

THE COMPANIES ACT (No. 12, 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED



THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA  
THE COMPANIES ACT, (No.12 OF 2002)  
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

**MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED**

- I. The name of the company is **MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED**
- II. The registered office of the Company will be situated in the United Republic of Tanzania
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:
  - 1) To carry on business as a general commercial company:
    - 1.1 To carry on business to provide hospitality services including lodges, guest houses, apartments and camps
    - 1.2 To carry on trade or business whatsoever.
    - 1.3
    - 1.4 The company has power to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the carrying on of any trade or business.
  - 2) To produce, handle, store, transport and market meat and other food products and to encourage the production of livestock and the marketing of meat and livestock to be more efficient.
  - 3) To carry on the business as general food processors packers and suppliers, to be general suppliers of hard foodstuff and agricultural crops, to be grain millers and food mixers to be general exporters of fresh fruit vegetables and flowers, to act as agents of buying and selling all kinds of motor vehicles, general supplies, buying and selling building hardware of every description, electrical appliances, lease.
  - 4) To carry on business as manufacturers and packers of and dealers in foodstuffs of all description for human and animal use, including extruded foods and cereals, textured soya protein foods, frozen processed foods, all of which shall be formulated to contain fruit or vegetable products including other nutrients, including those suitable or deemed to be suitable for infants, growing children, adults, invalids and convalescents and/ or for the general public.
  - 5) To carry on the business of Manufacturers, Millers, Grinders, Rollers, Processors, Tankers, Packers and Preserves, and dealers of all foods from agriculture products, Dairy products, Horticulture and Poultry products, Fruits, Vegetables, Flowers, Meats, Processed meat scanned and tinned and processed foods, fast foods, processed fish and sea foods, frozen foods Potential foods, health and instant foods of all kinds, including baby and dietetic foods, cereals, beverages, restoratives and aerated mineral waters and food stuffs and consumable provisions and to extract by-products, derivatives food preparations of every kind and description.
  - 6) To carry on business as manufacturers of, and importers and exporters of agricultural, farm, garden and dairy produce, provisions, stores and merchandise of all kinds including processed foods, natural and synthetic

Certified as True Copy of the Original

**Jeffrey Alex Mofisi**

Advocate, Notary Public & Commissioner



for Digital

Signature

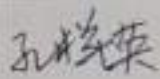
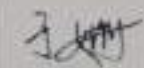
Date: 10/1/2024

milk, casein and its allied products, and all products and substances of any description derived by processing, manipulation or treatment of agricultural, farm, garden and dairy produce in any manner whatsoever.

- 7) To render assistance to buy, sell, import, export, manipulate, prepare for market, and deal in all kinds of foods and food products.
- 8) To conduct research, market studies, surveys, interviews and more in order to gain understanding of the business.
- 9) To engage in and or otherwise carry on agricultural development and agribusiness to improve food security by increasing produce, to farm small area of land, preparation for farming (drilling for water, irrigation, power, etc), cultivation of vegetable crops, mechanized farming, greenhouse farming, modern irrigation system, drone monitoring/data analysis/spraying, commercial farm planning, supply chain, logistics, marketing and sales.
- 10) To organize and promote bee keeping, honey and other bee products industry in the country.
- 11) To provide common services for the benefit of traders and trading organizations and to act as a forum of trade promotion of bee products, as a self-regulatory organization.
- 12) To purchase or otherwise acquire, erect, maintain reconstruct and adapt any building, office workshops, mills plant machinery and other things found necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company.
- 13) To carry on the business of general trading, export and import of commercial permissible items, dealers, indenter, general supplier, buying and selling agents, wholesale and distributors, dealers, carrying contractor of all and every kind of general and special products, goods substance and materials, such as beads jewelleries, textile products, farm produce and products.
- 14) To purchase or otherwise acquire, erect, maintain reconstruct and adapt any building, office workshops, mills plant machinery and other things found necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company.
- 15) To carry on the business of general trading, export and import of commercial permissible items, dealers, indenter, general supplier, buying and selling agents, wholesale and distributors, dealers, carrying contractor of all and every kind of general and special products.
- 16) To purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire for the purpose of the Company any real or property and in particular lands, buildings furniture, club or leasehold effect, books, newspaper, periodicals, easement, machinery, plant, stock-in-trade, conveniences and accommodation which may be requisite for the purpose of or capable of being conveniently used in connection with any of the objects of the Company and to sell, demise, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the same.
- 17) To make any charitable donation either in cash or in kind for the furtherance of the objects of the Company.

- 18) To establish and do business relating to systems, services and products for water collection, purification, storage, supply, carriage and distribution to reach remote or other inaccessible communities.
- 19) To carry on the business of generating, harnessing, storing and dissemination of renewable energy such as hydroelectricity, solar and wind power, manufacture, sale or hire of apparatus or goods for the application of electricity or any alternative power in any form whatsoever.
- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- V. The share capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shillings FIVE HUNDRED Million Only (TZS 500,000,000/=)**, divided into **FIFTY Thousand (50,000) Shares of Tanzania Shillings Ten Thousand Only (TZS 10,000/=)** each, with power for the Company to increase or reduce the said capital and to issue any part of its capital, original or increased, with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions, and so that unless the condition of issue shall otherwise expressly declared, every issue of shares, whether declared to be preference or otherwise, shall be subject to the powers herein before contained.

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

Names and Addresses of Shareholders	Number of Shares taken Shareholders	Signatures of Shareholders
KONG, XIANGYING P. O. BOX 17031 ARUSHA	40,000	
YU, SHAN P. O. BOX 17031 ARUSHA	10,000	

WITNESS to the above signature

Full Name

KONG XIANGYING

Signature



Postal Address P.O. Box

Arusha - Tanzania

Designation: Advocate

THE COMPANIES ACT (NO. 12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

1. In these Regulations:

"the Act" means the Companies Act (No. 12 of 2002);

"the articles" Means the articles of this company;

"clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or on which it is to take effect.

"the holder" in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;

"the seal" means the common seal of the company;

"secretary" means the secretary of the company or any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions referred to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the company.

2. The regulations contained in Part 1 of Table A shall apply save for regulation 22.

3. The Company is private company and accordingly:

- (a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in the manner hereinafter prescribed.
- (b) The number of members of the Company is limited to fifty as further provided for in the Act.
- (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.
- (d) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearers.

4. The share capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shillings FIVE Hundred Million Only (TZS 500,000,000/=)**, divided into **FIFTY Thousand (50,000) Shares** of **Tanzania Shillings Ten Thousand Only (TZS 10,000/=)** each.

5. The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason thereof, decline to register any transfer of shares whether or not it is a fully paid share.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

6. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the company may by Ordinary Resolution determine.
7. Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Act, any shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.
8. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separated general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.
9. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *paripassu* therewith.
10. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 56 of the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
11. A body corporate or person shall be recognized by the company as holding shares on trust.

#### SHARE CERTIFICATES

12. Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to receive within two (2) months after allotment or lodgement of transfer (or within shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every Certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid thereon. In respect of a share of shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.
13. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors

may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

#### LIEN

14. The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to any amounts payable in respect of it.
15. The company may sell, in such manner as the directors determine, any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after a notice in writing has been given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
16. To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
17. The net proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

#### CALLS ON SHARES

18. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal values or premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.
19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.
20. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

21. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it become due and payable to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the term of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, at a rate not exceeding five percent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
22. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call, and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount has become due and payable by virtue of a call.
23. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
24. The directors may if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys un-called and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become [payable] pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) six per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the members paying such sum in advance.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES

25. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in any usual form or any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid up, by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
26. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within sixty days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
27. The registration of transfers of shares or any transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine.
28. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting title to any share.

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29. In case of the death of a member, the survivor(s) where the deceased was a joint holder, and the personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
30. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, either elect by notice to the company to be registered as holder of the share, or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee in which case he shall execute the appropriate instrument of transfer. All the articles relating to the right to transfer of shares shall apply to any such notice or transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.

31. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

#### FORFEITURE OF SHARES

32. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
33. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect; the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
34. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share in question.
35. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys at the date of forfeiture were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture for any consideration received on their disposal.
36. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

#### ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

37. The company may by ordinary resolution:-
- (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount, as the resolution prescribes;
  - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;

- (c) Subject to the provisions of section 65(1)(d) of the Act, sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association;
- (d) Cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
38. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of this Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
39. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any way.
40. The company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.
41. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
42. The directors may, whenever they think fit, call an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisitionists, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 134 of the Act, if at any time there are not within the Territory sufficient directors to call the meeting, any director or any two members of the company may call the meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

#### NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

43. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such;
- Provided that a meeting of the company may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed.
- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
44. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omissions to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

## PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

45. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extra ordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
46. No Business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be a quorum.
47. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day at such other time and place as the direction may determine.
48. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their member to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
49. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
50. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at a general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.
51. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall if so, directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days and the general nature of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
52. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
  - (a) by the chairman or,
  - (b) by at least two (2) members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
  - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting or
  - (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

53. Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be evidence of that fact.
54. The demand for a poll may, before the taken, be withdraw.
55. Except as provided in article 54, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
56. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
57. A Poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately or at such time not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with pending the taking of the poll.
58. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

#### VOTES OF MEMBERS

59. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any share or class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member (being an individual) present in person or (being a corporation) present by a duly authorized representative, not being himself, a member entitled to vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
60. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
61. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Disease Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his manager; and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
62. No member shall be entitled to vote at a general meeting or at a separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
63. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to be tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
64. On a poll vote may be given either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

65. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointor of his attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
66. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed a copy of the authority certified notarial or in such other manner as approved by the directors shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Tanzania as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and the default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
67. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form is near thereto as circumstances admit.

**MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED**

I/we ..... of ..... being .....  
 a Member/members of the above named company hereby appoint ..... of  
 ..... or failing him ..... of as my/our proxy to vote for  
 me/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or extraordinary as the case may be)  
 general meeting of the company to be held on the ..... day of  
 ..... and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this ..... day of ..... 20.....

68. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as thereto as circumstances admit.

**MALAIKA CAMPS & LODGES LIMITED**

I/we ..... of ..... being .....  
 a Member/members of the above named company hereby appoint  
 ..... of ..... or failing him  
 ..... of ..... as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on  
 my/your behalf at the (annual or extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting  
 of the company to be held on the ..... day of ..... and at any  
 adjournment thereof.

Signed this ..... day of ..... 20.....

This form is to be used in favour at \* against resolution; 1/2/3 etc; unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

69. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
70. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

## CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

71. Any corporation which is member of the company may by a resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or any class of members of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

### DIRECTORS

72. The number of the directors and the names of the first director shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two. The first Directors of the company shall be:

1. MR. KONG, XIANGYING
2. MS. YU, SHAN

73. The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the company in general meeting and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

### POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

74. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
75. The directors may by power of Attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his power.
76. The directors may exercise all the power of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.
77. The company may exercise the powers conferred upon the company by sections 124 to 127 of the Act with regard to the keeping of a branch register, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

## MINUTES

83. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books for the purpose: -
- a) of all appointments of officer made by the directors;
  - b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
  - c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, of the holders of any class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committee of directors.

## REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES: GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

84. The remuneration of the directors shall be determined by Ordinary Resolution of the company and, unless the resolution otherwise provides, such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the business of the company.
85. The directors on behalf of the company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any director who had held any other salaries office or place of profit with the company or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund and pay premium for the purchase or provisions of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.

## DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

86. The office of director shall be vacated if the director
- (a) ceases to be director by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
  - (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
  - (c) becomes of unsound mind; or
  - (d) resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
  - (e) criminal proceedings are instituted against the director; or
  - (f) shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the director from meetings of the directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

## APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

87. The company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or to be an additional director.
88. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the total number of directors does not exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

## DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND INTERESTS

78. The directors may appoint one or more of their members to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement may be made on such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director, but without prejudice to any claim to damage for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.
79. A director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 209 of the Act.
80. Subject to the provision for the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:-
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested;
  - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or in which the company may be interested;
  - (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise directs.

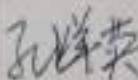
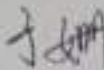
Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize a director or his firm to act as auditor to the company

81. For the purpose of articles 76 and 77 -
- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent as specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in such transaction of the nature and extent specified and;
  - (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.
82. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

Certified as True Copy of the Original  
**Jatroy Alex Mallol**  
Advocate, Notary Public & Commissioner

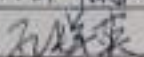


for Office  
Date: 15/10/2024

Names and Addresses of Shareholders	Number of Shares taken Shareholders	Signatures of Shareholders
KONG, XIANGYING P. O. BOX 17031 ARUSHA	40,000	
YU, SHAN P. O. BOX 17031 ARUSHA	10,000	

**WITNESS** to the above signature

Full Name KONG XIANG YING

Signature 

Postal Address P.O. Box \_\_\_\_\_

Arusha – Tanzania

Designation: Advocate

  
 Certified as True Copy of the Original  
**Jeffrey Alex Mollai**  
 Advocate, Notary Public & Commissioner  
 for Ombudsman  
 Date: 10/11/2024