

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2002

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED

Incorporated this..... day of2025

DRAWN BY:

ANILY RAMADHAN KIVEMBELE (ADVOCATE)

P.O. BOX 33303

DAR ES SALAAM

TANZANIA

THE COMPANIES ACT (NO.12 OF 2002)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is; **LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED**
2. The Registered Office of the Company shall be situated in Tanzania.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are: -
 - (i) Eletric power generation, transmission and distribution.
 - (ii) Manufacture of gas, distribution of gaseous fuels through mains.
 - (iii) Manufacture of other electronic and electric wires and cables.
 - (iv) Manufacture of wiring devices.
 - (v) Water collection treatment and supply.
 - (vi) Freight transport by road.
 - (vii) Sea and coastal freight water transport.
 - (viii) Freight air transport.
 - (ix) Warehousing and storage.
 - (x) Cargo handling.
 - (xi) Other transportation support activities.
 - (xii) Real estate activities with own or lease property.
 - (xiii) Real estate activities on a fee or contract basis.
 - (xiv) Wholesale of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and related products

- (xv) Retail sale of electrical household appliances, furniture, lighting equipment and other household articles in specialized stores
- (xvi) Support activities for petroleum and natural gas extraction
- (xvii) Sale of motor vehicles
- (xviii) Maintenance and vehicles parts and accessories
- (xix) Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles.

- (xx) To build, construct, alter, maintain, enlarge, pull down, remove or replace, and to work, manage and control any buildings, offices, factories, mills, shops, machinery, engines, roads, ways, tramways, railways, branches, or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, wharves, electric works, and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the interest of the company, and to join with any other person or company in doing any of these things.
- (xxi) To carry on business as general importers, exporters, buyers, sellers and distributors of all kinds of agricultural products such as coffee, tea, cashewnuts, peanuts, beans, maize, cowpeas, yellow gram, green monks, sesame and to be general merchandise and commodities, beeswax, honey, food and cash crops including livestock farming of every kind.
- (xxii) To carry on the business, whether together or separately, as designers, manufacturers and sellers by wholesale or retail of all kinds of lingerie, sleepwear, camisoles, chemises, slips, swim wear, robes, gowns and to carry on the business of costumiers, robe, dress and mantle makers, tailors, silk mercers and supply of clothing, lingerie, and trimmings of every kind, corset makers, milliners, hosiers, glovers, purses, lace makers, and dealers in fabrics, materials and fashion wear and accessories of every descriptions.
- (xxiii) To fit up and furnish any property for the purpose of letting the same to visitors or guests whether in single rooms, suites, chalets, caravans, movable structures, cottages or otherwise.
- (xxiv) To carry out the business as real estate developers and sellers.

- (xxv) To carry on in any part of the world the business or trade of manufacturers, producers, refiners, developers, exporters and dealers of all kinds of chemicals including organic, inorganic and fine chemicals, intermediates, derivatives, compounds, pigments, dyes, minerals, materials and all types and classifications of chemical substances and products including but not limited to plastics, thermoplastics, polypropylene, polymers, polyesters, bio-chemicals, resins, PVC products, goods and articles made from the above mentioned products and to deal in all other related services that may be carried on by the Company.

- (xxvi) To carry out business as sales agents of selling and dealers in all kinds, makes and descriptions of motor vehicles including but not limited to saloon cars, four-wheel drive vehicles, pick ups, heavy duty trucks, buses, lorries, tractors, caterpillars, cranes and all sorts of transportation equipment, transporters, road haulage specialists, container operators, freight chatteringers and general cargo dealers as well as conducting the business of clearing and forwarding agents
- (xxvii) To purchase or otherwise acquire, explore, develop and work claims or mines, drill and sink shafts or wells and raise, pump, dig and quarry for gold, silver, mineral ores, diamonds, gemstones and precious stones, oil, petroleum, natural gas, coal, earth and other substances and generally to carry on business of mining and dealers in minerals of whatever description.
- (xxviii) To carry out on business as gemstones and precious stones cutters, sorters, polishers, sellers and exporters of minerals and all types of mineral products as well as gold, diamond, tanzanite and all other minerals and gemstones.
- (xxix) To acquire land for agricultural use and other investments purposes, establish and operate cotton ginneries and oil milling projects, and deal in irrigation by using water pumps and use of all machineries, tools and equipment, agricultural implements, accessories and devices of all descriptions to enhance the objects of the company.
- (xxx) To manufacture and deal in all kinds of drugs, herbs, chemicals, acids, alkalis, alkyds, salts, antibiotics, chemical preparations, articles, compounds and intermediates (whether of animal, vegetable or mineral origin), dyes, cosmetics, paints, pigments including organic, inorganic, manufacturing, functional and all other kinds of pigments, pesticides, oils, varnishes, resins, herbs, perfumes, creams, hair-dressings, skin preparations, soaps and synthetic and man-made materials and fabrics of whatsoever nature .
- (xxxii) To develop, construct, erect, demolish, build and rebuild, alter, enlarge and improve in any part of the world any houses, buildings and works of every description on any land whether or not owned by the Company and in such manner as the Company may think fit, and to convert and appropriate any such land for roads, gardens and other facilities and generally to deal with and develop the property of the Company.
- (xxxiii) To carry on the business of cash-in-transit for persons, individuals, companies, banks and to provide armoured and other vehicles for such purposes.
- (xxxiiii) To carry out the business of electricity generation and production of electric power by solar energy and other energy sources to facilitate information communication technology (ICT) in rural centers and enhance the use of ICT by rural communities.
- (xxxv) To buy, sell, import, produce, manufacture or otherwise deal in cement, lime, plasters, whiting, clay, gravel, sand, minerals, earth, coke, fuel,

artificial stone, bricks, tiles, pipes, lubricants, cements, solutions, enamels, paints, pumps or other building material of any kind whatsoever and generally any and all kinds of material, apparatus, machinery and other things required to carry out the said business of the Company.

- (xxxv) To buy, sell, manufacture or otherwise deal in food and food products, meat groceries, fruits, confectionery wine, spirit, bear and alcoholic beverages, tobacco, druggist, supplies, beverages, linen, furniture and furnishings and other articles required in the said business.
- (xxxvi) To carry on the business as refreshment contractors, hotel and restaurant keepers, refreshment room proprietors, sugar and sweet meat merchants, farmers, dairymen, fruiterers, grocers, provision merchants victuallers, wine and spirits merchants and tobacconists, and deal in all sorts and kinds of trade and deal in refreshments and consumable stores of all kinds and to carry on the business of manufacturing chemists and ice merchants.
- (xxxvii) To carry on the business of travel Agents, general carriers, clearing, forwarding, warehousemen, ship chandlers, customs agents, transporters, Shipping agents and storey of goods, wares and merchandise of every kind and description whatsoever.
- (xxxviii) To carry on the business of planning, pre-budgeting, arranging, offering service, preparing and conducting seminar, workshop, meeting organization of all kinds of weddings, conferences, symposium, parties, whether general or specific, or any social or other lawful gathering of any kind or for any lawful purpose whatsoever.
- (xxxix) To carry on the business of catering services for all kinds of weddings, conferences, seminars, workshops, meetings, symposium, parties – whether general or specific or any lawful social or other gather of any kind whatsoever or for any lawful purposes whatsoever.
- (xl) To carry on the business of decorating for any hall, room, stadia, site or any other venue for purposes of weddings, conferences, seminars, workshops, meetings, symposiums, parties – whether general or specific or any lawful social or other gather of any kind whatsoever or for any lawful purposes whatsoever.
- (xli) To establish operate and maintain a fit-on tailoring workshop, and to provide occasional dresses for hire or purchase.
- (xlii) To carry on the business of recording, photographic - memoirs, which include shooting, recording, editing and dubbing of video pictures, from any occasion, event/or gathering, including but not limited to weddings, seminars, workshops, meetings, symposiums, parties – whether general or specific or any lawful social or other gathering of any kind whatsoever or for any lawful purposes whatsoever.
- (xliii) To carry on the business of taking, developing, and printing of still pictures and motion pictures from any occasions, event, or gathering including but

not limited to weddings, conferences, seminars, workshops, meetings, symposiums, parties –whether general or specific or any lawful social or other gathering of any kind whatsoever or for any lawful purposes whatsoever

- (xliv) To provide all necessary or required sound enhancing equipment, which include music equipments or system, sound operator, technicians, and/or system manager, and to provide music entertainment in weddings, conferences. And traditional dancing from different tribal, culture especially from East Africa.
- (xlv) To purchase or otherwise acquire any real or personal property of all kinds in the United Republic of Tanzania and abroad, and in particular land, buildings, machinery, stores, patents, licenses, concessions, right of way, light or water and any rights or privileges which may seem convenient to obtain for the purposes of/or in connection with the business of the company and whether for purposes of resale or realization or otherwise, and to manage, develop, sell, exchange, lease, mortgage or otherwise deal with the whole or any party of such property or rights.
- (xlvi) To carry on the business of a holding company with numerous subsidiaries for purposes of carrying on and fulfilling the objects of the Company by performing all the objectives of the company herein contained or any other objectives that the directors may deem necessary to be beneficial to the company whether incidental or not to the objectives of this company or to the objectives of any subsidiary of the company or any other objectives whatsoever.
- (xlvii) To carry on the business of operators of amusement parks and as promoters, organizers and managers of all kinds of entertainments sports, recreations and amusements, whether indoor or outdoor, including funfairs, exhibitions, concerts, cinematography and television performances stage and variety shows including all types and kinds of entertainment's known and yet to be known in the United Republic of Tanzania, to carry on or cause to be carried on aquatic and equestrian events, pyrotechnic aerial and spectacular displays, dancing, circuses and other forms and types of like enterprises generally and in connection to that purchase, hire, construct, provide, operate, equipment and maintain land, buildings, theatres, cinemas, studios, concert halls, stadiums, tracks, arenas, golf and putting courses, bowling greens, tennis courts, swimming baths, boating and padding pools, marinas, piers, landing stages, jetties, coach and car parks, side-shows, fairground apparatus, marquees, tents, vehicles, boats, chairs, machines and all other structures, apparatus and equipment which may be necessary or convenient in the opinion of the company for carrying on such business herein contained or any other business not herein specified.
- (xlviii) To engage and carry on the business of general traders and merchants and become universal providers and buy, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, make advances upon, import all goods, commodities, merchandise machinery and motor vehicles used or unused of whatever kind whether

already at the Tanzanian market or not and export any such articles to any foreign countries, and become retail and wholesale traders and own small and big shops, bazaars, super markets, factories, depots and trading stations, to run and establish huge stores and warehouses of goods commodities and spare parts of any vehicles and machinery on transit or pending sale or purchase and to become operators of sea moving vessels and or become shipping agents of other exporters or importers and to become cargo transporters by air or by any light or heavy earthmoving equipment for carriage, haulage and long distance transportation and for that matter construct, acquire docks, canals, railways, tramways, telegraphs, roads, or any other ways in the United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere.

- (xlix) To carry on the business of an investment Company and for that purpose to acquire and hold either in the name of the Company or in that of any nominee, shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme, dependent, municipal, local or otherwise in any part of the world.
 - (i) To acquire any such shares, stock, debenture stock, bonds, notices, obligations, or securities by original subscription, contract, tender, purchase, exchange, underwriting, participation in syndicates or otherwise and whether or not fully paid up, and to subscribe for the same subject to such terms and conditions as may be thought fit.
 - (ii) To raise and borrow money by the issue of shares, stock, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, deposit notices, and otherwise howsoever and to underwrite any such issue.
 - (iii) To invest the money so raised and borrowed in, and to hold, sell and deal with the stock, shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, obligations, notices and securities of any government, state, company, corporation, municipal or local or other body or authority.
 - (liii) To exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incident to the ownership of any such shares, stock, obligations or other securities including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing all such powers of veto or control as may be conferred by virtue of the holding of some special proportion of the issue or nominal amount thereof and to provide managerial and other executive supervisory and consultant services for or in relation to any company is interested upon such terms as may be thought fit.
 - (liv) To lend and advance money or credit to any person or company, to guarantee and give guarantees or indemnities for the payment of money or the performance of contracts or obligations by any person or company, to secure or undertake in any way the repayment of money lent or advanced to or the liabilities incurred by any person or company.
 - (lv) To make advances upon, hold in trust, issue on commission, sell or dispose of any of the investment of the company. To mortgage or charge

all or any part of the property and rights of the company including its unissued capital and to vary the investment of the Company.

- (lvi) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise, lands and property of any tenure or any interest in the same and erect or construct houses, buildings or works of every description on any land of the company, or upon any other lands, or property and to pull down, rebuild, enlarge, alter and improve existing houses, buildings or works thereon, to convert and appropriate any such land into and for roads, streets, squares, gardens and pleasure grounds and other conveniences, and generally to deal with and improve the property of the company, to sell or otherwise lease, let, mortgage and dispose of the lands, houses, buildings any other property of the company.
- (lvii) To advance money to any person or persons or corporation either at interest or without, upon the security of freehold or leasehold property by way of mortgage, or upon marketable security and in particular to advance money to shareholders in the company, and others, upon the security of or for the purpose of enabling the person borrowing the same to erect, or purchase, or enlarge or repair any house or building, or to purchase, the fee simple or any less estate or interest in, or to take a demise for any term or terms of years of any freehold or leasehold property in the United Republic of Tanzania, upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit.
- (lviii) To engage in or otherwise to carry on the business as bankers, financiers, to run banking institutions such as banks, bureau de change, deal in gold as means of exchange, gold coins, gold bullion, silver and other precious metals and stones, to transact and do all matters and things incidental thereto, or which are connected with the business of banking or dealing in money or securities for money.
- (lix) To advance and lend money or real personal and fixed securities, or cash, bonds, debentures, bills of exchange, promissory notes, letters of credit, to act as agents for sale and purchase of any stock, shares, or securities, to be stock brokers, to deal in stock exchange business, to hold stock shares in any company. To dealing or execute orders, to buy and sell securities and to any other businesses relating to stock exchange.
- (lx) To finance, assist the development through financing, capital advancement to industries, individuals, agricultural projects and other undertakings, by giving loans or acquiring shares in those undertakings and realize profit thereof. To engage in the business of project appraisals and financiers, and to deal in any business relating to finance.
- (lxi) To engage in the business of money management, dealing in security bonds, treasury bills, stock markets, commission agents, purchasing and selling of foreign currency, to lend money, or advance money, give credit to such persons or companies on such terms as may seem expedient and to borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by issuing debentures, debenture stock, and secure repayment of any money borrowed raised by the company in any manner as the company may deem expedient.

- (lxii) To found, develop, manage, extend, establish and acquire, industrial, commercial or agricultural enterprises in all its fields and in particular workshops in all branches of work and industry whether alone or enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concessions or co-operation with any person partnership or company in East Africa or overseas and also to form, constitute, float, lend money to and to assist and control any companies, associations or undertakings whatsoever.
- (lxiii) To prosecute and execute directly or by contributions or other assistance, any works, undertakings, projects or enterprises, in which or for the prosecution whereof or on the security whereof or of any profits or emoluments derivable there from, the Company shall have invested money, embarked capital or engaged its credit.
- (lxiv) To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market, and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials, and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above specified businesses or proceedings or usually dealt in by persons engaged in the like.
- (lxv) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any immovable or movable property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business.
- (lxvi) To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire and protect and renew in any part of the world, any patents, trademarks, designs, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or indirectly to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, or information so acquired.
- (lxvii) To acquire, and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which the Company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the Company.
- (lxviii) To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint venture or reciprocal concession or for limiting competition with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.

- (Ixxix) To improve, manage, develop, grant rights or privileges in respect of, or otherwise, deal with, all or any part of the property and rights of the company.
- (Ixxx) To vest any immovable or movable property, rights, or interest acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company, and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- (Ixxxi) To subscribe for, take or otherwise, and hold shares, stocks, debentures, or other securities of any other company.
- (Ixxxii) To invest and deal with moneys of the Company not immediately required in any manner.
- (Ixxxiii) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and other having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation and the payment of money of or by any such persons or companies and generally to give guarantees and indemnities.
- (Ixxxiv) To receive money on deposit or loan and borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by issue of debentures, or debenture stock perpetual or otherwise, and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the company, both present and future including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any obligation undertaken by the company or any other person or company as the case may be.
- (Ixxxv) To apply for, promote and obtain any act of Parliament, charter, privilege, concession, license or authorization of any government, state or municipality, provision order or license of any authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or for extending any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the constitution of the company or for any other purpose which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the interests of the Company.
- (Ixxxvi) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or any person or company that may seem conducive to the objects of the Company or any of them and to obtain from any such government authority, person or company any rights, privileges, charters, contracts, licenses and concessions which the Company may think fit or desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply therewith.
- (Ixxxvii) To pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses which the Company may lawfully with respect to the formation and registration of the Company or issue of its capital including brokerage and commissions for obtaining

applications for or taking placing or underwriting or procuring the underwriting of shares, debentures of other securities of the Company.



- (lxxviii) To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person or company whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.
- (lxxix) To procure the Company to be registered or recognized in any part of the world outside the Republic of Tanzania. To establish or promote or concur in the establishing or promoting any company or companies for the purpose or acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company.
- (lxxx) To sell, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the property, assets, or undertaking of the Company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, stock, debentures, or other securities of any other company whether or not having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company.
- (lxxxii) To distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital shall be made except with the sanction, of any, for the time being required by law.
- (lxxxiii) To act as agents, or brokers, and as trustees for any person or company and to undertaken and perform sub-contracts and to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and either as principals, agents trustees, contractors, or otherwise and either alone or jointly with others, end either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise.
- (lxxxiiii) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the property or rights of the Company.
- (lxxxv) To develop, acquire, operate, lease, quarries, mines, mining rights, and mineral lands, timber, forestry estates and plantations, property and land of every description developed or intended to be developed for the production of raw materials, crops, animal products, or agricultural products anywhere throughout the whole world and any interest or concession therein and to explore, work, exercise develop and turn the same to account to build, sell, establish, maintain, operate, let, or own agricultural equipments, machinery, facilities, accessories, workshops and tools of all kinds.
- (lxxxvi) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or do any other things that the directors may deem necessary and beneficial to the Company.

AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED that the word “Company” save when used in reference to this Company, in this clauses shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether domiciled in East Africa or elsewhere and the intention is that the objects specified otherwise expressed in each paragraph of this clause shall except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph be independent main objects and shall in no wise be limited or restricted by a reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

4. The liability of the members is Limited.

5. The Capital of the Company is Tshs. 5,000,000,000 divided into 100 shares of Tshs. 50,000,000 each, with powers for the Company to increase or reduce such capital, and the company shall have the power to divide the original or any increased or reduced capital into classes and to attach there to any preferential, deferred, qualified or other special rights, privileges, restrictions or conditions.

We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the numbers of shares in the capital of the company set opposite our respective names

NAME, ADDRESSES & DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY EACH SUBSCRIBER	SIGNATURES
MARK ALOYCE MAZIKU P.O. BOX 21353 DAR ES SALAAM TANZANIA	50	
NIAN CI FLYNN ZIP CODE 0081 PRETORIA SOUTH AFRICA	50	

Date this 23 day of APRIL 2025

WITNESS to the above Signatures:

Name: ANILY RAMADHAN KUUMBEKID

Signature: _____

Address: _____

Qualification: _____



THE COMPANIES ACT, [NO. 12 OF 2002]

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

1. In these Regulations:

“the Act” means the Companies Act;

“the articles” Means the articles of the company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or on which it is to take effect;

“the holder” in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;

“the seal” means the common seal of the company;

“secretary” means the secretary of the company or any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions referred to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the company.

2. The regulations contained in Part 1 of Table A shall apply save for regulation 22.

3. The Company is private company and accordingly:

- (a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in the manner hereinafter prescribed.
- (b) The number of members of the Company is limited to fifty as further provided for in the Act.

- (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.
 - (d) The Company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearers.
4. The share Capital of the Company is Five Billion Shillings (Tshs.5,000,000,000.00) divided into 100 Shares of Fifty million Tanzania Shillings (Tshs. 50,000,000) each.
 5. The Directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason thereof, decline to register any transferor any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

6. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the company may by Ordinary Resolution determine.
7. Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Act, any shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.
8. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separated general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Regulations relating to general meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.
9. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.
10. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by section 56 of the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
11. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by or be

compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share of (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) any other rights or interests in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

12. Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of transfer (or within shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every Certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid thereon. In respect of a share of shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.

13. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

LIEN

14. The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share; but the directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to any amounts payable in respect of it.

15. The company may sell, in such manner as the directors determine, any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after a notice in writing has been given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.

16. To give effect to any such sale the directors may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

17. The net proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

18. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal values of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof payable at fixed times, provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.
19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.
20. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
21. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it become due and payable to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the term of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, at a rate not exceeding five percent per annum as the directors may determine, but the directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
22. An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call, and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount has become due and payable by virtue of a call.
23. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
24. The directors may If they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys un-called and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would , but for such advance, become [payable] pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) six per cent per

annum, as may be agreed upon between the directors and the members paying such sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

25. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in any usual form or any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid up, by or on behalf of the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
26. If the directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within sixty days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
27. The registration of transfers of shares or any transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine.
28. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting title to any share.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29. In case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
30. A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may properly be required by the directors and subject as hereinafter provided, either elect by notice to the company to be registered as holder of the share, or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee in which case he shall execute the appropriate instrument of transfer. All the articles relating to the right to transfer of shares shall apply to any such notice or transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
31. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

32. If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear day's notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
33. If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
34. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share in question.
35. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeiture, were payable by him to the company in respect of the shares, but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys at the date of forfeiture were payable by him to the company in the respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares, but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture for any consideration received on their disposal.
36. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

37. The company may by ordinary resolution: -
- (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount, as the resolution prescribes;
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (c) subject to the provisions of section 65(1) (d) of the Act, sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association;
 - (d) Cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
38. Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of this Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
39. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any way.
40. The company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.
41. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
42. The directors may, whenever they think fit, call an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisitionists, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 134 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Territory sufficient directors to call the meeting, any director or any two members of the company may call the

meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

43. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing. The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such;
- Provided that a meeting of the company may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed.
- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
44. Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omissions to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

45. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extra ordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of, the auditors.
46. No Business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be a quorum.
47. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day at such other time and place as the direction may determine.

48. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their member to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
49. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
50. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at a general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.
51. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days and the general nature of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
52. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
 - (a) by the chairman or,
 - (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting or
 - (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.
53. Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be evidence of that fact.

54. The demand for a poll may, before the taken, be withdraw.
55. Except as provided in article 54, if a poll is dully demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
56. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other note he may have.
57. A Poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately or at such time not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.
58. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting dully convened and held, and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

59. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any share or class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member (being an individual) present in person or (being a corporation) present by a dully authorized representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
60. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
61. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Disease Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
62. No member shall be entitled to vote at a general meeting or at a separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
63. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

- 64. On a poll vote may be given either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
- 65. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing executed by or on behalf of the appointer of his attorney dully authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
- 66. The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed a copy of the authority certified notarially or in such other manner as approved by the directors shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Tanzania as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and the default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 67. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form is near thereto as circumstances admit.

LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED

I/weofbeinga
 Member/members of the above named company, hereby appointofor failing himof
 as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or extraordinary as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on theday ofand at any adjournment thereof.
 Signed thisday of20.....

- 68. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as thereto as circumstances admit.

LUBIAN ELETRICIAN TANZANIA LIMITED

I/weofbeinga
 Member/members of the above named company hereby appoint
 ofor failing himofas my/our proxy to vote for m/us on my/your behalf at the (annual or extraordinary as the case
 may be) general meeting of the company to be held on theday of.....and at any adjournment thereof.
 Signed thisday of20.....

This form is to be used * in favour of against resolution; 1/2/3 etc; unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

69. The Instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
70. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

71. Any corporation which is member of the company may by a resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to acts as its representative at any meeting of the Company or any class of members of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS

72. The number of the directors and the names of the first director shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of director shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two. The first Directors of the company shall be;

- (1) **MARK ALOYCE MAZIKU**
- (2) **NIAN CI FLYNN**

73. The shareholding qualification for directors may be fixed by the company in general meeting and unless and until so fixed no qualification shall be required.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

74. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors, which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

75. The directors may by power of Attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his power.
76. The directors may exercise all the power of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.
77. The company may exercise the powers conferred upon the company by sections 124 to 127 of the Act with regard to the keeping of a branch register, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register

DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND INTERESTS

78. The directors may appoint one or more of their member to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement may be made on such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director, but without prejudice to any claim to damage for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation.
79. A director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with section 209 of the Act.
80. Subject to the provision for the Act, and provided that he has disclose to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office: -
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested;
 - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with or in which the company may be interested.
 - (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the company otherwise directs.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize a director or his firm to act as auditor to the company

81. For the purpose of articles 76 and 77 –
- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent as specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in such transaction of the nature and extent specified and;
 - (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated an interest of his.
82. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine

MINUTES

83. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books for the purpose: -
- (a) of all appointments of officer made by the directors;
 - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, of the holders of any class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committee of directors.

REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES: GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

84. The remuneration of the directors shall be determined by Ordinary Resolution of the company and, unless the resolution otherwise provides, such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all traveling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the business of the company.
85. The directors on behalf of the company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any director who had held any other salaries office or place of profit with the company or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund and pay premium for the purchase or provisions of any such gratuity, pension or allowance

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

86. The office of director shall be vacated if the director
- (A) ceases to be director by virtue of any provisions of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director, or
 - (B) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (C) becomes of unsound mind; or
 - (D) resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
 - (E) shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the director from meetings of the directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

87. The company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or to be an additional director.
88. The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the total number of directors does not exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election.
89. The company may by ordinary resolution, or of which special notice has been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these articles or in any agreement between the company and the director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim the director may have for damage for breach of any service contract with the company
90. The company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding regulation, and without prejudice to the power of the directors under article 85 the company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

91. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors, if shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to any director who is absent from the Tanzania
92. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.
93. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if their number is reduced below the number fixed as the necessary quorum, the

continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancy or of calling a general meeting.

94. The directors may appoint one of their members to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors as which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same; the directors present may choose one of their member r to be chairman of the meeting.
95. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors. The articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying shall govern subjects to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members.
96. All acts done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.
97. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the director or of committee of directors; shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors dully convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form and signed by one or more directors
98. Save as otherwise provided in the articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflict or may conflict with the interest of the company. Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, an interest of a person who is connected with a director shall be treated as interest of the director.
99. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is entitled to vote.
100. The company my by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the articles prohibiting director from voting at a meeting of directors or of committee directors.
101. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to office or employment with the company or anybody corporate in which the company is interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except than concerning his own appointment.

102. If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of directors to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

SECRETARY

103. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
104. A provision of the Act or these Regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of the secretary.

THE SEAL

105. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the director. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.

DIVIDEND AND RESERVE

106. Subject to section 180 of the Act, the company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but not dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.
107. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the company available for distribution.
108. The directors may before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as they think proper as reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of directors, be applicable for any propose of to which the profits of the company may be properly and depending such application may at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments, (other than shares of the company) as the directors may from time to time think fit. The directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward and any profits, which they may think prudent not to divide.
109. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares in respect of which dividend is paid .All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amount paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date that shall rank for dividend accordingly.

110. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct payment of such dividend wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members, and vest any assets in trustees.
111. Any dividend, interest or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque sent through the post to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is the first named in the register of members or to such person and such address as the holder or joint holder may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any one of two or more holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the held by them as joint holders.
112. No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
113. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it become due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company.

ACCOUNTS

114. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- (A) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (B) all sales and purchases of goods by the company; and
 - (C) the assets and liabilities of the company.
- Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of company's affairs and explain its transactions.
115. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or, subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
116. No members shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directors or by Ordinary Resolution of the company.
117. The directors shall, in accordance with sections 153, 155 and 159 of Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, cash flow statements, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.

118. In accordance with section 163 of the Act, the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the director's report and the auditor's report shall not less than twenty – one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debenture.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFIT

119. The directors may, with the authority of an Ordinary Resolution of the company:

- (a) Resolve to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and that such sum be capitalized to the members who would have been entitled to it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or in paying up in full in issued share or debentures of the company to be allotted and distributed;
- (b) Make such provision the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and authorize any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalization, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

AUDIT

120. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.

NOTICES

121. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member wither personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelop addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, preparing, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of (seventy-two) hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the company and address within the Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.



122. A notice may be given by the company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the register of members in respect of the share.
123. A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorized by the articles, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within the Tanzania supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
124. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received purpose for which it was called.

WINDING UP

125. If the company is wound up the liquidator may, with sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or any part of the of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall determine, but no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

126. Whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favor or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 481 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings for negligence default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.

NAME, ADDRESSES & DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY EACH SUBSCRIBER	SIGNATURES
MARK ALOYCE MAZIKU P.O. BOX 21353 DAR ES SALAAM TANZANIA	50	
NIAN CI FLYNN ZIP CODE 0081 PRETORIA SOUTH AFRICA	50	

Date this 23 day of APRIL 2025

WITNESS to the above Signatures:

Name: ANILY RAMADHAN KUENBETRI

Signature: 

Address: 33803

Qualification: AD 096915

