

**COMPANIES ACT 2002**

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**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

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**MEMORANDUM**

**AND**

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**JAMROSE PACKAGING COMPANY LIMITED**

**Incorporated this.....day of.....2024**

**DRAWN BY**

**JAMES PARADISO KIMARO (SUBSCRIBER)**

**P.O BOX 3195**

**DAR ES SALAAM.**

**THE COMPANIES ACT 2002**  
**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**  
**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**  
**OF**  
**JAMROSE PACKAGING COMPANY LIMITED**

1. The name of the company is **JAMROSE PACKAGING COMPANY LIMITED**
2. The registered office of the Company will be situated in the United Republic of Tanzania.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
  - i. To carry on business of manufacturing of packaging, sales and distribution of packaging wholesale and retail sale trade.
  - ii. To carry on business of exportation of meat, chicken and mutton and other related products.
  - iii. To carry out business of importations and exportation of food stuffs including cereals such as maize, beans rice, wheat, importation of cooking oils and sugar and other fast moving consumer goods
  - iv. To carry on the business of establishing and running supermarkets, department stores, shopping malls, provision stores, groceries and shops of all kinds and description and generally to deal with such activities.
  - v. To carry on promote and trade or business of farm and agricultural inputs, implement, tools, packaging of sunflower, materials and deal in the livestock and or the veterinary health – care products to farmers and stockiest, to buy, sell, supply, distribute whether in retail or wholesale fertilizer, insecticides, fungicides, growth stimulants, agro seeds, farm implements and tools, animals feeds, veterinary drugs and any related goods and import and export agriculture and food technology industrial and equipment, manufacture and semi processed products in Tanzania and other parts of the world.
  - vi. To carry on business of courier activities, freight transport by land, air and sea, also to dealing on clearing and forwarding activities
  - vii. To carry out business of wholesale and retail trade of motor vehicles and related spare parts and accessories, motor vehicle paints. Sales and maintenance of motorcycles and related parts and accessories.
  - viii. To be general crop dealers, to purchase and distribute agricultural crops. To be food processors and packer and generally to be agricultural crops processors and exporters.
  - ix. To sink wells, and shafts, and to make, build and construct, lay down aspire and maintain factories, engines, machinery, tramways, docks, plant and appliances and tom execute and

to do all other works and things necessary or convenient for working, obtaining, storing, treating, preserving, fining, mineralizing, bottling, canning and discharging any such fruits products or otherwise for the purpose of the company.

- x. To purchase, own or otherwise acquire land, real property, easements, rights and other property, real or personal for the purpose and conducive to the object of the company including farming, cultivation of cassava, maize, paddy, potato, cereal, crops and other agricultural crops which are suitable for the manufacture and production of starch and other derivatives aforementioned.
- xi. To construct steamships, ships, trawlers, catchers, carriers, drifters, fishing boats, boat or other vessels whatsoever, slaughterhouse, cold storage premises, warehouses, sheds, and other building requisite useful for the business of the company.
- xii. To carry on business of all kind of minerals such as gold, silver, copper, iron, diamond and engage in operation of mining activities such like extraction for the gold holes digging selling and buying, broker and dealer, vat leaching plant and elution plant.
- xiii. To engage and or otherwise carry on the business as hunters, catchers, carriers, fishing, fumigation, general building contractors and construction engineers to provide all kinds of civil works consultancy, services to be constructors of roads, railways, highways, dams grain silos and bridges of all kinds and design.
- xiv. To carry on the business of tourist agents and to establish camps, buildings, and conveniences of all kinds for tourists and passengers including hotel and lodging accommodation, guides and reading rooms.
- xv. To carry on business of petrol service station and deals in petrol, diesel, oils, kerosene, mineral oil, crude oil, grease and / or fuel oil of all kinds and all other kinds of mineral and petroleum products as an importers, dealer or distributors and servicing and repairing of vehicles of all types generally.
- xvi. To carry on business of mining and mineral prospecting all over Tanzania and deal with all types of minerals, precious and semi-precious stones including processing, retailing and export of the same.
- xvii. To carry on the business of motor vehicle garage and repairing and servicing of all types of vehicles and machineries and the business as dealers, wholesalers, retailers, distributor, agents importers and exporters of hardware, motor vehicles, bicycles and its spares, agriculture and industrial machineries and spares, electrical machinery, accessories and spares of all kinds.
- xviii. To manufacture, buy sell, improve, treat, preserve, mineralize, bottles, can and otherwise deal in mineral, acrate waters, juice and other liquids of every description.
- xix. To carry on the business of veterinary surgeons in all its branches for the treatment of animals, cattle, sheep, goats, poultry and an livestock generally to attend animals dispense any medicines, perform operations and to do all other acts and things necessary for the

caring of the business of the veterinary dispensary and general pharmacy and to carry on business of wholesale and retail agricultural inputs and plant medicines of all kinds and dealers in surgical instrument appliance and deal in all requisites of veterinary hospitals.





- xx. To carry on the business or trade and deal in the export of all wild live birds, animals and generally any kind of pets for sale and export, improve, import, deal and trade in carvings paintings, curios, game skins, pottery, leather and coconut by-products, beeswax, meat ghee, cooking oils, charcoal, corn flour, cloves, cheese and commodities from byproducts of milk.
- xxi. To carry on and deal in the business of pharmaceuticals, medical preparations chemicals, animal feeds, manufacturing, making and assembling of machines equipment, plants, vessels, devices, of all descriptions using modern technology appropriate and applicable to veterinary and agricultural industries. To carry in conduct in and between any and all the region and district in Tanzania, neighboring countries and other foreign countries, as agents or otherwise, they business of general trusting, forwarding, cartage, storage, warehousing, consolidation, distributing, wharfage, contracting loading, unloading.
- xxii. To carry on all or any of the business of stationary, printers, lithographers, stereotypes, electrotypes, engravers, photographic printers, photo- lithographers, envelope makers, typesetting machine operators, die sinker, machine, rules, numerical printers, paper makers, paper baffles and account book makers, box makers, flax and box file makers, cardboard manufactures, type founders, photographers manufacturers of and dealers in playing, visiting, railways, festival invitation, business complimentary and fancy cards and valentine, dealers in parchment, stamp, agents of payments of stamps and other duties, advertising agents, designers, draftsmen, manufacture, book sellers, publishers and dealers in materials used in the manufacturer of paper, cabinet makers, file rank maker and dealers in or manufacturers of any other articles of things of character similar of analogous to the foregoing or any of them or connected therewith and deal in the manufacture of all sell by wholesale or retail of school chalks, and secretarial service.
- xxiii. To carry on the business of customers robe, dress and mantle makers, tailors. Silk makers and suppliers of clothing, lingerie and trimmings of every kind, corset makers, furriers, general drapers, haberdashers, milliners, hosiery, gloves, lace makers and sealers, feather dressers and merchants, hatters, boot and shoe makers, dealers in fabrics, ribbons, perfume and flower (artificial and natural and materials of all kinds).
- xxiv. To purchase or otherwise acquire the whole or any part of the undertaking and business of manufacturing and marketing, dealing or otherwise handling fishnets, fishing gears, spare parts, fishing equipment and all other items concerned with fishing.
- xxv. To carry on the business as bakers and manufacturers of and dealers in bread, flour, biscuit, confectionery, juice squash, packing and farinaceous compounds and materials of every description and to construct, acquire, hire, hold, work, let and sell, mills, factories, bake-houses, shops, building, machinery and appliances suitable for such baking manufacturing and dealing.

- xxvi. To establish and carry on the business of manufacturing, making and producing of every description of starch products and other derivatives and ancillary starch products and without limiting the generality of the foregoing to engage in the production, manufacturing, selling of the aforesaid products including glucose, dextrin, dextrose, isomers, modified and unmodified starch.
- xxvii. To carry on business of hairdressing, haircutting, trimming, styling setting hair dying, shampoo treatment, massaging of scalp, beauty treatment, relaxing, facial, manicure, pedicure, waxing, acne treatment and all sort of beauty soap, creams, lotion, all types of cosmetics, hair lotion, all types of cosmetics, hair lotion, essential oils, dentifrices, bleaching preparations and other substance for waxing, treatment and all sort of beauty soap, creams, lotion, all types of cosmetics, hair lotion, essential oils, dentifrices, bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use , clearing, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations.
- xxviii. To pay the expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the promotion establishment and registration of the company on formed other company promoted, formed establishment of registered by company and all brokerage, discount and other expenses lawfully payable which may at any time and time for time be deemed expedient for taking placing or underwriting all or any of the shares, debentures or other obligations of the company or of any company so promoted, formed established or registered by company.

#### **LIABILITY**


- 4. The liability of the members is Limited.
- 5. The Nominal Share Capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shillings Five Billion (5,000,000,000) divided into One thousand (1,000) Shares of Tanzania Shillings Five Million (Tzs 5,000,000)** each, with power for the Company to increase or reduce the said capital and to issue any part of its capital, original or increased, with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions, and so that unless the condition of issue shall otherwise expressly declared, every issue of shares, whether declared to be preference or otherwise, shall be subject to the powers herein before contained.


We, the several persons, whose names and address are subscribed below are the desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Associations and we respectively agree to take the numbers of shares in capital of the company set opposite our respectively names.

NAMES AND ADDRESS OF SUBSCRIBERS	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY EACH SUBSCRIBER	SIGNATURE
<b>JAMES PARADISO KIMARO</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	495	
<b>MOHAMED JUMANNE MFINANGA</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	25	
<b>ANTOJAM TECHNICAL &amp; SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	200	James Paradiso Kimaro- Director 
		Elisha Paradiso Kimaro-Director 

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 24<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Witness to the above Signatures

Name: EMMANUEL RICHARD MACHIBYA  
 Signature:   
 Postal Address: P.O. BOX 80167 DAR ES SALAAM  
 Qualifications: ADVOCATE / COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS



**THE COMPANIES ACT NO. 12 OF 2002**

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**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**JAMROSE PACKAGING COMPANY LIMITED**

**PRELIMINARY**

1. In these Regulations:

“the Act” means the Companies Act;

“the articles” Means the articles of the company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or on which it is to take effect;

“the holder” in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;

“the seal” means the common seal of the company;

“secretary” means the secretary of the company or any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions referred to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the company.

2. The regulations contained in Part 1 of Table A shall apply save for regulation 22.

3. The Company is a private company and accordingly:

- (a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

- (b) The number of members of the Company is limited to fifty as further provided for in the Act.
  - (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debenture of the Company is prohibited.
  - (d) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.
4. The Nominal Share Capital of the Company is **Tanzania Shillings Five Billion Only (Tzs 5,000,000,000/=) divided into one thousand (1,000) Shares of Tanzania Shillings Five Million Only (Tzs 5,000,000)** each.
5. The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason thereof, decline to register any transferor any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS**

6. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the company may by Ordinary Resolution determine.
7. Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Act, any shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.
8. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separated general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the

provisions of these Regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

9. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking par passu therewith.
10. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 56 of the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
11. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share of (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) any other rights or interests in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

### **SHARE CERTIFICATES**

12. Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every Certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid thereon. In respect of a share of

shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.

13. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed
14. on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

### **LIEN**

15. The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all money (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to any amounts payable in respect of it.
16. The company may sell, in such manner as the directors determine, any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after a notice in writing has been given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
17. To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
18. The net proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (upon surrender to

the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

### **CALLS ON SHARES**

19. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any money unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal values of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.
20. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.
21. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
22. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it become due and payable to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the term of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, at a rate not exceeding five percent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
23. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a

call, shall be deemed to be a call, and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount has become due and payable by virtue of a call.

24. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
25. The directors may If they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the money un-called and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the money so advanced may (until the same would , but for such advance, become [payable] pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) six per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the members paying such sum in advance.

### **TRANSFER OF SHARES**

26. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in any usual form or any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid up, by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
27. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within sixty days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
28. The registration of transfers of shares or any transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine.
29. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transferor other document relating to or affecting title to any share.

### **TRANSMISSION OF SHARES**

30. In case of the death of a member, the survivor of survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the personal representatives of the

deceased where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.

31. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, either elect by notice to the company to be registered as holder of the share, or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee in which case he shall execute the appropriate instrument of transfer. All the articles relating to the right to transfer of shares shall apply to any such notice or transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
32. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

### **FORFEITURE OF SHARES**

33. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
34. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other money payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

35. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re- allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share in question.
36. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but shall remain liable to the company for all money which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in the respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such money in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture for any consideration received on their disposal.
37. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

### **CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK**

- 37 The company may by ordinary resolution convert any paid-up shares into Stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- 38 The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as, and subject to

which, the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit but the directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum, but the minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- 39 The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company) shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of stock as would not if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- 40 Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and 'shareholder' therein shall include 'stock' and 'stockholder'.

#### **ALTERATION OF CAPITAL**

41. The company may by Ordinary Resolution:-
- (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount, as the resolution prescribes;
  - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
  - (c) subject to the provisions of section 65(1)(d) of the Act, sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Article of association;
  - (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

42. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of this Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
43. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any way.
44. The company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.
45. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
46. The directors may, whenever they think fit, call an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisitionists, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 134 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Territory sufficient directors to call the meeting, any director or any two members of the company may call the meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

#### **NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS**

47. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days notice in writing. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the

general nature of the business and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such;

Provided that a meeting of the company may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed.

(a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

(b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

48. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omissions to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

#### **PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

49. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extra ordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors.
50. No Business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be a quorum.
51. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day at such other time and place as the direction may determine.

52. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their member to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
53. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
54. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at a general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.
55. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days and the general nature of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
56. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
- (a) by the chairman or,
  - (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
  - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting or

(d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right; and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

57. Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be evidence of that fact.
58. The demand for a poll may, before the taken, be withdraw.
59. Except as provided in article 54, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other note he may have.
61. A Poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time not being or more than thirty days after the poll is demanded as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.
62. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

### **VOTES OF MEMBERS**

63. who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other join holders; and for this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
64. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Disease Act, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his

manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

- 65. No member shall be entitled to vote at a general meeting or at a separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- 66. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 67. On a poll vote may be given either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
- 68. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointor or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
- 69. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed a copy of that authority certified notarially or in such other manner as approved by the directors shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within Tanzania as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and the default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 70. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form is near thereto as circumstances admit.

**JAMROSE      PACKAGING      COMPANY      LIMITED**      I/we  
.....of.....being a Member/members  
of the above named company, hereby appoint .....of .....or  
failing him  
.....of as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/your behalf  
at the (annual or extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting of the  
company to be held on the .....day of .....and at any

adjournment thereof. Signed this .....day of..... 20.

71. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as thereto as circumstances admit.

**JAMROSE PACKAGING COMPANY LIMITED**

I/we .....of  
being

Member/members of the above named company hereby appoint .....of  
.....or ..... failing him  
.....of ..... as my/our proxy  
to vote for m/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or extraordinary as the case  
may be) general meeting of the company to be held on the .....  
day of .....and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this .....day of .....20.....

This form is to be used \* in favour of against resolution; 1/2/3 etc; unless  
otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

72. The Instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or  
join in demanding a poll.
73. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll  
demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall  
be valid notwithstanding the previous determination was received by the company  
at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was  
duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting  
at which the proxy is used.

**CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS**

74. Any corporation which is member of the company may by a resolution of its directors  
or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to acts as its representative  
at any meeting of the Company or any class of members of the company, and the person  
so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation  
which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member  
of the company.

## **DIRECTORS**

75. The number of the directors and the names of the first director shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of director shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two. The first Directors of the company shall be;

- 1. JAMES PARADISO KIMARO**
- 2. MOHAMED JUMANNE MFINANGA**

The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the company in general meeting and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

## **POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS**

76. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be Managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

77. The directors may by power of Attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his power.

78. The directors may exercise all the power of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.

79. The company may exercise the powers conferred upon the company by sections 124 to 127 of the Act with regard to the keeping of a branch register, and the directors

may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register

### **DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND INTERESTS**

80. The directors may appoint one or more of their member to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement may be made on such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director, but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.
81. A director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 209 of the Act.
82. Subject to the provision for the Act, and provided that he has disclose to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:-
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested;
  - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company may be interested; g
  - (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise directs. Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize a director or his firm to act as auditor to the company.

83. For the purpose of articles 76 and 77 –

- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent as specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in such transaction of the nature and extent specified; and
- (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated an interest of his.

84. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine

#### **MINUTES**

85. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books for the purpose:-

- 1. of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
- 2. of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
- 3. of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, of the holders of any class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committee of directors.

#### **REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES: GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS**

86. The remuneration of the directors shall be determined by Ordinary Resolution of the company and, unless the resolution otherwise provides, such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the business of the company.

87. The directors on behalf of the company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on

retirement to any director who had held any other salaries office or place of profit with the company or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund and pay premium for the purchase or provisions of any such gratuity, pension or allowance

### **DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS**

88. The office of director shall be vacated if the director-
- a. ceases to be director by virtue of any provisions of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
  - b. becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
  - c. becomes of unsound mind ;or
  - d. resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
  - e. shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the director from meetings of the directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

### **APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS**

89. The company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or to be an additional director.
90. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the total number of directors does not exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.
91. The company may by ordinary resolution, or of which special notice has been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these articles or in any agreement between the company and the director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim the director may have for damage for breach of any service contract with the company.
92. The company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding regulation, and without

prejudice to the power of the directors under article 85 the company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

### **PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS**

93. Subjects to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors, If shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting directors to any director who is absent from Tanzania.
94. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed shall be two.
95. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if their number is reduced below the number fixed as the necessary quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancy or of calling a general meeting.
96. The directors may appoint one of their members to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors as which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same; the directors present may choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
97. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors. Subjects to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.
98. All acts done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were

disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.

99. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the director or of committee of directors; shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form and signed by one or more directors.
100. Save as otherwise provided in the articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflict or may conflict with the interest of the company. Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, an interest of a person who is connected with a director shall be treated as interest of the director.
101. The company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting director from voting at a meeting of directors or of committee directors.
102. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to office or employment with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except than concerning his own appointment.
103. If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of directors to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

## **SECRETARY**

104. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
105. A provision of the Act or these Regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of the secretary.

## **THE SEAL**

106. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

## **DIVIDEND AND RESERVE**

107. Subject to section 180 of the Act, the company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.
108. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the company available for distribution.
109. The directors may before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as they think proper as reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments, (other than shares of the company) as the directors may from time to time think fit. The directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward and any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.
110. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares in respect of which dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the

amount paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date that shall rank for dividend accordingly.

111. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct payment of such dividend wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members, and vest any assets in trustees.
112. Any dividend, interest or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque sent through the post to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is the first named in the register of members or to such person and such address as the holder or joint holder may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any one of two or more holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.
113. No dividend or other money payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
114. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it becomes due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company.

### **ACCOUNTS**

115. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
  - a. all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
  - b. all sales and purchases of goods by the company; and
  - c. the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of company's affairs and explain its transactions.

116. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or, subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
117. No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directors or by Ordinary Resolution of the company.
118. The directors shall, in accordance with sections 153, 155 and 159 of Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, cash flow statements, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.
119. In accordance with section 163 of the Act, the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the director's report and the auditor's report shall not less than twenty one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debenture.

#### **AUDIT**

120. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.

#### **NOTICES**

121. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member wither personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelop addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, preparing, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of (seventy-two) hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within Tanzania and who gives to the company and address within Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

122. A notice may be given by the company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the register of members in respect of the share.
123. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorized by the articles, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within Tanzania supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
124. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received purpose for which it was called.

#### **WINDING UP**





125. If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or any part of the of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall determine, but no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities upon which there is a liability.

#### **INDEMNITY**

126. Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 481 of the Act in

which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.

We, the several persons, whose names and address are subscribed below are the desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Associations and we respectively agree to take the numbers of shares in capital of the company set opposite our respectively names.

NAMES AND ADDRESS OF SUBSCRIBERS	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY EACH SUBSCRIBER	SIGNATURE
<b>JAMES PARADISO KIMARO</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	495	
<b>MOHAMED JUMANNE MFINANGA</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	25	
<b>ANTOJAM TECHNICAL &amp; SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED</b> <b>P.O BOX 3195</b> <b>DAR ES SALAAM</b>	200	James Paradiso Kimaro- Director 
		Elisha Paradiso Kimaro-Director 

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 24<sup>th</sup> April 2025

Witness to the above Signatures

Name: EMMANUEL RICHARD MACHIBYA

Signature: 

Postal Address: P.O. BOX 80167 DAR ES SALAAM

Qualifications: ADVOCATE / COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS

