, either directly or by grants to others, the business or businesses, whether together or separately of restaurant, soda fountain, ice-cream parlour, milk bar and cafe proprietors, licensed victuallers, wine, beer and spirit merchants (wholesale and retail) manufactures and vendors of mineral waters, cordials and syrups, groceries and provisions and of refreshment caterers, suppliers and contractors generally.
- q) To establish or acquire and carry on offices, trading stations, factories, stores and depots in Tanzania or elsewhere, and to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, carry on, develop and improve any business or real or personal property in the United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere, or any undivided or other interest whatsoever therein respectively.
- r) To carry on the business of a department store proprietor, and in that capacity to provide such goods and services for the customers of the company as may seem expedient.
- s) To purchase or otherwise acquire the undertaking and/or any of the goodwill, business, property, and liabilities of any other company, or any partnership or person carrying on any business which the company is authorised to carry on, or which may seem to be calculated directly and

indirectly, to benefit the company, and to pay for the same in cash, or by bills or shares in the company or otherwise.




- t) To enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, or co-operation with any person, partnership or company carrying on or about to carry on any business which this company is authorised to carry on, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to take, otherwise acquire and hold stock or shares in such company.
- u) To amalgamate with any other company whose objects are or include objects similar to those of the company whether by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid shares or otherwise) of the undertaking subject to the liabilities of the company or any such other company as aforesaid with or without winding up or by purchase for fully or partly paid shares or otherwise) of all or a controlling interest in shares or stock of any such other company or in any other manner;
- v) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with other, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise;
- w) To search for ores, minerals, and hydrocarbons and to apply for licences for mining, prospecting drilling in or over any lands which may be acquired by the company and to lease any such lands for building or for agricultural use and to sell or otherwise dispose of the lands, mines or other property of the company;
- x) To excavate the extract and submit to any refinement process or manufacture, to prepare for market and to generally carry on the business of prospecting, mining, smelting and refining;
- y) To carry on business in areas of energy, mining, iron ore and steel, gas, oil prospecting, petrochemicals, weaponry and security services;
- z) To carry on business of advertising of all sorts, agency, print, electronic, outdoor, radio, television, blogging, communications, telecommunications, mobile and internet, education, media and public relations

And it is hereby declared that the word ' Company ' in this clause except where used in reference of this Company , shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons , whether incorporated , and whether domiciled in Tanzania or elsewhere , and that the intension is that each of the objects set forth in any sub-clause or by the name of the company , none of such sub clause or the objects herein specified or the powers thereby conferred shall be deemed subsidiary or auxiliary merely to the objects mentioned in the first sub clause .

4. The liability of the members is Limited.
5. The capital of the Company is Tanzanian Shillings 1,600,000,000 divided into 100 shares of ShillingsTshs 16,000,000 each.

The Company shall have powers to increase its capital and to divide the shares in its capital for the time being into several classes of stock or shares and to attach thereto respectively such preferential , deferred or special rights , privileges , or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company .

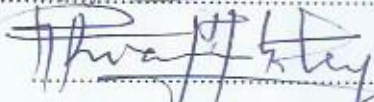
WE, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Postal Addresses and Occupations of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature of Subscribers
Tesfalem Dessale P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	45	
Semon Abranam Okbameckael P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	45	
Dr Woldeghiorghis Asghedom Villa P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam	10	
TOTAL	100	

Dated this 08th day of JUNE 2022.

WITNESS to the above Signatures:-

NAME: RICHARD LUCAS MOTTE

SIGNATURE: 

POSTAL ADDRESS: Mt. Kilimanjaro

QUALIFICATION: ADVOCATE



THE COMPANIES ACT 2002,
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
ASMARA TRANSPORTCOMPANY LIMITED

INTERPRETATION

1. In these articles:-

“the Act” means the Companies Act;

“the articles” means the articles of the company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

“the seal” means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company;

“Secretary” shall mean any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company;

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photograph, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the company.

MEMBERS

2. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is but the directors may from time to time register an increase of members.
3. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

4. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.
Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place, as the directors shall appoint.
5. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
6. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or in default, may be convened by such requisitions, as provided by section 133 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Tanzania sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

7. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall specify the place, the day and hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article be deemed to have been duly called if it so agreed:-

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representation not less than ninety - five percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

8. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non receipt to notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

9. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
10. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons, entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
11. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.
12. The Chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
13. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be a chairman of the meeting.
14. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at

any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

15. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands demand:-
- (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by at least (three) members present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one - tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to the effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn

16. Except as provided in article 18, if a poll is duly demand it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demand.
17. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a shoe of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
18. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time as the chairman

- of the meeting directs, and any business other than upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.
19. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more member.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

20. Every member shall have one vote.
21. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Diseases Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his said manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
22. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the company have been paid.
23. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
24. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under sea) or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
25. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Territory as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting of adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not

less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

26. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near hereto as circumstances admit:-

ASMARA TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

I/We of, being a member/
members of
of the above - named company, hereby appoint
....., of
or failing him of, as my/our proxy
to vote for me/us on my/or behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the
case maybe} general meeting of the company to be held on the
.....day of200....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this day of,2016."

27. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-

ASMARA TRANSPORTCOMPANY LIMITED

I/Weof Being a member/members of the
above named company, hereby appoint of of or
failing
him of, as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on
my/our behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the case may be}general
meeting of the company to be held on theday
of.....2016, and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed thisday of.....200

.....

This form is to be used in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

*Strike out whichever is not desire"

28. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
29. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATION AT MEETINGS

30. Any corporation which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS

31. The Number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two.

32. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company. The following persons shall be first Directors of the Company :

1. Tesfalem Dessale
2. Semon A. Okbameckael
3. Dr. Woldeghiorghis A. Villa

BORROWING POWERS

33. The director may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party.

POWER AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

34. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company, shall manage the business of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors, which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

35. The directors may by power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his powers.
36. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as they case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
37. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:-
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committees of the directors;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

38. The office of director shall be vacated if the directors:-
- (a) Without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the company; or
 - (b) Becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (c) Cases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - (d) Becomes of unsound mind; or

- (e) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
- (f) Is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.

A director shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereat, and if he does so vote shall not be counted.

- 39. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as director to fill a vacancy or be an additional director.
- 40. The directors may appoint a person who is to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, but so that the total number of directors shall not at anytime exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.
- 41. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice had been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in the article or any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.
- 42. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding article. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under article 40 the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.
- 43. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided

by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any directors who are absent from Tanzania.

44. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directions may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed shall be two.
45. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
46. The directors may appoint one of their numbers to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
47. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committees so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.
48. All act done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if

every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.

49. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or {as the case may be} a committee of directors duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.

SECRETARY

50. The Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
51. A provisions of the Act or these articles requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL

52. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.
53. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect to which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (b) all sales and purchase of goods by the company; and
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Property books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and air view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

54. The books of account shall be kept at the registered officer of the company, or subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
55. No number shall (as such) have right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directories or by ordinary resolution of the company.
56. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with sections 153,155 and 150 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting, such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.
57. In accordance with section 164 of the Act, the copy of the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the directors' report and the auditors shall not less than twenty - one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any debentures.

AUDIT

58. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.
59. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepared envelope addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is

sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of seventy - two hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the company an address within Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company

ALTERATIONS OR ADDITION

60. Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Memorandum of Association, the Company, may by special resolution, make alterations or additions to the Articles of Association and any such alterations or additions made shall be as valid and effectual as if originally contained in the Articles and be subject in like manner to alteration by special resolution;

CALLS ON SHARES

61. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving a least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due there under, be revoked in whole or in part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made;

62. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed;
63. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof;
64. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum unpaid from the day it became due and payable to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the term of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, at a rate not exceeding five per cent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part;
65. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call, and if it is into paid the provisions of the Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call;
66. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment;
67. The directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys un-called and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon any or all of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become [payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) six per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and members paying such sum in advance;

TRANSFER OF SHARES

68. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in any usual form or any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid up, by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof;
69. The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien. They may also refuse to register a transfer unless:-
- (a) it is lodged at the office or such other place as the directors may appoint, and is accompanied by the certificate of shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (b) it is in respect of only one class of shares; and
 - (c) it is in favour of not more than four transferees.
70. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within sixty days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal;
71. The registration of transfers of shares or any transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in a year) as the directors may determine.
- No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating or affecting title to any share.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

72. In case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to

his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.

73. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, either elect by notice to the company to be registered as holder of the share, or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee in which case he shall execute the appropriate instrument of transfer. All the articles relating to the right of transfer of shares shall apply to any such notice or transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred;

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

74. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited
75. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture
76. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be resold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manners as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-

allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is transferred to any person, the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share I question

77. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited, but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture of shares for any consideration received on their disposal
78. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

79. The company may by ordinary resolution:-
- (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount, as the resolution prescribes;
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;

- (c) subject to the provisions of section 65 (1) (d) sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association;
- (d) Cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of shares so cancelled.

80. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money nor shall his title be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any way.




WINDING UP

128. If the company is wound up the liquidator may , with sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may , for that purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members . The liquidator may , with the like sanction , vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as the liquidator with the like sanction , shall determine but no

member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities upon which there is a liability .

INDEMNITY

129. Subject to the provisions of the Act. But without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled , every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 481 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence , default ,breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.

Names, Postal Addresses and Occupations of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature of Subscribers
Tesfalem Dessale P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	45	
Semon Abranam Okbameckael P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam Tanzania	45	
Dr. Woldeghiorghis Asghedom Villa P O Box 50027 Dar es Salaam	10	
TOTAL	100	

Dated this 08th day of JUNE 2022

WITNESS to the above signatures:

NAME Richard M. Motey

SIGNATURE 

POSTAL ADDRESS 32389 8511

QUALIFICATION ADVOCATE

