

THE COMPANIES ACT (ACT NO. 12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

QUALITAS MEDICS&EQUIPMENT (T) LIMITED

INCORPORATED THIS 13<sup>TH</sup> DAY OF MAY 2013

Drawn by: JOSEPHAT KIBWANA  
PO BOX 32744  
DAR ES SALAAM  
(SUBSCRIBER)

TANZANIA  
Stamp Duty Shs. 8000/-  
PAID ON ORIGINAL  
Receipt No. 34149 of 09/05/2013  
Stamp Duty Officer

THE COMPANIES ACT (ACT NO. 12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

QUALITAS MEDICS & EQUIPMENT (T) LIMITED

TANZANIA  
Stamp Duty Shs. 2000/- Paid  
Receipt No. 34149 of 09/05/2013  
Asst. Registrar of Companies

1. The name of the Company is "QUALITAS MEDICS & EQUIPMENT (T) LIMITED"
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in TANZANIA.
3. The objects for which the Company is formed are :-

PRIMARY OBJECTS:

- (a) To carry on the businesses of purchasing, selling, importing, exporting and trading in human medicines, medical equipment and supplies, pharmaceuticals, hospital, surgical, diagnostic and theatre equipment, diagnostic reagents, laboratory consumables, disposables, orthopaedic aids, hospital hollowware, dental products and hospital furniture.

ANCILLARY OBJECTS:

- (b) To carry on the business of health services and medical supplies which includes but not limited to purchasing, selling, importing and exporting human medicines, and medical equipment, apparatus, items, substances, kits and paraphernalia.
- (c) To carry on business as advisors and consultants and to undertake and execute any contracts, assignments, or works, involving advisory services or use of any materials, machinery, skilled or unskilled labour required for the aforesaid or similar object and to carry out any ancillary or other works comprised in such contracts and to carry out agency work for the objects aforesaid.
- (d) To apply for, tender, purchase or otherwise acquire any contracts, sub-contracts, licences and concessions for or in relation to the objects or businesses herein mentioned or any of them, and to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose of or otherwise turn to account the same.

- (e) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings, shares and hereditaments of any tenure or description situate anywhere in the United Republic of Tanzania, and any estate or interest therein, and any rights over or connected with land so situate, and to lease, sell, dispose of the same or otherwise turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and in particular by preparing building sites, and by constructing, reconstructing, altering, improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining offices, shops, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds, and by consolidating or connecting or sub-dividing properties, and by leasing and disposing of the same, to pay for any property so acquired either in cash, shares or debentures, debenture bonds, or by the passing of mortgages on any of the Company's property and or in any other manner.
- (f) To establish and carry on, and promote the establishment and carrying on, upon any property in which the Company is interested, any business which may be conveniently carried on upon or in connection with such property, and the establishment of which may seem calculated to enhance the value of the Company's interest in such property, for to facilitate the disposal thereof.
- (g) To sell, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit and, in particular, for stock, shares or securities of any company, whether fully or partly paid up.
- (h) To acquire, take over and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities (including Mortgage Bonds) of any person or Company carrying on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this Company.
- (i) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint venture, reciprocal, concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, any business or transaction which this Company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this Company. AND to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same.
- (j) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, any rights, privileges, and concessions which the

Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.

- (k) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
- (l) To erect, maintain or alter, or cause to be erected, maintained or altered upon any land acquired or hired by the Company any buildings, erections or structure of whatsoever nature and to enter into contracts with builders, architects, engineers, and others for the erection of such buildings, erections or structures.
- (m) To acquire copyrights, rights of production or presentation licences and privileges of any sort likely to be conducive to the objects of the company.
- (n) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (o) To borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party.
- (p) To lend money to such persons or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such person or companies.
- (q) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered, or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the Company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the Company, or in about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (r) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue, promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (s) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any Company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.

- (t) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with, all or any of the property and rights of the Company.
- (u) To apply for, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong, and renew, any patents, copyrights, trademarks, protections and concessions which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company, and to use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licenses or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, processes or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- (v) To carry on all kinds of promotion business and in particular to form, constitute, float, lend money to subsidise assets and control any companies, associations, partnerships or undertakings whatsoever.
- (w) To carry on any other business or activity and do any thing of any nature which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on or done in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the Company's business or property.
- (x) To lend money to, or grant or provide credit or financial accommodation to any person or company in any case in which such grant or provision is considered likely directly or indirectly to further any of the objects of the Company or the interests of its Members.
- (y) To invest and deal with moneys of the Company not immediately required and in such a manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z) To adopt means of making known the products of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works, art or interest by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
- (aa) To sell, exchange, mortgage, let on rent, share of profit, royalty or otherwise, grant licences, easements, options servitude's and other rights over and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit, and in particular for stocks, shares, debentures or other obligations or securities, whether fully or partly paid up, of any other company.
- (bb) To give any remuneration or other compensation or reward for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or procuring subscription of, or

otherwise assisting in the issue of any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation of the Company or the conduct of its business.

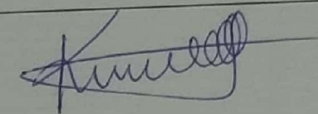

- (cc) To procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside Tanzania.
- (dd) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object, or for any exhibition, or for any purpose which may be considered likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interests of its members.
- (ee) To grant bonuses or gratuities to any officers or employees or ex-officers or ex-employees of the Company, or of its predecessors in business or of its holding company or subsidiary companies (if any), or to the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to establish or support any associations, institutions, clubs, building and housing schemes, pension schemes, funds and trusts which may be considered calculated to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its Members.
- (ff) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons, firm or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company, and to give guarantee to become surety for any persons, firm or companies for the due payment of money for the performance of any obligations or liabilities.
- (gg) To distribute any of the property of the Company among its members in specie or kind.
- (hh) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (ii) To do all such other things which are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

And it is hereby declared that the word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in Tanzania or elsewhere, and that the objects specified in the different paragraphs of this clause shall not, except where the context expressly so requires, be in anywise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and shall be construed in

as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate, distinct and independent company.

4. The liability of the Members is **limited**.
5. The share capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shillings Five Hundred Million Only (Tshs. 500,000,000.00)** divided into **Fifty Thousand (50,000)** shares at **Tanzania Shillings Ten Thousand Only (Tshs. 10,000.00)** each, and the Company shall have the power to divide the original or any increased capital into several classes, and to attach thereto any preferential, deferred, qualified or other special rights, privileges, restrictions or conditions.

WE, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Postal Addresses and Occupations of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature & Seal/Rubber Stamp of Subscribers
Josephat Raphael Kibwana P.O BOX 32744 DAR ES SALAAM	25,000	
Emmy Suleiman Msuya P.O BOX 32744 DAR ES SALAAM	25,000	

Dated this 5<sup>th</sup> day of May 2013

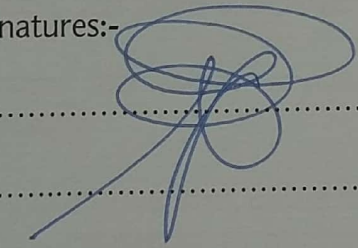
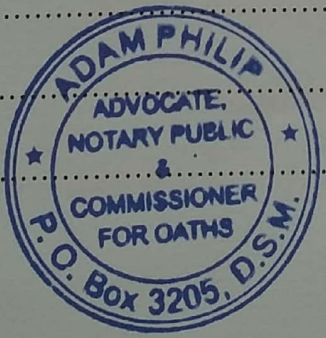
WITNESS to the above Signatures:-

Name: .....

Signature: .....

Postal Address: .....

Qualification: .....

TANZANIA  
Stamp Duty Shs. 500/-  
PAID ON ORIGINAL  
Receipt No. 34/49 of 09/05/2013  
Stamp Duty Officer

THE COMPANIES ACT  
(ACT NO. 12 OF 2002)

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION  
OF

TANZANIA  
Stamp Duty Shs. 2500/- Paid  
Receipt No. 34/49 of 09/05/2013  
Asst. Registrar of Companies

INTERPRETATION

1. In these articles:-

“the Act” means the Companies Act;

“the articles” means the articles of the company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

“the Seal” means official seal of the company;

“Secretary” shall mean any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company;

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photograph, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the company.

MEMBERS

2. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is at least two but the directors may from time to time register an increase of members.
3. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the company.

## GENERAL MEETINGS

4. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place, as the directors shall appoint.

5. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
6. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 133 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Tanzania sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be convened by the directors.

## NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

7. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall specify the place, the day and hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article be deemed to have been duly called if it so agreed:-

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
  - (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representation not less than ninety – five percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.
8. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or

bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non receipt to notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

#### PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

9. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
10. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; three persons, entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
11. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.
12. The Chairperson, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairperson nor such other director (if any) is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their member to be chairperson of the meeting and, if there is only one director and willing to act, he/she shall be chairperson.
13. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of them to be a chairperson of the meeting.
14. The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given

specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

15. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands demand:-
- (a) by the chairperson; or
  - (b) by at least (three) members present in person or by proxy; or
  - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one – tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to the effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn

16. Except as provided in article 18, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairperson directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
17. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairperson of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
18. A poll demanded on the election of a chairperson, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time as the chairperson of the meeting directs, and any business other than upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.
19. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and consist of several

instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more member.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

- 20. Every member shall have one vote.
- 21. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Diseases Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his said manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 22. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the company have been paid.
- 23. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
- 24. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal) or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
- 25. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Territory as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting of adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 26. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near hereto as circumstances admit:-

“QUALITAS MEDICS & EQUIPMENT (T) LIMITED”

I/We ..... of ....., being a member/  
members  
of the above – named company, hereby appoint .....  
, of  
or failing him ..... of ....., as my/our proxy  
to vote for  
me/us on my/or behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the case maybe}  
general meeting of the

company to be held on the .....day of .....20....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this ..... day of .....20 ....."

27. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-

**“QUALITAS MEDICS & EQUIPMENT (T) LIMITED”**

I/We .....of ..... Being a member/members of the above named company, hereby appoint of ..... of ..... or failing

him ..... of ....., as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the case may be}general meeting of the company to be held on the .....day of.....20....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this .....day of.....20.....

This form is to be used\* in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

\*Strike out which ever is not desired”

28. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
29. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

**CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATION AT MEETINGS**

30. Any corporation which is a member of the company may be resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

## DIRECTORS

31. The Number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two.
32. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.
33. The following persons shall be first Directors to the Company:-
  1. JOSEPHAT RAPHAEL KIBWANA
  2. EMMY SULEIMAN MSUYA

## BORROWING POWERS

34. The director may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party.

## POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

35. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directors given by special resolution, the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company, shall manage the business of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors, which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

36. The directors may by power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his powers.
37. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as they case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine,
38. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:-
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
  - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committees of the directors;
  - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

39. The office of director shall be vacated if the directors:-
- (a) Without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the company; or
  - (b) Becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
  - (c) Ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
  - (d) Becomes of unsound mind; or
  - (e) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
  - (f) Is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.

A director shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereat, and if he does so vote shall not be counted.

40. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as director to fill a vacancy or be an additional director.
41. The directors may appoint a person who is to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, but so that the total number of directors shall not at anytime exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the

next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re – election.

42. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice had been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in the article or any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.
43. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding article. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under article 40 the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.
44. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any directors who are absent from Tanzania.
45. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directions may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed, shall be three thereby forming sixty percent of membership.
46. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
47. The directors may appoint one of their numbers to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
48. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committees so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so to any such regulations, the proceedings of a

committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

49. All act done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.
50. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or {as the case may be} a committee of directors duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.

#### SECRETARY

51. The Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
52. A provisions of the Act or these articles requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

#### THE SEAL

53. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.
54. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect to which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
  - (b) all sales and purchase of goods by the company; and
  - (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

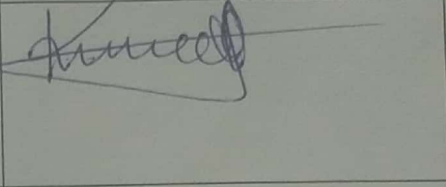
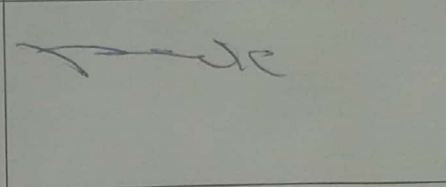
Property books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and air view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

55. The books of account shall be kept at the registered officer of the company, or subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
56. No number shall (as such) have right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directories or by ordinary resolution of the company.
57. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with sections 153,155 and 150 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting, such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.
58. In accordance with section 164 of the Act, the copy of the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the directors' report and the auditors shall not less than twenty – one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any debentures.

#### AUDIT

59. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.
60. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepared envelope addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of seventy – two hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the company an address within the Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be

entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

Names, Postal Addresses and Occupations of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature & Seal/Rubber Stamp of Subscribers
JOSEPHAT RAPHAEL KIBWANA P.O Box 32744 DAR ES SALAM	25,000	
EMMY SULEIMAN MSUYA P.O Box 32744 DAR ES SALAM	25,000	

Dated this 5<sup>th</sup> day of May 2013.

WITNESS to the above Signatures:-

Name:  .....

Signature: .....

Postal Address: .....

Qualification: .....

