

THE COMPANIES ACT

(Cap. 212 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum

and

Articles of Association

of

NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED

Incorporated thisday of2022

DRAWN BY:
VICTORY ATTORNEYS & CONSULTANTS,
IT PLAZA BUILDING, 1st FLOOR,
OHIO STREET/GARDEN AVENUE,
P.O BOX 72015,
DAR ES SALAAM,
TANZANIA

**THE COMPANIES ACT OF 2002
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

**OF
NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED**

1. The name of the Company is NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED.
2. The registered Head Office of the company will be situated Tanzania mainland.
3. The Object for which the company is established are;
 - I. The Objects to be pursued by the Company on its incorporation are:**
 - a. To undertake, promote, assist or engage in all kinds of research and development work required to promote, assist or engage in setting up hospitals and facilities for manufacturing medical equipment.
 - b. To carry on the business of design, construction and running of all kinds of hospitals, dispensaries, clinics, laboratories and health clubs.
 - c. To design, manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, install, maintain and improve all kinds of equipment and instrumentation for hospitals, dispensaries, clinics, laboratories and health clubs.
 - d. To set up laboratories, purchase and acquire any equipments and instruments required for carrying out medical research.
 - e. To educate and train medical students, nurses, midwives, Doctors, Para-medical Technicians, other medical professionals and hospital administrators and to grant such diplomas or recognitions as the company may prescribe or deem fit from time to time and to outsource and place the Nurses, Doctors, Para-Medical Technicians and other medical professionals to clients in Tanzania and abroad on contractual or non-contractual basis.
 - f. To buy, sell, manufacture, import, export, treat and deal in any kind of pharmaceuticals, chemicals, medicines and drugs.
 - g. To grant stipends, scholarships or any other assistance, monetary or otherwise to whomsoever to further the course of medicine and / or medical research.
 - h. To undertake to provide suitable hotel accommodation primarily for patients and their friends and relatives and to undertake all or any of the business activities incidental thereto.

- i. To carry on in Tanzania and elsewhere all or any of the business of hoteliers and restauranteers, caterers, cab owners and hirers, pharmacy and drug house owners, travel agents, provisions and general merchants, theatre owners, proprietors of art saloons, beauty parlours, shopping arcades, health clubs and clubs dealing in sports, art and entertainment activities including music dance and drama, and any other business which can be conveniently and efficiently carried on in connection therewith.
- j. To act as consultants and render technical and managerial services in the field of medical research and running of multi-speciality hospitals, dispensaries, clinics, laboratories and health clubs.

II. Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the Objects specified in Clause 3 (I)

- i. To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any estates, land or lands in Tanzania or elsewhere and any rights, privileges and easements and concessions and factories machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores effects and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable of any kind.
- ii. To buy or generate for its own use of distribution or otherwise steam, heat, light, electricity, gas, motive power and hydro-electric or water power.
- iii. To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works, necessary or convenient for the purpose of this Company and to purchase, hire, construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, roadways, tramways, railways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, river transport services, wharves, manufactories, warehouse, electric workshops, stores, jetties and other conveniences and works which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interest and to contribute to subsidise or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvements, maintenance, workings, management, carrying out or control thereof.
- iv. To acquire from any Sovereign, State or authorities in Tanzania or elsewhere, any concession grants, decrees, rights, powers and privileges whatsoever, which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account and to work, develop, carryout, exercise and turn to account the same.
- v. To plant, grow and produce agricultural products and other produce of any kind in Tanzania or elsewhere necessary or useful for the business of the company.

- vi. Generally to undertake and carry on any business, transaction or operation commonly undertaken or carried on by explorers, prospectors or concessionaries and to carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects of the Company, or which may be thought calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable, any of the Company's property or rights.
- vii. To enter into any arrangement or agreement with any Government, State or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, or any Corporation, Companies, or person that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government, State authority Corporation, Company or persons any rights, privileges or concessions and to carry out, exercise and comply with such arrangement or agreement.
- viii. To apply for, promote and obtain any Act of Legislature or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly, or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- ix. To acquire by purchase or otherwise for the business of the Company in Tanzania or elsewhere, any lands, manufactories, buildings, mills, plants, engines, machinery and other things found necessary for the purpose of the Company.
- x. To establish and carry on and to promote the establishment of and carrying on, any property in which the Company is interested, of any business which may be conveniently carried on upon or in connection with such property, and the establishment of which may seem calculated to enhance the value of the Company's interest in such property, or to facilitate the disposal thereof.
- xi. To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute, issue and negotiate bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques, drafts, hundies and other instruments of every description.
- xii. To issue money on deposit, at interest or otherwise and to lend and advance money with or without security to such persons and companies and on such terms as may seem expedient. However the Company shall not do the business of banking as defined in the Banking and Financial Institution Act.
- xiii. To sell, exchange, mortgage (with or without power of sale) assign, lease, sublet and generally otherwise deal with the whole or any part of the business, estate property or undertaking of the Company, as a going concern, to any person or persons, association or associations, or



otherwise for such consideration as the Company may think fit, either for cash or for shares, debentures, or securities for any other Company having objects altogether or in part, similar to the objects of this Company and to hold or distribute among the members in specie or otherwise the whole or part of the consideration for such sale or amalgamation with any person, company or association.

- xiv. To enter into all contracts with persons in Tanzania or outside for the purchase or sale of all goods, materials, commodities, metals, minerals, jewels, stores, provisions and produce of all kinds, both raw and manufactured, for the business of the Company and to make advances to persons in Tanzania or outside in respect of such contracts for the development of the business of the Company.
- xv. To carry on the business of leasing and letting on lease, hire purchase, installment sale and any other form of deferred payment or similar transaction in all kinds of movable and immovable properties and to render leasing hire purchase financial consultancy and advisory services.
- xvi. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objectives of the Company.

4. The Liability of the members to the Company is limited by shares.

5. The share capital of the company is Tanzania shillings Ten Million (10,000,000/=), divided into One Thousand (1,000) Ordinary shares of Tanzania shillings Ten Thousand (10,000/=) each. The company shall have power to increase its capital and to divide the shares in its capital for the time being into several classes of stock or shares and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the company.

We the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite our respective names:

Name, Address and Description of Subscriber	Number of Shares taken	Signature
1. Nishant Mishra B4H Mpunga Gardens, Kilimani, Nairobi, Kenya	600	
2. Aswanth Lambodaran Bindhu E17 Cullinan Apartments, Nyangumi Road, Kilimani, Naironi Kenya	400	

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 07th day of DECEMBER 2022.

Witness to the above signature:

Signature: Hemed Kaniki

Postal Address: P.O BOX 72015, DAR ES SALAAM

Qualifications: COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS



THE COMPANIES ACT OF 2002
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED

The regulation of Table 'A' in the First Schedule to the Companies Act (hereinafter called Table 'A' shall not apply to this Company as its Articles of Association.

PRELIMINARY

1. IN THESE REGULATIONS:

"The Act" means the Companies Act, 2002 of the Laws of Tanzania.

When any provision of the Act is referred to, the reference is that of the provision as modified by any law for the time being in force.

Unless the context otherwise require, the expressions defined in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the Company, shall have the meanings so defined.

The Regulation contained in the Companies Act shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are varied or excluded hereby, but in case of any conflict between the provisions herein, and the provisions under the companies Act the former shall prevail; and in addition to substitution former modification of the companies Act shall be the Regulations of the company.

PRIVATE COMPANY:

2. The Company is a Private Company and accordingly:

- a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in the manner hereinafter prescribed;
- b) The number of members of the Company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the Company and the Company were while in such employment to be members of the Company) shall be limited to fifty: provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly they shall for

purpose of the regulation be treated as a single member;

- c) Any invitation to the Public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited;
- d) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.

SHARES

3. The share capital of the company is Tanzanian Shillings Ten Million Only (TShs 10,000,000/=), divided into One Thousand (1,000) Ordinary shares of Tanzania shillings Ten Thousand (10,000/=) each with such rights privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company, and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be provided by the regulations of the Company.

Subject to the provisions, if any, in that behalf of the Memorandum of Association, and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing shares, any share may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine, and any preference share may, with the sanction of a special resolution, be issued on the terms that it is, or at the option of the Company is liable to be redeemed.

- 4.(a) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may be varied with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (b) In every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Regulations relating to general meeting should *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy seventy-five percent of the issued shares of that class, and that any holder or shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.
- (c) For the purpose of this Article, the rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of

that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *paripassu* therewith.

5. The Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company in payment or part payment for any property sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied, or for service rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business as fully paid-up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid up.
6. Every person whose name is registered as a member on the register of members shall, without payment, be entitled to a certificate under the Seal of the Company specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid up thereon, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.
7. No person shall exercise any rights or privileges of a member until he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being due on every share held by him.
8. If a share certificate is defected, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of such fee, if any, not exceeding Ten thousand shillings, and on such terms, if any, as to evidence and indemnity, as the Directors think fit.
9. No part of the funds of the Company shall directly or indirectly be employed in the purchase of, or in loans upon the security of, the Company's shares, but nothing in this regulation shall prohibit transactions mentioned in the proviso to section 57(1) of the Act.
10. The Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears upon the register in respect of any shares as the absolute owner thereof and shall not be under any obligation to recognize any trust or equity or equitable claim to or partial interest in such shares whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof.

LIEN

11. The Company shall have a lien on every share for all money (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share, and the Company shall also have a lien on all shares standing registered in the name of a single person for all moneys presently payable

by him or his estate to the Company but the Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.

12. The Company may sell, subject to the provisions on forfeiture of shares, in such manner as the Directors think fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.
13. For giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
14. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

15. The Directors may, subject to any conditions of allotment from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares whether on account of the nominal value of the (shares or by way of premium) provided that (except as otherwise fixed by the conditions of allotment) no call on any share shall be payable at less than thirty days from the date of appointment for payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to being given at least three weeks' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares.
16. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

17. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest upon the sum at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.
18. The provisions of these regulations as to the liability of joint holders and as to payment of interest shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue or a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the amount of the share, or by way of premium, as if the same had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
19. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the money unpaid upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called upon thereon as a payment in advance of call which shall extinguish, so far as the same shall extend liability upon the shares in respect of which it is advanced, and the Company may pay interest upon the money received, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which it has been received, at such rate as the member paying such sum and the Directors agree.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

20. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
21. Shares shall be transferred in the following form, or in any usual or common form which the Directors shall approve:-

"I,.....of
NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED in consideration of Shs.
 paid to me by..... of
 (Hereinafter called "the said transferee") do
 hereby transfer to the said transferee the share (or shares)
 numbered..... in the undertaking called
 to hold unto the said
 transferee, subject to the several conditions on which I hold the same; and
 I, the said transferee, do hereby agree to take the said aforesaid

..... As witness our hands set below Witness to the signatures of, etc."

22. The Directors may in their absolute discretion decline to register any transfer of shares to a person of whom they do not approve not being already a member of the Company and may also decline to register any transfer to shares on which the Company has a lien. The Directors may also suspend the registration of transfer during the fourteen days immediately preceding the ordinary general meeting in each year. The Directors may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless:
- (a) A fee-note exceeding ten thousand shillings is paid to the Company in respect thereof, and
 - (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of any shares they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

23. The legal personal representatives of a deceased sole holder of a share shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to the share. In the case of a share registered in the names of two or more holders, the survivors or survivor or the legal personal representatives of the deceased's survivor shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share.
24. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be properly required by the Directors, have the right, either to be registered as a member in respect of the share or, instead of being registered himself, to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or bankrupt person could have made, but the Directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of transfer of the share by the deceased or bankrupt person before the death or bankruptcy.
25. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled to where he/she is the

registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

26. Save as hereinafter provided, no shares in the Company shall be transferred otherwise than to a person who is already a member of the Company until the rights of pre-emption hereby conferred shall have been exhausted that it to say:
 - i. Every member or other person referred to in Article 24 who intends to transfer shares (hereinafter called the Vendor) shall give notice in writing to the Board of his intention so to do. Such notice shall constitute the Board his agent for the sale of the said shares in one or more lots at the discretion of the Board to members of the Company at a price to be agreed upon by the Vendor and the Board, or in default of agreement, at a price which the Auditor of the Company for the time being shall certify by writing under his hand, to be in his opinion, the fair selling value thereof as between a willing Vendor and willing purchaser.
 - ii. Upon the price being fixed as aforesaid the Board shall forthwith give notice to all the members of the Company of the number and price of the shares to be sold and invite each of them to state in writing within thirty days from the date of the said notice whether he is willing to purchase any, and if so, what maximum number of the said shares.
 - iii. At the expiration of the said thirty days the Board shall allocate the said shares to or amongst the members or member who shall have expressed his or their willingness to purchase as aforesaid and (if more than one) so far as may be pro rata according to the number of shares already held by them respectively.
 - i. PROVIDED THAT no member shall be obliged to take more than the said maximum number of shares so notified by him as aforesaid.
 - iv. Upon such allocation being made the Vendor shall be bound on payment of the said price to transfer the shares to the Purchaser or purchasers. If he makes default in so doing the Chairman for the time being of the Directors of the Company or failing him one of the Directors duly nominated by resolution of the Board for that purpose shall forthwith be deemed to be duly appointed attorney of the Vendor, with full power to

execute, complete and deliver in the name and on behalf of the vendor a transfer of the shares to the purchasing member and the Board may receive and give a good discharge for the Purchase money on behalf of the Vendor and enter the name of the purchaser in the register of members as holder by transfer of the shares purchased by him.

(v). In the event of the whole or any lot of shares offered through the Board as provided by this article not being sold in the manner by this article provided the Vendor may at any time within six calendar months after the expiration of the said period of thirty days after the date of the notice given by the Board to the members transfer the shares not so sold to any person (subject to article 24) and at any price.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

27. If a member fails to pay any call or installment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of such call or installment remains unpaid serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
28. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of three weeks from the date of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
29. If the requirements of such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time hereafter before the payment required by the notice has been made be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares not actually paid before the forfeiture.
30. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit, and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit.
31. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in

respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company receives payment in full of the nominal amount of the shares.

32. A Statutory Declaration in writing that the declarer is a Director of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favor of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
33. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether in account of the amount of the share, or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of all calls duly made and notified.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

34. The Company may by ordinary resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
35. The holders of stock may transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as, and, subject to which, the shares from which the stock arose might previous to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit but the directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of the minimum, but the minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
36. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the

shares from which the stock arose, but no privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company) shall be conferred by any such a small part of the stock as would not if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

37. Such regulations of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

38. The Company may from time to time by special resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.
39. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company by special resolution in general meeting, all new shares shall, before issue be offered to such persons as at the date of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of general meetings in proportion, as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the amount of the existing shares to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to have the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise so dispose of any new shares which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares bear to shares held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares) cannot in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this article.
40. The new shares shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, and forfeiture and otherwise as the shares in the original share capital.
41. The Company may by ordinary resolution:
- (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (b) Sub-divide its existing shares or any of them, into shares of a smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of Section 13 of the Act;
 - (c) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution,

have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

42. The Company may, by special resolution, reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve fund in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required, by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

43. A general meeting shall be held once in every calendar year at such time (not being more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding general meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. In default of a general meeting so held a general meeting may be convened by any one member in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Directors.
44. All such general meetings shall be called Annual General Meetings and all other general meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.
45. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and Extraordinary General Meetings shall also be convened on such requisition or, in default, may be convened by such requisition as provided by section 134 of the Companies Act. If at any time there are not within Tanzania sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director or any one member of the Company convene an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

46. Subject to the provisions of section 135 of the Act relating to special resolutions, three weeks' notice at the least (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served by inclusive of the day for which notice is given) specifying the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general business, the general nature of that business shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned, or in such other manner if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons, as are, under the regulations of the Company entitled to receive such notices from the Company but with the consent of all the members entitled to receive notice of some particular meeting that meeting may be convened by such shorter notice and in such manner as those members may think fit.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

47. All business transacted at any general meeting shall be deemed special with the exception of the consideration of the accounts, balance sheet and the ordinary report of the Directors and Auditors.
48. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting or any adjournment thereof unless a quorum of members is present when the meeting proceeds to business. A quorum shall be constituted when two members are present in person or by proxy and hold not less than seventy-five percent of the issued share capital entitled to vote on the matters therein presented.
49. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the request of members, shall be dissolved in any other case, it shall be adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum (as defined in Article 48), is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the meeting shall be dissolved.
50. No resolution, whether special or extraordinary, shall be carried as being passed at any general meeting or any adjournment thereof, unless the said resolutions received the affirmative vote of not less than seventy-five percent of the shares of such members as, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as special or extraordinary has been duly given.
51. The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every general meeting of the Company.
52. If there is no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, the members present shall choose someone of their number to be Chairman.
53. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left

unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for ten days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

54. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by at least one member present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote. Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that the resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book shall be conclusive evidence of the fact.
55. If a poll is duly demanded, it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
56. In the case of equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
57. A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the meeting directs.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

58. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have no vote. On a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
59. In case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
60. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian

appointed by the court, and any such committee or other legal guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

61. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy, provided that no company shall vote by proxy unless a resolution of its Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
62. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hands of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
63. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notary certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
64. Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form, or any other form which the Directors shall approve:
"I, of **NEW AGE HOSPITALS TANZANIA LIMITED** being a member of a hereby appoint of as my proxy, to vote for me and on my behalf at the (ordinary or extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on day of 20...., and at any adjournment thereof.
Signed this day of 20.....
65. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

**CORPORATIONS ACTING BY
REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS**

66. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its Directors or other governing body authorized such person as it thinks fit to act as its representatives at any meeting other company or of

any class of members of the Company, and the person authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.

DIRECTORS

67. The first Directors of the Company shall be:
- (a) Nishant Mishra and**
(b) Aswanth Lambodaran Bindhu
68. Any member or members shall, so long as he or they continue to hold in the aggregate twenty percent (20%) in nominal value of the issued shares of the Company, in respect of each such holding of twenty percent (20%), be entitled to appoint any person to be a Director of the Company. Every such member or members may at any time be removed from office and the Directors' appointed or removed shall be effected by notice in writing signed by the member or members making the same or, in the case of a member being a Corporation, signed by any of its Directors or other Authorized officer on its behalf, and shall take effect upon lodgment at the registered office.
69. Any member or members holding in the aggregate more than fifty percent (50%) in nominal value of the issued shares of the Company may nominate as Chairman of the Board of Directors, one of the Directors appointed under this Article.
70. A Director may resign from office upon giving one month's notice in writing to the company of his intention so to do, and such resignation shall take effect upon the expiration of such notice or its earlier acceptance by the Board of Directors.

RENUMERATION OF DIRECTORS

71. (1) The remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting.
- (2) In addition to their usual remuneration the Directors shall, subject to the approval of the whole Board of Directors, also be paid such travelling, hotel and other expenses as may reasonably be incurred by them in the exercise of their duties, including any such expenses incurred in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors.

72. Any Director may at any time appoint any person to be an alternate Director of the Company, with powers which may be limited by the Director, and may at any time remove any alternate Director so appointed from office, and, appoint another person in his place. An alternate Director shall (subject to his giving to the Company an address at which notices may be served on him) be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of the Directors, and to attend and vote as a Directors at any meetings at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally to perform all the functions of his appointer as a Director in the absence of such appointer. An alternate Director shall ipso facto cease to be an alternate Director if his appointer ceases for any reason to be a Director. All appointments and removals of alternate Directors shall be effected by notice in writing under the hand of the Directors or by cable, making or revoking such appointment sent to or left at the registered office. An alternate Director shall be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him. The remuneration of any such alternate Director shall be payable out of the remuneration payable to the Director appointing him and shall consist of such part (if any) of the last mentioned remuneration as shall be agreed between the alternate Director and the Director appointing him. Any Director or alternate Director may, in addition to his position as Director or alternate Director, be appointed as an alternate to or by any number of Directors.
73. A Director and alternate Director shall not require a share qualification but nevertheless shall be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting of the Company, and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.
74. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed shall when the number of Directors exceeds three, be three, and when the number of Directors does not exceed three, be two. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted and may consists of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more of the Directors but so that the expression "Director" in this article shall not include an alternate Director other than an alternate Director appointed by a Director who at the date of the resolution is absent from Tanzania.

75. Provided a Director declared his interest therein in manner provided by the Act he may vote as a Director in regard to any contract or arrangement in which he is interested or upon any matter arising there out, and if he shall so vote his vote shall be counted in the quorum when any such contract or arrangement is under consideration.
76. The Directors may exercise all of the powers of the Company with the exception of the following which shall require ratification by the Company in general meeting:
- (1) Borrowing money in excess of Tshs. 10,000,000/=;
 - (2) Mortgaging or charging the Company's undertaking; property and uncalled capital or any part thereof;
 - (3) Issuing debentures, debenture stock and other securities in excess of Tshs. 10,000,000/=, whether outright or as security for any debt liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
77. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company, as are not, by the Act, or by these articles, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting, subject, nevertheless, to any regulation of these articles, to the provisions of the Act, and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulation or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.
78. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director or may appoint any person or body corporate to manage the Company for such term and at such remuneration (whether by way of salary or commission, or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as they may think fit. In the case of the appointment of a Managing Director such appointment shall be subject to determination *ipso facto* if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.
79. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purposes:
- (a) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
 - (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, and of the Directors;

and every Director present at any meeting of Directors shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

THE SEAL

80. The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal. The seal shall be used only by the authority of the Board and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and also by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Board for this purpose.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

81. The Office of Director shall be vacated if the Director:
- (a) without the consent of the Company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the Company except that of Managing Director or Manager, or
 - (b) becomes bankrupt in this Territory or in any other territory which is declared to be a reciprocating territory under section 147 of the Bankruptcy Act; or
 - (c) Is found lunatic or becomes of unsound mind; or
 - (d) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
 - (e) Is punished with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months without the option of a fine.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

82. The Directors may meet, together, upon adequate notice duly given for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall, except as otherwise agreed from time to time by the members, be decided by a majority of votes. A Director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a Director shall at any time summon a meeting of the Directors. Adequate notice shall in all cases be that which is reasonably calculated to advise Directors whether within or without Tanzania of the proposed meeting.
83. If at any time the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

SECRETARY

84. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

85. No person shall be appointed or hold office as Secretary who is:
- (a) The sole Director of the Company, or
 - (b) A corporation the sole Director of which is the sole Director of the Company; or
 - (c) The sole Director of a corporation which is the sole Director of the Company.
86. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

87. The Company in general meeting may, by special resolution declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
88. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
89. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares, but if and so long as nothing is paid up on any of the shares in the Company dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares. No amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall, while carrying interest, be treated for the purposes of this article as paid on the share.
90. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable for meeting contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares in the Company) as the Directors may from time to time think fit.
91. If several persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of the share.

92. Any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto or in the case of joint holders to any one of such joint holders at his registered address or to such person and such address as the member or person entitled to such joint holders, as the case may be, may direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to the order of such other person as the member or person entitled or such joint holders, as the case may be, may direct.

93. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

ACCOUNTS

94. The Directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:

- a) All sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
- b) All sales and purchases of goods by the Company and the assets and liabilities of the Company.

95. Books of accounts shall be kept at the registered office of the Company, or at such other place or places as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.

96. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

97. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with section 152 and 153 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets and reports as are referred to in that section.

98. The profit and loss account shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expenses of the establishment, salaries

and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting and, in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

99. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in general meeting together with a copy of the Auditor's report shall not less than three weeks before the date of the meeting be sent to all persons entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company.

AUDIT

100. The Company shall at each Annual General Meeting appoint an Auditor or Auditors to hold the office until the next Annual General Meeting.
101. A person or corporation other than the retiring Auditor shall not be capable of being appointed Auditor at an Annual General Meeting unless notice of an intention to nominate that person or corporation to the office of Auditor has been given by a member of the Company not less than fourteen days before the Annual General Meeting and the Company shall send such notice to the retiring Auditor and shall give notice thereof to the members not less than seven days before the Annual General Meeting.
102. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting.
103. The Auditors shall be entitled to attend any general meeting of the Company at which any accounts which have been examined or reported on by them are to be laid before the Company and to make any statement or explanation they desire with respect to the accounts.

NOTICE

104. A notice may be given by the Company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address, or such other address or addresses as shall be designated in writing. If he has no registered address within the Territory, it shall be by cable or radiogram with a confirming registered letter return receipt requested addressed to him at such address outside of the territory as shall have been designated

by him in writing.

105. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, and unless the contrary is proved to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
106. If a member has no registered address within the Territory and has not supplied to the Company an address for the giving of notices to him, a notice addressed to him and advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood of the registered office of the Company shall be deemed to have been duly given to him at noon on the day on which the advertisement appears.
107. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder named first in the register of members in respect of the share.
108. A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or receiver of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within the Territory supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy has not occurred.
109. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in the same manner hereinbefore authorized to (a) every member except those members who (having no registered address within the territory) have not supplied to the Company an address for the giving of notices to them, and also to (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member, who, but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting. No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

CAPITALIZATION OF PROFITS

110. The Company in general meeting may upon the unanimous recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalize

any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit or loss the company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit or loss account or otherwise available for distribution amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares by such members respectively, or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted, distributed and credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way or partly in the other, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution.

111. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full powers to the Directors to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorize any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.



WINDING UP

112. If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Companies Act, if any, and having due regard to the respective rights of the holders of different classes of shares to which special rights are attached, divide amongst the members in specie or kind of the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members of different classes of members. The liquidator may

with like sanction vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributors as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

113. Subject to the provisions of the Act, every Director or other officer and auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, expenses, losses and liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of his office or otherwise in relation thereto unless the same occur through his own dishonesty, negligence, default, breach of duty, criminal etc, or breach of trust wherein the Director or officer shall be personally liable.

Name, Address and Description of Subscriber	Number of Shares taken	Signature
1. Nishant Mishra B4H Mpunga Gardens, Kilimani, Nairobi, Kenya	600	
2. Aswanth Lambodaran Bindhu E17 Cullinan Apartments, Nyangumi Road, Kilimani, Naironi Kenya	400	

Dated at Dar es Salaam this 07th day of DECEMBER 2022

Witness to the above signature:

Signature: 

Postal Address: P.O BOX 72015, DAR ES SALAAM

Qualifications: COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS

