



TANZANIA



Certificate of Incorporation of a Company

Section 15

No: 164165825

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 2002
and that the Company is Limited.

GIVEN under my hand at Dar es Salaam this 9th day of
MARCH TWO THOUSAND AND TWENTY THREE.



PRINC ASST. REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

THE COMPANIES ACT (No. 12, 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED

DRAWN BY:

WINNIE EVAREST MURUVE

NOTARY PUBLIC & COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS,

P. O. BOX 7355

ARUSHA

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
NO.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED

Is this day incorporated under the

Companies Act, No.12 of 2002

And

That the Company is a

Private Company Limited by Shares

GIVEN under my hand at Dar es Salaam this.....

day of.....Two Thousand and Twenty Two

.....
ASST. REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is **FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED**
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in the United Republic of Tanzania.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - a) To carry on the business of support activities for crop production.
 - b) To carry on the business of mixed farming.
 - c) To carry on the business of retail sale of food in specialized stores
 - d) To carry on the business of other retail sale in non-specialized stores
4. The liability of the members is limited.
5. The share capital of the Company is TShs. 15,000,000/= divided into 1000 shares of TShs. 15000/= each. The Company shall have the power to increase or decrease the capital, or consolidate the shares, to divide the shares in the original or any increased capital into several classes and to attach thereto respectively and from time to time alter or modify any preferential, qualified, special or deferred rights, privileges and conditions.

We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Associations, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Numbers of shares taken By each Subscriber	Signature
CLEMENT LUSINDE MANYATTA PO BOX 10648 ARUSHA	50	
YASINTA CLEMENT MANYATTA PO BOX 10648 ARUSHA	50	

WITNESS to the above Signatures:

FULL NAME: Winnie Evarest Muruve

SIGNATURE: 

POSTAL ADDRESS: Po Box 7355 - Arusha

DESIGNATION: Advocate

DATE: 04/03/2023



COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
FRESH FIELD MANYATTA COMPANY LIMITED

Interpretation

1. In these Regulations:

"the Act" means the Companies Act, 2002 (Act. No. 12)

"the articles" means the articles of the company

"clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means the period excluding the day when the notice is given or on which it is to take effect;

"the holder" in relation to the shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members at the holder of the shares;

"the seal" means the summon seal of the company.

"secretary" means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions referred to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the company.

Members

2. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is three (3), but the directors may from time to time register an increase of members

3. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the company.

General Meetings

4. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place as the directors shall appoint.

5. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

6. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitions, as provided by section 133 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Tanzania sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

Notice of General Meetings

7 Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one (21) clear days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall specify the place, the day and hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article be deemed to have been duly called if it so agreed-

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representing not less than ninety-five percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

8. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the

death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings

9. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
10. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons, entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative or a corporation, shall be a quorum. Meetings may occur or take place either in person or by telephone or video conference, provided that each member in attendance at such telephonic or video conference call can clearly hear each of the members present.
11. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.
12. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
13. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be a chairman of the meeting.
14. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which

might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen (14) days or more, at least seven (7) clear days, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

15. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands demanded-

- (a) by the chairman; or
- (b) by at least three (3) members present in person or by proxy;
or
- (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to the effect in the book continuing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn.

16. Except as provided in Article 18, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

17. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

18. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken, either immediately, or at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.

19. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like from each executed by or on behalf of one or more member.

Vote of Members

- 20. Every member shall have one vote.
- 21. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Diseases Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his said manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 22. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the company have been paid.
- 23. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
- 24. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand the of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
- 25. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Territory as is specified for holding the meeting of adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 26. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be the in following a form as near thereto as circumstances admit

“.....Limited

I/We.....of.....bein
g a member/members of the above-named company, hereby
appoint.....of or failing him.....of.....,
as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/or behalf at the {annual or

extraordinary, as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on theday of200....., and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this.....day of.....200....”

27. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity for voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-

“.....Limited

I/We.....of, being a member/members of the above named company, hereby appoint ofof.....or failing him.....of....., as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the (annual or extraordinary, as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on theday of.....200....., and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used * in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

*Strike out whichever is not desired.

28. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

29. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Corporations Acting By Representation at Meetings

30. Any corporation which a member of the company is may be resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers

on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

Directors

31. The Number of the directors shall be not less than two or more than five unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution. The first Directors of the company are

- 1) **CLEMENT LUSINDE MANYATTA**
- 2) **YASINTA CLEMENT MANYATTA**

32. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.

Borrowing Powers

33. The director may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party, provided, however, that no director may bind the Company for any debt, contract, encumbrance or other liability in excess of [US\$1,000] without the vote or written consent of two (2) members and two (2) directors.

Power and Duties of Directors

34. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

35. The directors may by power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

36. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as they may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

37. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose: -

- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
- (b) of the names of directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

Disqualification of Directors

38. The Office of director shall be vacated if the director: -

- (a) Without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the company; or
- (b) Becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
- (c) Ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
- (d) Becomes of unsound mind; or
- (e) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
- (f) Is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.

A director shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereat, and if he does so vote shall not be counted.

39. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as director to fill a vacancy or be an additional director.

40. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

41. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice had been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any

director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything is the article or any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.

42. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding article. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under Article 40 the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

Proceedings of Directors

43. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any director who is absent from Tanzania.

44. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed shall be two.

45. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the company as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

46. The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting

47. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors. Subject to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed

by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

48. All acts done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.

49. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.

Secretary

50. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

51. A provision of the Act or these articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

The Seal

52. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

The Accounts

53. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-

- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place.
- (b) All sales and purchase of goods by the company; and

(c) The assets and liabilities of the company.

Property books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

54. The books of account shall be kept at the registered officer of the company, or subject to section 151(4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.

55. No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company.

56. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with sections 153, 155 and 150 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting, such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.

57. In accordance with section 164 of the Act, the copy of the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the director's report and the auditor's report shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any debentures

Audit

58. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.

Notices

59. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be affected by

properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been affected at the expiration of seventy-two hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the company an address within the Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Numbers of shares taken By each Subscriber	Signature
CLEMENT LUSINDE MANYATTA PO BOX 10648 ARUSHA	50	
YASINTA CLEMENT MANYATTA PO BOX 10648 ARUSHA	50	

WITNESS to the above Signatures:

FULL NAME: WINNIE EVAREST MURUVE

SIGNATURE: *[Handwritten Signature]*

POSTAL ADDRESS: PO BOX 7355 - ARUSHA

DESIGNATION: ADVOCATE

DATE: 4/3/2023

