

**THE COMPANIES ACT NO. 12 OF 2002**

**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

**MEMORANDUM**

**AND**

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**MOLI OIL MILLS CO. LIMITED**

Incorporation this .....day of .....2021

Drawn by:

**MILEMBE GUNGU SILANGA (Subscriber)**

**P.O. BOX 613**

**DAR ES SALAAM**

**THE COMPANIES ACT, 2002**  
**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**  
**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**  
**OF**  
**MOLI OIL MILLS CO. LIMITED**

1. The name of the company "**MOLI OIL MILLS CO. LIMITED**"
2. The Registered office of the Company will be situated in Tanzania.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
  - (a) To carry on the business of farming, that is purchasers, sellers, exporters and dealers in and or producers of food and cash crops, manufacturer of vegetable's and animals oil, oilseeds and other produce of the soil.
  - (b) To carry on the business of consulting on accounting, bookkeeping and auditing activities, tax consulting, marketing consulting, business consulting, financial consulting, veterinary consulting, forest management consulting, information technology consulting, business consulting and other professional consulting.
  - (c) To carry on the business of transportation of goods, warehousing and storage, distribution and supply gaseous fuel of all kinds.
  - (d) To carry on the business of cotton, that is purchasers, sellers, hirer of cotton ginnery, ginner's exporter of cotton lint bales and dealers in all cotton produce.
  - (e) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire, hold mines, auriferous lands, or gold or other mineral prospecting and or mining rights anywhere as it may be though fit, and to sink shaft, drifts, or headings and otherwise search for win, work, get, crush, teat and prepare for the market gold, quartz, ore and precious stones, and gems, cola, clay, copper, tin, lead, zinc and other metals and minerals and to carry on business as goldsmiths, silversmith, jewelers, metallurgist, quarry owners, glass and pottery makers.
  - (f) To carry on the business of agricultural pesticides, crop and animal production, hunting, fishing aquaculture, silviculture and forest activities.
  - (g) To deal with animal's husbandry, i.e. keeping, buying and selling livestock's.
  - (h) Manufacturer, importers, exporters of and dealers in leather, chamois, leather cloth, leather bags, skins, artificial leather, leather industrial work accessories welders leather, manufacturer leather sport gear, etc.
  - (i) To carry on the business of miners and mining in all their branches and for the said purpose to peg, purchase, take on lease, or exchange or otherwise acquire

concessions, grants, easements, options, claims, properties, cassettes- and effects supposed to contain minerals, diamonds, or other precious stones, and any interest therein, and to explore, mine, work, excise develop and turn to account mines and mining rights and any undertaking connected therewith.

- (j) To carry on the business of builders and civil contractors, engineers, founders, construct, maintain, repairs, pull down and restore either alone or jointly and establish jointly ventures with other companies, persons works or all descriptions including ginneries oil mills, textiles, factories, engines, roads, bridges, machineries and houses, offices, workshops, buildings and premises and any fixed or movable machineries, tools, plant, implements, patterns, stock-in-trade, patents and patent rights, technical know-how, goodwill liabilities and engagements of or connected with workshops.
- (k) To engage and or carry on the business of general civil works, engineering, buildings, road constructions renovations, office partitioners, decoratories, maintainers of dilapidated buildings, plumbing, furniture manufactures, suppliers and exporters, residential and office furnishers and general to be designers and fabricators of all kinds of gadgets whatsoever, to be timber processors, sawmillers and suppliers of all kinds of timber to be hardware and building materials suppliers, manufactures of electrical equipments and suppliers.
- (l) To carry on the business of building contractors, masonry and general construction contractors and among other things to construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work and advertise railways, tramways, docks harbours, sharves, canals, water-courses, irrigations, reclamations, sewage, drainage and other sanitary works, water, gas, electric and other supply works, houses building and erections of every kind.
- (m) To build, construct, alter, improve, enlarge, repair, maintain, develop, demolish, remove or replace and to work, manage, carry out or control works of all descriptions, including but not limited to offices, factories, mills, warehouses, shops, stores, garages and other buildings, roads, machinery and plants, which may in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, be likely to advance directly or indirectly the Company's interests; to clear sites for the same; to contribute to, subsidise or otherwise assist in the building, construction, alternation, repair, improvement, enlargement, maintenance, development, demolition, removal, replacement, working, management, carrying out or control of the above.
- (n) To carry on the business of electrical in general, drainage installation, power plants, installation, commission, electrical as contractors, electrical and mechanical engineers and manufacturers, workers and dealers in electrical apparatus and goods and the manufacture or hire of apparatus or goods to which the application of electricity or and kind of power, or any power that can be used as a substitute therefore, is or may be useful convenient or ornamental, or any other business of a like nature.
- (o) To carry out business in renewable energy and to undertake consultancy works in electrical and power protection systems.

- (p) To carry on the business of electronic engineering, electrical engineering and mechanical engineering, to maintenance, design, manufacture, assemble, repair any electronic and electrical apparatus, component or system, to act as manufactures' representatives, commission agents, merchants or brokers and to import, export, hire, sell, purchase or otherwise dealing in all kinds of electronic, mechanical and electrical systems.
- (q) To carry on the business of manufacturers of all kinds of electrical goods such as switches sockets connection units, connector boxes mounting units, terminal units lamp holders and all kinds of electrical goods required for the purpose of installing electrical connection.
- (r) To carry on the business of electricians, mechanical engineers and manufacturers, workers and dealers in electrical apparatus and goods and the manufacture sale or hire of apparatus or goods to which the application of electricity or any like power or any power that can be used as a substitute therefore, is or may be useful convenient or ornamental, or any other business of a like nature.
- (s) To carry on the business as mechanical, chemical, electrical engineers, engineering consultants, researchers and technical advisors in the repair, installation, renovation, rehabilitation and servicing of all kinds of machinery, electrical apparatus, power lines, radio and electronic equipments, to sell, supply and deal in electrical machinery, industrial equipment, plant, accumulators, lamps, meters, engines, dynamos, batteries, transformers, switchgears, motors, telephonic or telegraphic apparatus of any kind, and to carry out the business of research and development for conventional and non-conventional energy resources, new and renewable energy,
- (t) To carry on the business as general electronic engineers, to design and install all kinds of electronic network and generally to be electronic networking consultants, to be general electronic products manufacturers and suppliers, representatives, general commission agents and generally to be electronic systems consultants and to provide training programs.
- (u) To establish workshops for training of heavy duty construction equipment handling and safety measures, hire of construction equipment, construction labour and general advisory services.
- (v) To carry on the business of architectural work and technical drawings on building and contractors, masonry and general construction contractors and where necessary to give consultation on the same.
- (w) To provide consultancy on construction, architecture, structural designs and engineering, construction labour management, estate plans and soil testing.
- (x) To carry on the business of real estate agents, property managers, and realty administrators of buildings, services of letting or valuation, builders, contractors for construction works, renovation, decoration and demolition and to purchase otherwise acquire land for houses, offices, workshops and building premises.

- (y) To act as estate agents and solicit funds, process sales, purchase, lease and marketing arrangements for all kinds of landed properties.
- (z) To provide consultancy services in the fields of land estate, architectural, mechanical, civil, structural, electrical engineering, quantity surveying, valuation of land and machinery, all kinds of fixed and movable assets; stocks, shares, business, joint venture.
- (aa) To carry on the business as traders, suppliers, general merchants, importers, exporters, stockists, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all types of electrical goods, hardware, building materials, spare parts and maintenance, tyres, tubes, tools and accessories for all types of automotive, motor vehicles, scrapers, agricultural machinery, implements, equipment, all kinds of industrial projects machinery and equipment, timber, fishing gears, groceries, computers, office equipments, cooking oils, salts, foodstuffs, cosmetics, oils, paints, spirits sheets, hinges, screws, iron mongery, textiles piece goods, all types of leather goods, shoes, bags and other similar goods.
- (bb) To carry on the business of importing, exporting, supplying building materials of all kinds and types, importation of construction equipments, light and heavy duty machines.
- (cc) To carry on the business of selling all types of building materials and be the supplier of building materials to different companies and individuals.
- (dd) To carry on the business of importers, exporters, buying selling, dealers in hardware, building materials, sanitary-ware, wall papers, roofing tiles, flooring tiles, supplying industrial equipment's agricultural implements and equipment's spares of every description, plumbers, decorators, steel fabrication, machine shop, nickel plating, electric plating, making steel windows, doors, frames and roof tresses. To carry on business as general traders, importers and exporters of construction materials, building materials, hardware, bricks, tiles, corrugated iron, metal materials, machines and materials for road, rail making and other related equipments for building purposes of all kinds.
- (ee) To deal in all types of tools and hardware, construction and architectural materials, electrical items and accessories, all types of shutters and blinds, barriers and culverts, pre cast items, all types of paints and solvents. All types of metals including copper, brass aluminium, steel, stainless steel, iron and other metals, in raw or finished form in any shapes and size whether in extrusions, sections and profiles. To deal in materials and business of floor covering applications, glass sheets and glass items.
- (ff) To carry on the business as general traders, importers and exporters of building materials, hardware, bricks, tiles, corrugated iron, metal materials, machines and materials for road, rail making and other related equipments for building purposes of all kinds.
- (gg) To carry on the business as dealers and traders of all kinds of electric goods and equipment and to facilitate, import and export of all electrical commodities and equipment, spare parts of all kinds and to become general registered dealers in

all kinds of electrical appliances and apparatus also carry on the business of mechanical and electrical engineering, to design, manufacture, assemble, repair any communication equipment, electrical and electronic apparatus, To carry on the trades or business of making, selling, hiring out, buying, installing, putting up, maintaining, repairing and working, mobile telephones, telegraphs, radios, television sets, recording instruments and electronics, electrical and mechanical apparatus, equipment and fittings of all kinds whatsoever.

- (hh) To carry on the business as manufacturers, principals or agents representatives of importing, exporting, buying, selling, distributing of new and used motor vehicles, bikes, cars, trucks, lorries or other vehicles, motor vehicles spares and parts of all descriptions, railway, fuel and other oils, petroleum of all kinds, tyres and tubes, batteries, battery solution and other spares, accessories, motor cycles, bicycles, tractors, mining equipments, fishing gears, agricultural and industrial machinery and equipments, new and second hand spare parts and accessories and generally to deal in all types of motor spare parts and industrial and agricultural machinery and parts, electronic goods and accessories thereof.
- (ii) To carry on the business of importers, exports, general merchants, general store-keepers, universal providers, wholesale and/or retail traders, dealers of weighing scales, inkjet technology, moisture analysis, lab equipment, solar technology, hardware, piece wood, paints, glassware, crockery, cutlery, ironmongery, turners and other household fittings and requirements, other articles and commodities of personal, household use and consumption provisions, textiles, groceries, medicines, drugs, wines spirits, liquors, chemical, surgical, optical, photographic and other instruments, apparatus and materials, motor vehicles, automobiles and generally in all manufactured goods of all types and merchandise of all kinds.
- (ji) To establish, operate, ran and manage manufacturing industries of all types and branches associated with engineering works, be it mechanical, electrical, chemical or any other kind, but the functions of this company shall be confined to manufacturing and the business essential thereto.
- (kk) To carry on the business of clearing and forwarding agents, commission agents, transporters, freighters, haulers, customs bonded warehouse and godown keepers, cargo and travel agents, insurance agents, tourist agents, manufacturers' representatives, road contractors, cargo superintendents, packers, machinery haulage specialists, warehousemen, engineers, electricians, motor cars, cabs, omnibus, lorries, oil tank and coach proprietors and transporters, civil transport contractor and transporters by any means of conveyance of people and goods in Tanzania and the neighboring countries and in such other place or places as may from time to time determined by the company, engage in and or otherwise carry on the business as transporters and transport agents, freight forwarders.
- (ll) To purchase, take on lease and otherwise acquire for investment or resale any estate, land, buildings, easements and other rights and interests in immovable property or any tenure in Tanzania and elsewhere and to sell let or lease exchange or otherwise dispose of or grant rights over any immovable property, belong to the company.

- (mm) To purchase, take or lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and hold any state or interest in any lands buildings, casements, rights, licenses secret processes, machinery, plants, stock, in trade and real or personal property of any kind.
- (nn) To accept payment for any property or rights sold or otherwise disposed or dealt with by the company either in cash, by installment or otherwise or in fully or partly paid up shares of the company or corporation, with or without deferred or preferred or guaranteed rights.
- (oo) To carry any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the Board of Directors be advantageously carried on by the Company in connection with the above business or the general business of the company.
- (pp) To act as agents for the sale and purchase of any stocks shares or securities or for any other monetary or mercantile transactions.
- (qq) To act as executors and trustees of wills and settlements made by customers and others and undertake and execute trusts of all kinds.
- (rr) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either or though agents, sub-contractors, trustees and otherwise.
- (ss) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to this company, whether by cash payments or by allotment to him or them of shares or securities of the Company credited and paid in full or in part, otherwise.
- (tt) To accept for safe custody and keep for customers of the company all kinds of securities valuables and things.
- (uu) To lend money on any terms that may thought fit, and particularly to customers or other person or corporations having dealing with societies and to give any guarantees that may be expedient.
- (vv) To advance money to shareholders in the company, and other to the purpose of enabling the person borrowing the same erect or purchase, or enlarge or repair any house or building or to purchase the fee simple or any less estate or interest in, or to take a demise for any term or terms of years of any freehold or leasehold property upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit.
- (ww) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (xx) To distribute among the members in pieces any property of the company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the company.

- (yy) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount execute and issue promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (zz) To act as agents or brokers, and as trustees for any person firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts and also to act in any other business of the company through or by means of agents, brokers, sub-contractors or others.
- (aaa) To take or otherwise and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company.
- (bbb) To transact or carry on all kinds of Agency business and in particular in relation to the investment of money, the sale of property, and the collection and receipt of money.
- (ccc) To do all other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the entertainment of the objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that:-



The word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or incorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Republic of Tanzania or elsewhere.

The object specified in each of the paragraphs of the paragraph of this clause shall be regarded as independent objects, and accordingly shall in no way be limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraphs) by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph of the name of the Company but may be carried out in as full and ample a manner and construed in as wide a sense as if each of the said paragraph define the objects of the separate and distinct compound.

That the meaning of any general word or words in any paragraph of this clause shall not be restricted by being construed ejusdem generis with any particular word or words in the same paragraph.

4. The Liability of the Members is Limited
5. The capital of the Company is Shillings 100,000,000/= divided into 100,000 shares of Shillings 1,000/= each. The Company shall have powers to increase its capital and to divide the shares in its capital for the time being into several classes of stock or shares and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred or special rights, privileges, or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBERS	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN	SIGNATURE
DAUDI GUNGU SILANGA P.O. BOX 613 DAR ES SALAAM	30000	
MILEMBE GUNGU SILANGA P.O. BOX 613 DAR ES SALAAM	20000	

Dated at DJM this 13 day of 05

**Witness to the above signatures**

Name : DANIEL SIMON  
 Signature :   
 Postal Address : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Qualification : ADVOCATE



**THE COMPANIES ACT, 2002**  
**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**  
**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**  
**OF**  
**MOLI OIL MILLS CO. LIMITED**

**INTERPRETATION**

1. In these articles:-
  - a) "the Act" means the Companies Act;
  - b) "the articles" means the articles of the company;
  - c) "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
  - d) "the seal" means the Common Seal of the Company;
  - e) "Secretary" shall mean any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company;

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photograph, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the company.

**PRIVATE COMPANY**

2. The company is a Private Company and accordingly:-
  - (a) The right to transfer shares is restricted in manner hereinafter prescribed.
  - (b) The number of members of the company (exclusive of persons who are in the employment of the company and persons who have been formerly in the employment to be the member of the were while in such employment to be the member of the company) is limited fifty, provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the company jointly they shall for the purpose of this regulation be tested as a single member.
  - (c) Any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company is prohibited.
  - (d) The company shall not have power to issue share warrants to bearer.

**MEMBERS**

3. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is three but the directors may from time to time register an increase of members.
4. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the company.

## GENERAL MEETINGS

5. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

Provided that so long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place, as the directors shall appoint.

6. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
7. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 133 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the Tanzania sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be convened by the directors.

## NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

8. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one clear days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall specify the place, the day and hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business:

Provided that a meeting of the company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this article be deemed to have been duly called if it so agreed:-

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representation not less than ninety – five percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.
9. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non receipt to notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

## PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

10. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election in the place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
11. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; two persons, entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorized representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
12. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting quorum is not present, or if during the course of a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.
13. The Chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the general meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one director and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
14. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be a chairman of the meeting.
15. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given specifying the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
16. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands demand:-
  - (a) by the chairman; or
  - (b) by at least (three) members present in person or by proxy; or

- (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one – tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to the effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn

17. Except as provided in article 18, if a poll is duly demand it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demand.
18. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
19. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.
20. A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall have effect as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held, and consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more member.

#### **VOTE OF MEMBERS**

21. Every member shall have one vote.
22. A member in respect of whose estate a manager has been appointed under section 26 of the Mental Diseases Ordinance, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his said manager, and any such manager may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
23. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the company have been paid.
24. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
25. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under sea) or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the company.

26. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company or at such other place within the Territory as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting of adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
27. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near hereto as circumstances admit:-  
 " ..... Limited  
 I/We ..... of ....., being a member/ members of the above- named company, hereby appoint ..... of or failing him ..... of ....., as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/or behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the case maybe} general meeting of the company to be held on the .....day of .....201....., and at any adjournment thereof.  
 Signed ..... day of, .....201 ....."
28. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-  
 " ..... Limited  
 I/We .....of ..... Being a member/members of the above named company, hereby appoint of ..... of ..... or failing him ..... of ....., as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the {annual or extraordinary, as the case may be}general meeting of the company to be held on the .....day of.....201....., and at any adjournment thereof.  
 Signed ..... day of, .....201 ....."
- This form is to be used\* in favour of/against the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.
- \*Strike out which ever is not desire"
29. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
30. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy, or poll demanded by proxy, or by the duty authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at its registered office (or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

### CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATION AT MEETINGS

31. Any corporation which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

### **DIRECTORS**

32. The Number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them and until such determination the signatories to the Memorandum of Association shall be the first directors. Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not less than two.
33. The following persons shall be first Directors to the Company:-

- 1. DAUDI GUNGU SILANGA**
- 2. MILEMBE GUNGU SILANGA**

34. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors shall also be paid all traveling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.

### **BORROWING POWERS**

35. The director may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or any third party.

### **POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS**

36. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directors given by special resolution, the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company, shall manage the business of the company. No alteration of the memorandum or articles and no such directions shall invalidate any prior act of the directors, which would otherwise have been valid. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
37. The directors may by power of attorney appoint any person to be the attorney or agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the attorney or agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

38. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as they case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine,
39. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:-
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
  - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committees of the directors;
  - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors.

### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

40. The office of director shall be vacated if the directors:-
- (a) Without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office of profit under the company; or
  - (b) Becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
  - (c) Ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
  - (d) Becomes of unsound mind; or
  - (e) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or
  - (f) Is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.

A director shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereat, and if he does so vote shall not be counted.

41. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act as director to fill a vacancy or be an additional director.
42. The directors may appoint a person who is to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, but so that the total number of directors shall not at anytime exceed the number fixed by or in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re – election.
43. The company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice had been given in accordance with section 144 of the Act, remove any director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in the article or any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.
44. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under the immediately preceding article. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under article 40 the company in general

meeting may appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

45. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any directors who are absent from Tanzania.
46. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directions may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.
47. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number, or summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
48. The directors may appoint one of their numbers to be the chairman of the board of directors and determine the period of which he is to hold office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if no such chairman is appointed, or if he is unwilling to preside, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
49. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors; any committees so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so to any such regulations, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.
50. All act done by a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and was entitled to vote.
51. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or {as the case may be} a committee of directors duly convened and held, and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors.

#### **SECRETARY**

52. The Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

53. A provisions of the Act or these articles requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

#### THE SEAL



54. The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of the directors authorized by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second director.
55. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:-
- all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect to which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
  - all sales and purchase of goods by the company; and
  - the assets and liabilities of the company.
- Property books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and air view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
56. The books of account shall be kept at the registered officer of the company, or subject to section 151 (4) of the Act, at such other place or places as the directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the directors.
57. No member shall (as such) have right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorized by the directories or by ordinary resolution of the company.
58. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with sections 153,155 and 150 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the company in general meeting, such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those sections.
59. In accordance with section 164 of the Act, the copy of the company's annual accounts to be laid before the company in general meeting together with a copy of the directors' report and the auditors shall not less than twenty – one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the company. Provided that this regulation shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any debentures.

#### AUDIT

60. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 170 to 179 of the Act.


61. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of directors need not be in writing. The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepared envelope addressed to the member at his registered address, or by leaving it at that address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected at the expiration of seventy – two hours after the letter containing the same was posted. A member whose registered address is not within the Tanzania and who gives to the company an address within the Tanzania at which notices may be given him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBERS	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN	SIGNATURE
DAUDI GUNGU SILANGA P.O. BOX 613 DAR ES SALAAM	30000	
MILEMBE GUNGU SILANGA P.O. BOX 613 DAR ES SALAAM	20000	

Dated at DUM this 13 day of 08

**Witness to the above signatures**

Name : DANIEL SIMON  
 Signature :   
 Postal Address : .....  
 Qualification : ADVOCATE

