

THE COMPANIES ACT
(ACT NO. 12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GOLDEN OCEAN LIMITED

Incorporated thisday of 2023

DRAWN BY;

Finest Attorneys (Advocates)
2nd Floor, Nic Life House Building, Wing "B"
Sokoine Drive/Ohio Street
P. O. Box 31833
DAR ES SALAAM

THE COMPANIES ACT
(ACT NO. 12 OF 2002)

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GOLDEN OCEAN LIMITED

1. The name of the company is **GOLDEN OCEAN LIMITED**
2. The registered offices of the company shall be in Mainland Tanzania
3. The objects for which the company is established are:-
 - 3.1 To carry on business of processing and extraction of gold from residual artisanal miners (tailing)
 - 3.2 To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or acquire by mining set or licence, concession, grant, or otherwise, any lands, mines mineral rights, buildings, easements, rights and privileges, machinery, plant, and other effects whatsoever in the United Republic of Tanzania, which the company may from time to time think proper to be acquired for any of its purposes.
 - 3.3 To prospect, explore, develop and work claims or mines, drill and sink shafts or wells and raise, pump, dig and quarry for gold, silver, minerals, ores, diamonds and precious stones, oil, petroleum, natural gas, coal, earth, and other substances
 - 3.4 To work the mines and mining rights under or upon the lands and properties to be acquired by the Company, and to crush, wash, smelt, reduce, or otherwise treat and render marketable and sell or dispose of the produce of any mines, whether belonging to the company or not.
 - 3.5 To carry business engaged as super dealers in buying and sell of gold also import and export business of gold minerals.

- 3.6 To carry out drilling excavating, earth-boring, extraction and erection of buildings and works in the process of prospecting, mining, smelting and refining minerals.
- 3.7 To carry on the business of upgrading and developing artisanal mining pits.
- 3.8 To purchase, take on lease or acquire by license, concession, grant or otherwise rights to mine (whether underground or open-cast), quarry, dig, get, extract or otherwise obtain coal, clay, sand, minerals, oil, slate or other material and for this purpose to purchase, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire land of any tenure, buildings, easements, rights and privileges, machinery, plant and other effects which the company may consider useful for any of its purposes
- 3.9 To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire freehold and other lands, properties, mines and mineral properties, and exploration rights, concessions, leases, claims, licences of or other interests in mines, mining and offshore rights, mineral properties and water rights, and either solely or jointly with others;
- 3.10 To carry on the business of supply of modern equipments for mining activities.
- 3.11 To provide or exchange technical experience and modern technology of business in processing of gold and other minerals.
- 3.12 To undertake all or any of the businesses of selling and buying sands materials which derive from minerals and/or rocks.
- 3.13 To provide advisory and consultancy services on all aspects of all mineral resources development from exploration through mining processing to marketing.
- 3.14 To carry on business of supplying materials/ ingredients, for the processing and extraction of gold from residual artisanal miners.
- 3.15 To acquire dealers licence in minerals such as gold, tanzanite, diamonds, precious stones, ores in the minerals and gems house for the purposes of carrying on business as a dealer.

- 3.16 To purchase, take in lease and otherwise acquire for investment or resale any estate, land, building, easement and other rights and interests in immovable property or any tenure in property development in Tanzania and elsewhere and to sell, let or lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of or grant rights over immovable property belong to Company.
- 3.17 To carry on the business of a mining, smelting and refining Company and all matters auxiliary thereto.
- 3.18 To employ and pay mining experts, agents, and other persons, partnerships, companies or corporations and to pay management consultants and make consultancy payments for management advice both offshore and onshore, and to organise, equip and dispatch expeditions for prospecting, exploring, reporting on, surveying, working and developing lands and properties, whether owned by this company or not, and to make advances to, and pay for or contribute to the expenses of, and otherwise assist persons or companies prospecting, acquiring, settling on, farming, building on, or mining, drilling, sinking shafts or wells in or on or otherwise developing or exploiting any lands and properties, or desirous of so doing;
- 3.19 To carry on business as land and mine owners, miners, metallurgists, metal workers, oil engineers, builders and contractors, engineers, manufacturers, farmers, vehicle and equipment proprietors, traders, ship owners, ship brokers, importers and exporters, and to buy, sell and deal in property of all kinds .
- 3.20 To lend and advance money or give credit to any person or company on such terms as may seem expedient to the Directors of the Company and in particular to a customer or person or firm or company or other body corporate or unincorporated having dealings with the Company.
- 3.21 To carry on business of transportation in general includes road transportation of ports cargos, transit goods, materials, crops also operate and manage heavy trucks, lorriés, buses, coaches, motor vehicles, wagons, and all kinds of vehicles providing transportations services/ facilities to passengers/clients and goods from one place to another in Tanzania and outside of Tanzania in such a way as the company may see fit.

- 3.22 To carry on in Tanzania or elsewhere the business of prospecting, exploring, operating and working on mines, quarries and to win, set, crush, smelt, manufacture, process, excavate, dig, break, acquire, develop, exercise, turn to account, survey, produce, prepare, remove, undertake, barter, convert, finish, load, unload, handle, transport, buy sell, import, export, supply, and to act as agent, broker, stockiest, distributor, consultant, contractor, manager, operator or otherwise to deal in all sorts of presents and future ores, minerals, deposits, goods, substances & materials, including sands, stones, and soils, chalk, clay, china clay, betonies, broils, calcite and coal, lignite, rockphosphate, brimstone, brine, bauxite, limestone, precious and other stones, gold, silver, diamonds, iron, aluminium, titanium, vanadium, mica, apalite, chrome, copper, gypsum, rutile, sulphate, tin, zinc, zircon, tungsten, silicon, brass, and other allied materials, by products, mixtures, blends, residues & substances, and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of the objects under these present.
- 3.23 To carry on the business of petroleum wholesaler, fuel station act as exporters and dealers in fuel and other oils, petroleum of every kind and the business of refiners, stores, suppliers and distributors of such oils and petroleum, deal as manufacture of lubricating oils and all accessories required for the equipment and operation of motor vehicles and the business of garage proprietors of a service station for motor vehicles of all kinds.
- 3.24 To buy, sell, import and export, petro, oil and petroleum products, wholesale of solid, liquid and gaseous fuel.
- 3.25 To carry out carry on business of petrol, diesel, oil, kerosene, mineral oil, lubrications oil , grease and or fuel oil of all kinds and all other kinds of mineral and petroleum products as importers dealers or distributors and servicing and repairing of vehicle of all types generally.
- 3.26 To carry on carry on the business of becoming suppliers, marketers and distributors for quality choice lubricants, petroleum products, oil, diesel, kerosene for many customers as possible for retail and wholesale which has superior high performance brand in Tanzania.

- 3.27 To carry on the business of carriers freight transport by road, sea and manage trucks for export and supplies of petroleum products
- 3.28 To carry on the businesses of real estate and property development activities dealing with issues of property construction and valuation, estate agency, leasing and selling of farms and estates, property management and urban planning and development in Tanzania mainland.
- 3.29 To carry on sales business of households items, furniture, stationary and hardware binding materials, office equipments, scanners, chemical, photocopy and lamination machines, electric materials, toolbox, paints, computer hardware, workshop tools, office furniture and other equipments.
- 3.30 To carry on the business in any part of the world as manufacturers of, dealers and agents for the sale of electronics devices, electrical goods or equipment of every kind and description.
- 3.31 To produce, buy, sell, export, import, process or otherwise deal in agriculture products, cash crops such as legumes, nuts, cereals, grains, cashew nuts, oil seeds, fruits and vegetables of all kinds and whatever description.
- 3.32 To carry on the business of farming, manufacturing, distribution, agency brokers, importers or otherwise deal with all kinds of organic and inorganic food products and drinking products, spirits and wines, mineral water, soft drinks, aerated mineral water, fruit drinks and drinking products of all kinds and other consumable items of every description for human consumption.
- 3.33 To carry on the business of travel agents, tourist agent and tours, bureau the change, operators, bankers, banking insurance, forwarding and general agents, aircraft and ship owners and chatters, agent for operators of air ,sea land or in land waterway carriage undertakings, road transport owners and hirers, teachers of languages, promoters and managers of clubs and societies (travelling, social, educational or otherwise) and newspapers and book sellers, foreign correspondents and advertising agents and generally to facilitate travelling and to provide and promote the provisions of facilities to every description for tourists and travellers,

and in particular by means of booking of travel tickets and accommodation and hotel and lodging accommodation and providing guides, safe deposits, inquiry bureau and baggage transport.



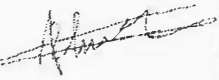

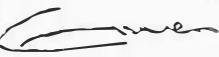

- 3.34 To carry on the business of supplying and creation of portable environmentally controlled facilities for housing offices, hospitals, schools, shops, community development centres, clinics, restaurants, hotels, bars, health, centres, camping sites, mining sites construction sites, hunting camps, community payphone units, post office units, cold-rooms and green housing units storage unites or facilities for any other purpose connected with the work of builders and contractors.
- 3.35 To do all such other things as the company may deem to be incidental to or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the above objects.




And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in this clause, except where used in reference to the company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporated, and whether domiciled in the United Republic of Tanzania elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this clause shall be regarded as independent objects, and accordingly shall in no way be limited to or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraphs) by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

As wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate, distinct and independent company.

4. The liability of the Members is limited.
5. The share capital of the company is company is **Tanzania Shillings Two Hundred Fifty Million (Tshs. 250,000,000.00) divided into One hundred (100) Ordinary Shares of Tanzania Shillings Two Million Five Hundred Thousand (Tshs. 2,500,000) each.** The company shall have power to divide the original or any increased capital into several and to attach thereto any preferential deferred, qualified or other special rights, privileges, restrictions or conditions.

WE, the several persons whose names, signatures, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite to our respective names

Names, Address and Descriptions Of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken	Signature of Subscribers
OMER SALAH HASSAN OSMAN SHAMBAT NEIGHBORHOODS, BAHRY, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	
ABOBAKER OMER MOHAMED IBRAHIM BUILDING NO: 68, BLOCK 2, KASLAST AL FAIHA, KHARTOUM EAST, SUDAN.	11	
ABDULRAHMAN MUBARAK ABDULRAHMAN KHALIFA 1205-B5, YSMEEN TOWER AMR IBN EL AAS ST, AL JURF, AJMAN UAE- DUBAI	11	
EMAN MOHAMED OSMAN KHALIFA ALI FLAT 11, BUILDING 80, GROUP 102, B10, MADINATY CAIRO, EGYPT.	11	
EIMAN OSMAN HUSSIEN HASSAN 204, ELJEFRI BUILDING, ABU ALGASIM ABANA ST, ALZAHIR, MECCA KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA.	11	
MOAZ EMADDELDEIN MOHAMED IDRIESS BATALAB NEIGHBORHOOD, SAGGAY NOTHERN BAHIRI, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	

BAKRI MOHAMED KHIDER MAHMOUD BUILDING NO: 6, DR. HEJAZY ST, MIT AKABA, CAIRO EGYPT.	11	
ALABBAS MOHAMED ELTAYEB ABOALGASIM HOUSE NO: 491 BLOCK 21, AL-THAWRA OMDURMAN CITY, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	
BAKREI ELGABAR AHMED ELGABAR HOUSE NO: 5 BLOCK 116, SINGA CITY SENNAR STATE, SUDAN.	11	

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 17th day of September 2023.

WITNESS to the above signatures:

Name : MOSES LEON KIMARO.
 Signature : Mimo
 Postal Address : P.O BOX 31833 - DAR ES SALAAM.
 Qualification : ADVOCATE/NOTARY PUBLIC



THE COMPANIES ACT
(ACT NO.12 OF 2002)

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION TO A COMPANY PRECEDING
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

GOLDEN OCEAN LIMITED

INTERPRETATION

1. In these Articles:

“the Act” means the Companies Act No. 12 of 2002;

“the articles” means the articles of the company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

“the seal” means the Common Seal of the Company.

“Secretary” shall mean any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company;

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photograph, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the company.

2. The Company is a private company and accordingly:-

- (a) the right to transfer shares is restricted in manner hereinafter prescribed.

- (b) the members of the company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company) is limited to fifty, PROVIDED THAT, where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly, they shall, for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single member;
- (c) any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the company is prohibited;
- (d) the shares shall be under the control of the Directors who will allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons and on such conditions and terms as they think fit from time to time.

SHARE CAPITAL

- 3. The share capital of the company is Tanzania Shilling Two Hundred Fifty Million (Tshs. 250,000,000.00) divided into One Hundred (100) Ordinary Shares of Tanzania Shillings Two Million Five Hundred Thousand (Tshs. 2,500,000) each.

LOANS BY THE COMPANY

- 4. No part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or in loans upon the security of the Company's shares. The Company shall not, except as authorized by the Act, give any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with any purchase of share in the Company.

RIGHTS OF SHARE HOLDERS

- 5. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares already issued (which special rights shall not be modified or abrogated except with such consent or sanction as is provided by the next in accordance with the following Article) any share in the Company (whether forming part of the original capital or not) may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine, and subject to the provisions of the Act the Company may issue Preference Shares which are, or which at the option of the Company are to be, liable to be redeemed.

MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

- 6. Whenever the capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Act, be modified or abrogated, either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-

fourths of the issued shares of the class, or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of such holders (but not otherwise), and may be so modified or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company or to the proceedings thereat, shall *mutatis mutandis*, apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-half in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class (but so that if at any adjourned meeting of such holders a quorum as above defined is not present, those Members who are present shall be a quorum), and that the holders of shares of the class shall, on a poll, have one vote in respect of every shares of the class held by them respectively.

SHARES

7. Subject to the provisions of Article 38, unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors, and they may allot, grant options over, or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, and on such terms as they think proper, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount, except in accordance with the Act.
8. In addition to all other powers of paying commissions, the Company (or the Directors on behalf of the Company) may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, provided that the rate per cent, or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid, shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the rate of the commission shall not exceed the rate of ten per cent (10%) of the price at which the shares in respect of which the commission is paid are issued or an amount equivalent thereto. The Company (or the Directors on behalf of the Company) may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
9. Shares may be held in the Company in trust for beneficial owner.

CERTIFICATES

10. Every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares of any one class or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment of such sum, as the Directors shall from time to time determine. Every certificate shall be issued under the Seal. The certificate shall specify the shares or securities to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Provided that the Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any shares (except in the case of executors

of trustees of a deceased Member), and, in case of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefore, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

11. If a share certificate be worn out, defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of such fee (if any) and on such terms (if any) as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of out-of pocket expenses of the Company for investigating evidence, as the Directors think fit.

LIEN

12. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every shares for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (including fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of each Member (whether solely or jointly with others) for all the debts and liabilities of such Member or his estate to the Company and that whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest in any person other than such Member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge or the same shall have actually arrived or not and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such Member or his estate and any other person, whether a Member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon but the Directors may at any time declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.
13. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Directors think fit, any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable, and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled by reason of his death or bankruptcy to the shares. For giving effect to any such sale, the Directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

14. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

15. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members in respect of any moneys (whether on account of the amount of the shares or by way of premium) unpaid on their shares, provided that (except as otherwise fixed by the conditions of application or allotment) no call on any shares shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal amount of the share or be payable at less than fourteen days from the last call, and each Member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
16. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed. A call may be made payable by instalments.
17. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
18. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding Ten per cent (10%) per annum, as the Directors may determine, but the Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
19. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the amount of the shares or by way of premium, shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these presents as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

20. The Directors may from time to time make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and in the times of payment.
21. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys unpaid upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called up thereon as a payment in advance of calls and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish, so far as the same shall extend, the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is advanced, and upon the moneys so received, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which it has been received the Company may pay interest at such rate as the Member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

22. (a) Subject to the restrictions of these presents, all transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual common form or in any other form in writing under hand approved by the Directors.

(b) The instrument of transfer of a share shall be in writing and shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof, provided that the Directors may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case in which they think fit in their discretion so to do.
23. The Director may, subject to compliance with the requirements of the Act as to advertisement, suspend the registration of transfers at such time and for such periods as they may from time to time determine, but so that such registration shall not be suspended for more than Thirty days in any year.
24. All instruments of transfer which shall be registered shall be retained by the Company but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the person depositing it with the Company.

The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-

- a. Such fee, as the Directors may from time to time require, is paid to the Company in respect thereof; and
- b. The instrument of transfer is deposited at the Office or such other place as the Director may appoint, accompanied by the certificate of the shares to

which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

25. In case of the death of a Member the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.
26. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors, and subject as hereinafter provided, either be registered himself as holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.
27. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfer of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the Member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such Member.
28. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member shall be entitled to receive and may give a discharge for all dividends and other moneys payable in respect of the shares, but he shall not be entitled to receive notice of or to attend or vote at meetings of the Company or, save as aforesaid, to any of the rights or privileges of a Member until he shall have become a Member in respect of the share, and should he fail either to transfer the share or to elect to be registered as a Member in respect thereof within sixty days of being required so to do by the Directors, he shall in the case of shares which are fully paid up be deemed to have elected to be registered as a Member in respect thereof, and may be registered accordingly.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

29. If a Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter

during such time as any part of such call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses which may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

30. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
31. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before forfeiture.
32. When any share has been forfeited in accordance with these presents, notice of the forfeiture shall forthwith be given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled to the share by transmission, as the case may be, and an entry of such notice having been given and of the forfeiture with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members opposite to the entry of the shares; but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any accidental omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.
33. A forfeited share shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, either to the person who was, before forfeiture, the holder thereof or entitled thereto, or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited share to any such other person as aforesaid.
34. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of the forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, with interest thereon as.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL

35. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its share capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount as the resolution shall prescribe.
36. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution direct that the new shares, or any of them shall be offered in the first instance, either at par or at a premium, to the then Members or to the holders of any class of shares for the time being, in proportion to the number of shares or shares of the class or group held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue of the new shares.
37. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these presents with reference to payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, and forfeiture and otherwise and, unless otherwise provided in accordance with the powers contained in these presents, shall be Ordinary Shares.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

38. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution:-
 - a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares.
 - b) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
 - c) Sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Act), and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights, or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares.
 - d) Reduce its capital or any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner authorised by the Act.
39. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
40. The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near

thereto as circumstances admit; and the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

41. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privileges or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
42. Such of the regulations of the Company as are applicable, to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".
43. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
44. The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
45. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privileges or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
46. Such of the regulations of the Company as are applicable, to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

MEMBERS

47. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is six but the directors may from time to time register an increase number of members.
48. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit it to membership shall be members of the company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

49. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place, as the directors shall appoint.

50. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
51. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 133 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Tanzania sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

52. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall specific the place, the day and hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article be deemed to have been duly called if it so agreed:-

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representation not less than ninety – five percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

53. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non receipt to notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

54. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
55. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons, entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
56. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.
57. The Chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
58. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their numbers to be a chairman of the meeting.

59. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
60. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands demand:
- (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by at least (four) members present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one — sixth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to the effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn.

61. Except as provided in article 18, if a poll is duly demand it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demand.
62. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a shoe of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
63. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be

taken either immediately or at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.

64. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more member.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

65. Every member shall have one vote.
66. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Diseases Act, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his said manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
67. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the company have been paid.
68. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
69. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under sea) or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
70. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notary certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Territory as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting of adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
71. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near hereto as circumstances admit:

"..... Limited

I/Weofbeing a member/members of the above - named company, hereby appointofor failing of himof, as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/or behalf at the (annual or extraordinary, as the case maybe) general meeting of the company to be held on theday of202....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this day of202.....

72. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-

"..... Limited.

I/Weof being a member/members of the above - named company, hereby appoint of of or failing himof, as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the (annual or extraordinary, as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on theday of202....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed thisday of202.....

This form is to be used* in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

* Strike out whichever is not desire"

73. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
74. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which

the instrument of proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATION AT MEETINGS

75. Any corporation which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS

76. The Number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a Majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two.
77. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.
78. The following persons shall be first Directors to the Company:
1. OMER SALAH HASSAN OSMAN
 2. ABOBAKER OMER MOHAMED IBRAHIM
 3. ALABBAS MOHAMED ELTAYEB ABOALGASIM

BORROWING POWERS

79. The director may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

80. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directors given by special resolution, the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company, shall manage the business of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors, which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
81. The directors may by power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his powers.
82. That the directors may appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing director or manager for such term and at remuneration (whether by way of salary, or commission, or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as they may think fit, and a director so appointed shall not, while holding that office, be subject to retirement by rotation, or taken into account in determining *ipso facto* if he ceases from any cause to be a director, or if the company in general meeting resolve that his tenure of the office of managing director or manager be determined.
83. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as they case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine,
84. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committees of the directors;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

85. The office of director shall be vacated if the directors:
- (a) Without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the company; or
 - (b) Becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (c) Ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - (d) Becomes of unsound mind; or
 - (e) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
 - (f) Is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.

A director shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereat, and if he does so vote shall not be counted.

86. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as director to fill a vacancy or be an additional director.
87. The directors may appoint a person who is to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, but so that the total number of directors shall not at anytime exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re — election.
88. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice had been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in the article or any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.
89. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding article. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under article 40 the company in general

meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

90. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes in case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any directors who are absent from Tanzania.
91. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directions may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed shall be two.
92. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
93. The directors may appoint one of their numbers to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
94. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committees so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.
95. All act done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.

96. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.

SECRETARY




97. The Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
98. A provisions of the Act or these articles requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL

99. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.
100. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company the matters in respect to which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (b) all sales and purchase of goods by the company; and
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Property books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and air view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions

Names, Address and Descriptions Of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken	Signature of Subscribers
OMER SALAH HASSAN OSMAN SHAMBAT NEIGHBORHOODS, BAHRY, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	
ABOBAKER OMER MOHAMED IBRAHIM BUILDING NO: 68, BLOCK 2, KASLAST AL FAIHA, KHARTOUM EAST, SUDAN.	11	
ABDULRAHMAN MUBARAK ABDULRAHMAN KHALIFA 1205-B5, YSMEEN TOWER AMR IBN EL AAS ST. AL JURF, AJMAN UAE- DUBAI	11	
EMAN MOHAMED OSMAN KHALIFA ALI FLAT 11, BUILDING 80, GROUP 102, B10, MADINATY CAIRO, EGYPT.	11	
EIMAN OSMAN HUSSIEN HASSAN 204, ELJEFRI BUILDING, ABU ALGASIM ABANA ST, ALZAHIR, MECCA KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA.	11	
MOAZ EMADELDEIN MOHAMED IDRIESS BATALAB NEIGHBORHOOD, SAGGAY NOTHERN BAHRI, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	

BAKRI MOHAMED KHIDER MAHMOUD BUILDING NO: 6, DR. HEJAZY ST, MIT AKABA, CAIRO EGYPT.	11	
ALABBAS MOHAMED ELTAYEB ABOALGASIM HOUSE NO: 491 BLOCK 21, AL-THAWRA OMDURMAN CITY, KHARTOUM STATE, SUDAN.	11	
BAKREI ELGABAR AHMED ELGABAR HOUSE NO: 5 BLOCK 116, SINGA CITY SENNAR STATE, SUDAN.	11	

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 17th day of September 2023.

WITNESS to the above signatures:

Name : MOSES LEON KIMARO.
Signature : Mimo
Postal Address : P.O BOX 31833 - DAR ES SALAAM
Qualification : ADVOCATE/NOTARY PUBLIC

