

THE COMPANIES ACT 2002
(CAP 212)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED

(Incorporated the _____ day of _____ 2022)

DRAWN BY:
RAVJI JADVA KHIMANI
P. O. BOX - 20264
DAR ES SALAAM
(Subscriber)

THE COMPANIES ACT (CAP 212)
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED

1. **The name of the Company is “SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED”**
2. **The Registered Office of the company will be situated in the United Republic of Tanzania.**
3. **The objects to be pursued by the company on its incorporation are: —**
 - a) To search, research or mine, aggregate, coal, marble stones, minerals and mines and to process, market or sell aggregate, marble stones, minerals and gemstones of any kind whatsoever obtained from various sites in the Tanzania and to purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, work, exercise, develop, turn to account and dispose of aggregate, marble stones, minerals, gold, diamonds, any interests in the same, respectively, and to carry on the business of mining, excavation, refining, cutting, polishing or selling of aggregate, marble stones, minerals, precious stones, gold, diamonds and industrial minerals at any state of ore, construction raw materials, rough, precious, semi-precious and normal stones.
 - b) To search for major and minor minerals and precious stones in Tanzania and to acquire, by purchase of grant, mining and other rights in the lands with Tanzania, and to win, open and work such mines quarries of major and minor minerals and precious stones in, above and under the said lands, or any of them or in, above and under any other lands over which mining rights may be acquired by the Company, and to raise, sell and dispose of major and minor minerals, aggregate, marble stones, construction raw materials and precious stones to be procured there from, and to treat and make marketable, and covert such ores into metal or any other form, if found expedient to do so, of otherwise to deal with the produce if the mines, quarries and operations of the Company.
 - c) To acquire by purchase or otherwise any ores or minerals produce for the purpose of working and rendering the same marketable, and selling and disposing of the same, and to carry on any business which may seem convenient in connection with the development of the Company’s mines, and property or which may seem calculated enhance the value thereof.
 - d) To acquire mining rights by obtaining licenses/leases from Government and to raise on behalf of Government major and minor minerals or such other “specified” minerals which have been reserved or likely to be reserved for exploitation in Public Sector, sell and dispose of the same, to treat and render marketable such of the aforesaid and any other minerals as are capable of commercial exploitation, beneficiation, etc.

- e) To carry on trading in aggregate, marble stones, construction raw materials, minerals by acting as intermediaries between the Government and the mine-owner any by securing bulk contracts for sale or export of minerals or for purposes which may seem conducive to the attainment of any of the aforesaid objects of the Company.
- f) To carry on business as brokers, sub-brokers, market makers, arbitrageurs, investors and/or hedgers in agricultural products, metals including precious metals, precious stones, diamonds, petroleum and energy products and all other commodities and securities, in spot markets and in futures and all kinds of derivatives of all the above commodities and securities permitted under the laws of Tanzania.
- g) To carry on the search for mining, getting obtaining, cutting, polishing and dealing in all precious, semiprecious, valuable and non-precious stones.
- h) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in minerals, plant, machinery implements, conveniences, provisions and things capable of being used connecting with quarrying, mining and metallurgical operations or required by workmen and others employed by the Company.
- i) To import, buy, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials, and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above specified business or proceeding or usually dealt in by persons engaged in like business.
- j) To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such government or authority, all rights, concessions and privilege which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- k) To deal in trading of construction commodities. The portfolio of products includes all road and building construction raw materials, sand, cement and aggregate.
- l) To deal in trading of agricultural commodities. The main portfolio of products includes all agriculture products and pulses like chickpeas, green gram, peas, kidney beans, pigeon peas, black beans; oil seeds such as groundnut, sesame seeds and soya bean.
- m) To supply construction, mining, agricultural products to countries in the world like India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, China, Bangladesh, etc. which are large importers of the products.
- n) To make Tanzania as the base and the major producer of a range of commodities and crucial center for the top Commodity Companies around the world. The main motive for the operations in Tanzania is to connect to the Global Business Fraternity.
- o) To undertake activities such as processing of raw construction materials, mining products, extraction of oils and contract mining.


- p) To engage and or carry on the business of road constructions, all types of engineering, general civil works, buildings, renovation, office petitioners, decor Tories, maintainers of dilapidated buildings, plumbing, furniture manufacturers, suppliers and exporters, residential and office furniture.
- q) To carry; on the business of building contractors, masonry and general construction contractors and among other things to construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work and advertise railways, tramways, docks harbors, shavers, canals, water-courses, irrigations, reclamations, sewage, drainage and other sanitary works, water, gas, electric and other supply works, houses, building and erections of every kind.
- r) To build, construct, alter, improve, enlarge repair, maintain develop, demolish, remove or replace and to work, manage, carry out or control works of all descriptions including but not limited to offices, factories, mills, warehouses, shops, stores, garages and other buildings, roads, machinery and plants, which may, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, be likely to advance directly or indirectly the Company's interests; to clear sites for the same; to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist in the building, construction, alternation, repair, improvement, enlargement, maintenance, development, demolitions, removal, replacement, working, management, carrying out or control.
- s) To carry on the business as promoters, developers, engineers, contractors and builders of and to purchase, sell, resell, give or take on lease or rent, lay out, develop, construct, build, erect, demolish, re-erect, alter, repair ,remodel commercial, industrial premises and residential houses of every type, housing societies, flat schemes, apartments, commercial buildings, offices, factories, warehouses, shops, godowns, farm houses, markets, schools, hotels, motels, theatres, hospitals, recreation centers, and to undertake all types of contracts entailing Build Operate Transfer (BOT) or Build Operate Lease Transfer (BOLT) of roadways, national highways, bridges, flyovers, sewers, canals, docks, wells, springs, dams, racecourses, watercourses, reclamation, water parks, irrigation schemes, entertainment complex, industrial complexes, harbors, power plants, reservoirs, embankments and/or of construction, structural or architectural work of any kind whatsoever in Tanzania or abroad and for that purpose to acquire, purchase assets, liabilities, shares of any company, firm, corporation engaged in similar business and to develop land, buildings and other properties.
- t) To carry on the business as traders, suppliers, general merchants, importers, exporters, stockiest, wholesalers, retailers and dealers in all types of hardware, building materials, spare parts and maintenance, tyres, tubes, tools and accessories for all types of automotive, motors vehicles, agricultural machinery implements, equipment, all kinds of industrial projects machinery and equipment, timber, fishing gears, groceries, computers, office equipment's, cooking oils, salts, foodstuffs, cosmetics, oils, paints, spirits sheets, hinges, screws, iron monger, textiles piece goods, all types of leather goods, shoes, bags and other similar goods.
- u) To carry on all or any of the business of heavy transport, carriage and haulage contractors, owners and charter of road vehicles, aircraft and ships and boats of every description and carries of goods and a passenger by road, rail water or air and to establish acquire, maintain and operate transport service of every description both public and private and all services ancillary thereto and for

such purposes or as independent undertakings to purchase take in exchange, charter, hire, build, contract or otherwise acquire and to own, operate, work manage, maintain repair, service and deal with and in road vehicles, aircraft and vessels of every supplies therefore and to conduct any such business within the country or any other state in Africa or Europe or Asia and or any other foreign country.

- v) To engage in and carry out the business of proprietors and managers of hotels, bar, night clubs, restaurants, cafes, road houses, motels, safari and holiday camps, caravan sites, guest houses, apartment housekeepers, refreshment and tea rooms, milk and snacks bars, tavern, beer house and loading housekeepers and to provide food and catering services to individuals, private and public institutions and to industrial and business concerns.
- w) To carry on the business of clearing and forwarding agents, commission agents, transporters, freighters, haulers, customs bonded warehouse and go-down keepers, cargo and travel agents, insurance agents, tourist agents, manufacturers' representatives, road contractors, cargo superintendents, packers, machinery haulage specialists, warehousemen, engineers, electricians, motor cars, trucks, cabs, omnibus, oil tank and coach proprietors and transporters, civil transport contractors and transporters by any other means of conveyance of people and goods in Tanzania and the neighboring countries and in such other place or places as may from time to time be determined by the company, engage in and or otherwise carry on the business as transporters and transport agents, freight forwarders.
- x) To carry on the business of importers and exporters of all kinds of goods, articles and things either manufactured, semi-manufactured or raw materials, and to act as sales representatives either on commission or on profit sharing basis of all kinds of goods and materials.
- y) To carry on the business of trading in all kind of building and hardware products, importation and exportation.
- z) Manufacture of metal-forming machinery and machine tools
- aa) Manufacture of other transport equipment n.e.c.
- bb) Renting and leasing of other machinery, equipment and tangible goods
- cc) Manufacture of lifting and handling equipment,
- dd) Retail sale of other machinery and equipment
- ee) Retail and Wholesale of construction materials, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
- ff) Generally, to do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or do any other things that the directors may deem necessary and beneficial to the Company.


4. The liability of the members is limited.
5. The Company's Share Capital is TZS 1,500,000,000 (Tanzanian Shillings One Billion Five Hundred Million Thousand Only) divided into 3000 Ordinary Shares of TZS 500,000/- (Tanzanian Shillings Five Hundred Thousand only) each.

WE, the undersigned whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Postal Address, Occupation of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each	Signature of Subscribers
RAVJI JADVA KHIMANI P.O. Box 20264, Plot No.03, DL Plaza, Mtaakuja, Airport Road, Vingunguti Industrial Area, Dar-es-Salaam	1500	
BHAVIKA RAVJI KHIMANI P.O. Box 20264, Plot No.03, DL Plaza, Mtaakuja, Airport Road, Vingunguti Industrial Area, Dar-es-Salaam	100	Bhavika Ravji
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES	1600	

Dated this 17th day of OCTOBER 2022

WITNESS to the above signatures:

Signature: 

Postal Address: 312, DSM

Qualification: ADVOCATE



THE COMPANIES ACT (CAP 212)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

1. In these Articles, unless the subject or context otherwise requires, the words standing in the first column of the table next hereinafter contained shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively in the second column thereof:

2. **WORDS AND MEANINGS**

- a) **“Articles”**: these Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time by Special Resolution;
- b) **“A Shareholder”**: any holder from time to time of the Shares;
- c) **“Associate”**: a Company which is a subsidiary or holding Company of that Company, a subsidiary of a holding Company of that Company, or in relation to any person a Company where not less than 20% of its issued share Capital is owned by that person;
- d) The **“Directors”**: the directors for the time being of the Company present at a duly convened meeting of the directors at which a quorum is present;
- e) The **“Office”**: the registered office for the time being of the Company;
- f) The **“Act”**: the Companies Act, 2002 (CAP 212) and every statutory modification and re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;
- g) **“Tanzania”**: Means the mainland of the United Republic of Tanzania;
- i) Writing shall include printing, lithography, photograph and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.
- ii) Words or expressions importing the singular number only shall include the plural number, and vice versa.
- iii) Words or expressions importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender;
And

Subject as aforesaid and unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the Company.

SHARES

3. The initial Share Capital of the company is TZS 1,500,000,000 (Tanzanian Shillings One Billion Five Hundred Million Thousand Only) divided into 3000 Ordinary Shares of TZS 500,000 (Tanzanian Shillings Five Hundred Thousand only) each.
4. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return or capital or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine by major shareholder/s.
5. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the opinion of the Company are liable to be, redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.
6. The Company is a private company and accordingly:
 - (a) No invitation or offer shall be made to the public (whether for cash or otherwise) to subscribe for any shares in or debentures of the Company, nor shall the Company allot or agree to allot (whether for cash or otherwise) any shares in or debentures of the Company with a view to all or any of the those shares or debentures being offered for sale to the public.
 - (b) The shares shall not be transferable except in accordance with the manner prescribed by these Articles.
 - (c) The number of members of the company shall be limited to fifty, not including persons who are in the employment of the company and persons who, having been formerly in the employment of the company, were while in that employment, and have continued after the determination of that employment to be, members of the company.
7. The Company may pay to any person a commission in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional, for any shares in the Company: Provided that such commission shall not exceed 10 per cent of the price at which such shares are issued, or an amount equivalent to such percentage.
8.
 - (a) The Directors may subject to Article 47 hereof allot, grant options over, or otherwise deal with or dispose of any relevant securities of the Company to such persons and generally on such terms and conditions as the Directors think proper.
 - (b) The general authority conferred by paragraph (a) of this Article shall be conditional upon due compliance with Article 47 hereof and shall extend to the amount of the authorized share capital of the Company upon its incorporation.
 - (c) The Directors shall be entitled under the general authority conferred by paragraph (a) of this Article to make at any time before the expiry of such authority any offer or agreement which will or might require relevant securities of the Company to be allotted after the expiry of such authority.

9. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of such share.
10. No person shall be recognized by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or required to recognize any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any right whatsoever in respect of any share other than an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder, except as by these Articles otherwise expressly provided or as required by law.
11. Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (unless the conditions of issue provide for a longer interval) one certificate (under the Company's common seal) or for all the shares registered in his name, specifying the number and (where necessary) denoting numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid up thereon; Provided that in the case of joint holders the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate to all the joint holders, and delivery of such certificate to any one of them shall be sufficient delivery to all. Every certificate shall be signed by one Director and countersigned by the Secretary or by an assistant or deputy Secretary. Where parts only of the shares comprised in a certificate are transferred, the member transferring shall be entitled without payment to a certificate for the balance thereof.
12. If any share certificate shall be defaced, worn out, destroyed or lost, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company investigating the evidence as the Directors shall require but otherwise free of charge and (in case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

LIEN

13. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all shares (whether fully paid or not) registered in the name of any member, either alone or jointly with any other person, for his debts, liabilities and engagements, whether solely or jointly with any other person, to or with the Company, whether the period for the payment, fulfillment or discharge thereof shall have actually arrived or not, and such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. But the Directors may at any time declare any share to be exempt, wholly or partially, from the provision of this Article.
14. The Directors may sell the shares subject to any such lien at such time or times and in such time or times and in such manner as they think fit, but no sale shall be made until such time as the monies in respect of which such lien exists or some part thereof are or is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, and until a demand and notice in writing stating the amount due to specifying the liability or engagement and demanding payment or fulfillment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been served on such member or the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares, and default in payment, fulfillment or discharge shall have been made by him or them for fourteen days after such notice.

15. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of the amount due to the Company, or of the liability or engagement, as the case may be, and the balance (if any) shall be paid to the member or the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares so sold.
16. Upon any such sale as aforesaid, the Shareholders may authorize some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to the purchaser and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by irregularity or invalidity in proceedings in reference to the sale.
17. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or to exercise any privilege as a member until he shall have paid all calls for the time being due and payable on every share held by him, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any).

CALLS ON SHARES

18. The Shareholders may, subject to the provisions of these Articles, from time to time make such calls upon the members in respect of all monies unpaid on their shares as they think fit, provided that fourteen days' notice at least is given of each call and each member shall be liable to pay the amount of every call so made upon him to the persons, by the installments (if any) and at the times and places appointed by the Directors.
19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Shareholders authorizing such call was passed.
20. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment of all calls and installments in respect thereof.
21. If before or on the day appointed for payment thereof a call or installment payable in respect of a share is not paid, the person from whom the same is due shall pay interest on the amount of the call or installment at such rate not exceeding 20 per cent, per annum as the Directors shall fix from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the Directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
22. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium, shall for all purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment the provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, and all other relevant provisions of these Articles, shall apply as if such sum were a call duly made and notified as hereby provided.
23. The Shareholders may, from time to time, make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and in the time of payment of such calls.
24. The Shareholders may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the monies due upon his shares beyond the sums actually called up thereon, and upon the monies so paid in advance, or so much thereof as exceeds the amount for the time being called up on the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Directors may

pay or allow such interest as may be agreed between them and such member, in addition to the dividend payable upon such part of the share in respect of which such advance has been made as is actually called up.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

25. Subject to the restrictions of these Articles, shares shall be transferable only with the approval of major shareholder/s, but every transfer must be approved in writing and must be left at the registered office, accompanied by the certificate of the shares to be transferred and such other evidence (if any) as the Directors may require to prove the title of the intending transferor.
26. The instrument of transfer of a share shall be executed by the transferor and, when the share is not fully paid, by the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
27. Any share of a deceased member may be transferred at any time to his or her father or mother, or to any lineal descendant of such father or mother, or to his or her wife or husband; and any share of a deceased member may be transferred by his executors or administrators to the widow or widower of any such relative as aforesaid of such deceased member, being a *cestui que trust* or specific legatee thereof, and shares standing in the name of any deceased member may be transferred to or placed in the names of the executors or trustees of his will, and upon any change of trustees may be transferred to the trustees for the time being of such will. A share may (subject as aforesaid) at any time be transferred to any member of the Company.
28. No share shall in any circumstances be issued or transferred to any infant, bankrupt or person of unsound mind.
 - (1) Save as provided in Article 27, no share shall be transferred to any person who is not a member of the Company so long as any member is willing to purchase the same at the fair value (as hereinafter defined), which shall be determined as hereinafter provided.
 - (2) In order to ascertain whether any member is willing to purchase a share at the fair value, the person, whether a member of the Company or not, proposing to transfer the same (hereinafter called "the retiring member") shall give a notice in writing (hereinafter described as a "sale notice") to the Company that he desires to transfer the same. Every sale notice shall specify the number of the shares which the retiring member desires to transfer, and shall constitute the Company the agent of the retiring member for the sale of such shares to any member of the Company at the fair value. No sale notice shall be withdrawn except with the sanction of the major shareholder/s.
 - (3) Forthwith upon receipt by the Company of any sale notice the Company shall direct the Auditors for the time being of the Company to certify the fair value of the shares comprised in such sale notice in accordance with sub-paragraph (4) hereof.
 - (4) The fair value of the shares for the purposes of this Article shall be such price as shall be certified in writing by the Auditors of the Company for the time being as being, in their opinion, the fair value of the said shares and in so certifying the Auditors shall pay no regard as to whether the shares comprised in such sale notice form part of a majority or minority holding in the Company. In carrying out the obligations created by this Article the Auditors shall be considered to

be acting as experts and not as arbitrators, and in so determining the fair value of the shares their decision shall be final and binding.

- (5) If the Shareholders within twenty-eight days after the receipt by the Company of the certificate of the Auditors of the fair value of the shares specified in the sale notice find a member willing to purchase any share comprised therein (hereinafter described as a "purchasing member") and shall give notice thereof to the retiring member, the retiring member shall be bound upon payment of the fair value to transfer the share to such purchasing member. The Directors shall, with a view to finding a purchasing member, offer any shares comprised in the Company as nearly as may be in the proportion to their holdings of shares in the Company, and shall limit a time within which such offer if not accepted will be deemed to have been declined; and the Directors shall make such arrangements as regards the finding of a purchasing member for any shares not accepted by a member to whom they shall have been so offered as aforesaid within the time so limited as they shall think just and reasonable.
 - (6) In the event of the retiring member failing to carry out the sale of any shares which he shall have become bound to transfer as aforesaid, the Shareholders may authorize some person to execute a transfer of the shares to the purchasing member and may give a good receipt for the purchase price of such shares, and may register the purchasing member as holder thereof and issue to him a certificate for the same, and thereupon the purchasing member shall become indefeasibly entitled thereto. The retiring member shall in such case be bound to deliver up his certificate for the said purchase price, without interest, and if such certificate shall comprise any shares which he has not become bound to transfer as aforesaid the Company shall issue to him a balance certificate for such shares.
 - (7) If the Shareholders shall not, within the space of twenty-eight days after receipt by the Company of the certificate of the Auditors referred to in sub-paragraph (5) above, find a purchasing member for all or any of the shares comprised in the sale notice and give notice to the retiring member in the manner aforesaid, or if, through no default of the retiring member, the purchase of any share in respect of which such last mentioned notice shall be given shall not be completed within twenty-one days from the service of such notice, the retiring member shall at any time within six months thereafter be at liberty, subject to Article 30, to sell and transfer the shares comprised in his sale notice (or such of them as shall not have been sold to a purchasing member) to any person and at any price.
29. The Shareholders may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, decline to register any transfer of any share whether or not it is a fully paid share, but such right of refusal shall not be exercisable in the case of any transfer made pursuant to Article 27.
 30. If the Shareholders refuse to register a transfer of any shares they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal, as required by the Act.
 31. The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register of members closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding every Annual General Meeting of the Company, and at such other times (if any) and for such period as the Shareholders may from time to time determine, provided always that the register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

32. In the case of the death of a member, the survivors or survivor, where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased, where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his shares, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share jointly held by him.
33. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any member may, upon producing such evidence of title as the Shareholder shall require, be registered himself as holder of the share, or, subject to the provisions as to transfers herein contained (which shall apply as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred) transfer the same to some other person.
34. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall be entitled to receive, and may give a discharge for, any dividends or other monies payable in respect of the share, but he shall not be entitled in respect of it to receive notice of, or to attend or vote at meetings of the Company or, save as aforesaid, to exercise any of the rights or privileges of a member, unless and until he shall become a member in respect of the share.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

35. If any member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or installment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the Shareholders may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment or any part thereof remains unpaid, serve a notice on him or on the person entitled to the share by transmission requiring him to pay such call or installment, or such part thereof as remains unpaid, together with interest at such rate not exceeding 10 per cent. per annum as the Shareholders shall determine, and any expenses that may have accrued by reason of such nonpayment.
36. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) on or before which such call or installment, or such part as aforesaid, and all interest and expenses that have accrued by reason of such non-payment, are to be paid. It shall also name the place where payment is to be made, and shall state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
37. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Shareholders to that effect. A forfeiture of shares shall include all dividends in respect of the shares not actually paid before the forfeiture, notwithstanding that they shall have been declared.
38. When any share has been forfeited in accordance with these Articles, notice of the forfeiture shall forthwith be given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to the share by transmission, as the case may be, and an entry of such notice having been given, and of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members opposite to the share; but the provisions of this Article are directory only, and no forfeiture shall be in

any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

39. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid, the Shareholders may, at any time before the forfeited share has been otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture, upon the terms of payments of all calls and interest due thereon and all expenses incurred in respect of the share and upon such further terms (if any) as they shall see fit.
40. Every share which shall be forfeited may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of, either to the person who was before forfeiture the holder thereof, or entitled thereto, or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Shareholders shall think fit, and the Shareholders may, if necessary, authorize some person to transfer the same to such other person as aforesaid.
41. A shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay to the Company all calls made and not paid on such shares at the time of forfeiture, and interest thereon to the date of payment, in the same manner in all aspects as if the shares had not been forfeited, and to satisfy all (if any) the claims and demands which the Company might have enforced in respect of the shares at the time of forfeiture without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture.
42. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction at the time of forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share, and all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the shareholder whose share is forfeited and the Company, except only such of those rights and liabilities as are by these Articles expressly saved, or as are by the Act given or imposed in the case of past members.
43. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of the Company, and that a share has been duly forfeited in pursuance of these Articles, and stating the date upon which it was forfeited shall, as against all persons claiming to be entitled to share adversely to the forfeiture thereof, be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated, and such declaration shall constitute a good title to the share, and (subject to the execution of any necessary transfer) such person shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall be discharged from all calls made prior to such sale or disposition and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any), nor shall his title to the share be affected by any act, omission or irregularity relating to or connected with the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

ALTERATIONS OF CAPITAL

44. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (A) Consolidate and divide its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares, or
 - (B) Cancel any shares not taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled;
 - (C) Divide its share capital or any part thereof into shares of smaller amounts than is fixed by its Memorandum of Association by sub-

division of its existing shares or any of them, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act;

and by Special Resolution:

(D) Reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reserve or share premium account in any manner authorized and subject to any conditions prescribed by the Act.

45. (1) The Company in General Meeting may from time to time whether all the shares for the time being authorized shall have been issued or all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully called up or not, increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts and (subject to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing class of shares) to carry such preferential, deferred or other special rights (if any), or to be subject to such conditions or restrictions (if any), in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the General Meeting resolving upon such increase directs.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Act the Company may:

- (i) issue shares, which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the shareholder on such terms and in such manner as shall satisfy the conditions in the Act;
- (ii) purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares);
- (iii) make a payment in respect of any such redemption or purchase of any of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.

46. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting all shares authorized pursuant to Article 8 hereof to be allotted shall be offered to the members in proportion to the existing shares held by them and such offer shall be made by notice in writing specifying the number of the shares to which the member is entitled and limiting a time (being not less than 21 days) within which the offer if not accepted will be deemed to have been declined, and after the expiry of such time or upon receipt of an intimation from the member to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Shareholders may, subject to these Articles, allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons and upon such shares as aforesaid which, by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to any such offer as aforesaid or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same, cannot in the opinion of the Shareholders be conveniently offered in manner hereinbefore provided.

47. Except so far as otherwise provided by or pursuant to these Articles or by the conditions of issue, any new share capital shall be considered as part of the original ordinary share capital of the Company, and shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise as the original share capital.

MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

48. Subject to the provisions of the Act if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights or privileges for the time being attached to any class of shares may (notwithstanding that the Company may be or be about to be in liquidation) be varied or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of more than 65 percent in nominal value of the issued shares of that class. To any such separate general meeting all the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings shall apply provided always that the necessary quorum at any such meeting other than an adjourned meeting shall be two persons holding or representing by proxy at least half in nominal value of the issued shares of the class in question and at an adjourned meeting one person holding shares of the class in question or his proxy and provided that any holder of shares of the class in question present in person or proxy may demand a poll.

GENERAL MEETINGS

49. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next.

Provided that so long as the Company shall hold its first annual general meeting within eighteen months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place, as the Shareholders shall appoint.

50. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
51. The Shareholders may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisition, as provided by the Act.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

52. Every general meeting shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and the nature of any special business that is to be transacted, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under the regulations of the Company, entitled to receive such notices from the Company. Provided that a meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in these presents, be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed -

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a

majority together holding not less than 65 percent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

53. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

54. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting shall also be deemed special, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts and balance sheets and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, and any other documents accompanying or annexed to the balance sheets, the election of Directors in place of those retiring and the appointment and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.
55. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as herein otherwise provided, at least 65 percent shareholder/s present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
56. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the holding of a General Meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the Shareholders may determine and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.
57. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside at every General Meeting, but if there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, or shall be present but unwilling to act as Chairman, the members present shall choose some Shareholder, or if no Shareholder be present, or if all the Shareholders present decline to take the Chair, they shall choose some member present to be Chairman of the Meeting.
58. The Chairman of any meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the meeting, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business, which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
59. At all General Meetings a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands in proportion to the weight of shareholding percent, unless before or upon the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll be demanded by the Chairman or by at least two persons for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting, or by a member or members representing fifty percent of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting, or by a member or members holding shares

conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than fifty percent of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right, and unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such a resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

60. Subject as provided in Article 62, if a poll be demanded in manner aforesaid, it shall be taken in such manner, as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
61. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting, or on any question of adjournment.
62. In the case of any equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
63. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business, other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

64. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
65. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction (whether in Tanzania or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorized in that behalf appointed by that Court, and such last-mentioned persons may give their votes either personally or by proxy.
66. If two or more persons are jointly entitled to a share, then in voting upon any question the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other holders of the share, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
67. Save as herein expressly provided, no member other than a member duly registered who shall have paid everything for the time being due from and payable to the Company in respect of his shares shall be entitled to vote on any question either personally or by proxy, or to be reckoned in a quorum, at any General Meeting.
68. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. On a show of hands a member (other than a corporation) present only by proxy shall have no vote,

but a proxy for or representative of a corporation may vote on a show of hands. A proxy need not be a member.

69. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing, or if such appointer is a corporation under its common seal, if any, and, if none, then under the hand of some officer duly authorized in that behalf. An instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed to include the power to demand or concur in demanding a poll on behalf of the appointer.
70. The instrument appointing a proxy, together with the power of attorney (if any) under which it is signed or a notary certified or office copy thereof, shall be deposited at the office at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, or in the case of a poll not less than twenty-four hours before the appointed for taking the poll and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
71. Any instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form with such variations (if any) as circumstances may require or the Directors may approve:

“SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED”

I.....
of, a member of

“SRIHARI HOLDING LIMITED”

"hereby appoint,
"of,
"to vote for me and on my behalf at the [Annual,
"Extraordinary or Adjourned, as the case may be]
"General Meeting of the Company to be held
"on the day of..... and at
"every adjournment thereof.

"As witness my hand this ...day of 20__."

72. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the major shareholder whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
73. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorized representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the Registered Office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.
74. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote

at General Meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorized representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

DIRECTORS

75. Unless and until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, the number of the Directors shall not be less than two or more than five. The first Directors of the Company shall be as named in the particulars delivered to the Registrar of Companies pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Thereafter Directors shall be elected on an annual basis at the Annual General Meeting by majority vote of the Shareholders. At the same time, the major shareholder shall be the Chairperson.
76. The Directors shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person who is willing to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at the Meeting, but shall be eligible for re-election at that Meeting.
77. The remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting. Unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted, any such remuneration shall be divided amongst the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all traveling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of traveling to or from Board Meetings. If by arrangement with the other Directors, any Director shall perform or render any special duties or services outside his ordinary duties as a Director, the Directors may pay him special remuneration, in addition to his ordinary remuneration, and such special remuneration may be by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or by any or all of those modes, or otherwise as may be arranged.
78. The office of a Director shall be vacated: -
- (A) If he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director.
 - (B) If a receiving order is made against him, or he makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors.
 - (C) If he becomes of unsound mind and either he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Diseases Act (Cap. 98) or an order is made by a Court having jurisdiction (whether in the Tanzania or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bones or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs.
 - (D) If he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months without special leave of absence from the Directors, and they pass a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office.
 - (E) If by notice in writing given to the Company, he resigns his office.

MANAGING DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

79. (A) The Directors may from time to time appoint any one or more of their body to be Managing Director or to any other executive office under the Company (hereinafter referred to as an “Executive Director”) and, subject to the provisions of the Act, for such period and upon such terms as they think fit, and may vest in such Managing Director or Executive Director such of the powers hereby vested in the Directors generally as they may think fit, and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such condition and subject to such restrictions, and generally such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as they may determine. The remuneration of such Managing Director or Executive Director may be made payable by way of salary or commission or participation in profits, or by any or all of those modes or otherwise as may be thought expedient, and it may be made a term of any such appointment that he shall receive a pension, gratuity or other benefit on his retirement.
- (B) A Managing Director and any Executive Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation, and he shall not be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors or the number of Directors to retire, but he shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and if he ceases to hold the office of Director he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director or Executive Director (as the case may be).

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

80. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all such expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company as they think fit, and may exercise all such powers of the Company, and do on behalf of the Company all such acts as may be exercised and done by the Company, and as are not by the Act or these Articles required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the Act to any directions given by special resolution but no alteration of the Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given.
81. With the major shareholder’s written approval, the Directors may borrow or raise from time to time for the purposes of the Company or secure the payment of such sums as they think fit, and may secure the repayment or payment of any such sums by mortgage or charge upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company or subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to the provisions of Article 8, by the issue of debentures, debenture stock and other securities as they may think fit. (Provided that the amount for the time being remaining undischarged of monies borrowed, raised or secured by the Directors shall not at any time exceed (twice the nominal amount of the issued share capital for the time being of the Company) without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting; but no lender shall be bound to see that this limit is observed.)

82. Subject to the provisions of the Act, with the major shareholder's written approval, the Directors on behalf of the Company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any Director or former Director who has held any executive office or employment with the Company or to his widow or dependents and may make contributions to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.
83. The continuing Directors may act at any time notwithstanding any vacancy in their body; provided always that in case the Directors shall at any time be reduced in number to less than the minimum number prescribed by or in accordance with these Articles, it shall be lawful for them to act as Directors for the purpose of filling up vacancies in their body, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but not for any other purpose.
84. (A) Subject to the provisions of the Act, with the major shareholder's written approval, a Director notwithstanding his office may contract with, be a party to, or otherwise interested in any contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company or in which the company is otherwise interested and shall not be liable to account for any profit or other benefit derived by him by reason of any such matter and no such contract, proposed contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit: Provided that the nature and extent of the interest of the Director be declared at a meeting of the Directors in full compliance with the Act.
- (B) For the purposes of paragraph (A) a general notice given to the Directors at such meeting by a Director to the effect either that he is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract, transaction or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be made with that company or firm, or that he is to be regarded as interested in any contract, transaction or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him shall be sufficient declaration of interest in relation to any such contract, transaction or arrangement.
- (C) A Director may vote at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors upon any resolution concerning a contract, proposed contract, transaction or arrangement in which he has, whether directly or indirectly, an interest or upon any matter arising therefrom, and if he shall so vote his vote shall be counted and he shall be taken into account in determining whether a quorum is present at such meeting.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

85. There shall be no rotation of Directors.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

86. The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined, two shall be a quorum. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
87. The Directors may, and on the request of a Director or the Secretary shall, at anytime summon a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give

notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the Tanzania.

88. The Chairperson, who shall be the major shareholder, shall preside at meetings of the Directors.
- (A) A Director (other than an alternate Director) may from time to time by notice in writing to the Company appoint any Director or any person approved by his co-Directors to act as an alternate Director at any meeting of the Board from which he is himself absent, and may in like manner remove any person so appointed from office.
 - (B) An alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not be entitled to any remuneration from the Company, but he shall be entitled, while holding office as such, to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointor is a member and to attend and vote thereat in place of and in the absence of the Director appointing him.
 - (C) Such alternate Director shall cease to be an alternate Director if his appointor ceases to be a Director; but if a Director retires by rotation or otherwise but is re-appointed or deemed to have been re-appointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate Director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his re-appointment.
 - (D) An alternate Director shall be deemed for all purposes (save for the appointment of an alternate Director under this Article) a Director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him.
 - (E) A person who holds office only as an alternate Director shall, if his appointer is not present, be taken into account in reckoning a quorum at any meeting of the Directors or any committee of the Directors.
89. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors.
90. A committee may elect a Chairman of its meetings. If no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.
91. A committee may meet and adjourn as its members think proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the committee shall have a second or casting vote.
92. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of Directors, or of a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment or continuance in office of such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed or had duly continued in office and was qualified to be a Director.
93. The Directors shall cause proper minutes to be made of all General Meetings of the Company and proper records to be kept of all Written Resolutions (and

of signatures) and also of all appointments of officers, and of the proceedings of all meetings of Directors and committees, and of the attendances thereat, and all business transacted at such meetings. All such minutes and records (and signatures) shall be entered in books provided for the purpose. Any such record of a Written Resolution (and of the signatures) purporting to be signed by a Director or by the Secretary shall be evidence of the proceedings in agreeing to a Written Resolution and until the contrary is proved the requirements of the Act with respect to those proceedings shall be deemed to be complied with and any such minutes of any such meeting, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting, shall be conclusive evidence without any further proof of the facts therein stated.

94. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as a resolution passed at a meeting of the Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly convened, held and constituted and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors.

THE COMMON SEAL

95. The Company's common seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors, and in the presence of at least two Directors or one Director and of the Company Secretary, and such Director(s) and/or the Company Secretary, as the case may be, shall sign every instrument to which the common seal shall be affixed in their presence, and in favor of any purchaser or person bona fide dealing with the Company such signatures shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the common seal has been properly affixed.

COMPANY SECRETARY

96. The Company Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any Company Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
97. No person shall be appointed or hold office as Company Secretary who is:
- (a) The sole Director of the Company; or
 - (b) A corporation the sole Director of which is the sole Director of the Company;
 - (c) the sole Director of a corporation which is the sole Director of the Company.
98. A provision of the Act or these presents requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Company Secretary.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE FUNDS

99. Subject to any rights or privileges for the time being attached to any shares in the capital of the Company having preferential, deferred or other special rights in regard to dividends, the profits of the Company which it shall from time to time be determined to distribute by way of dividend shall be applied in

payment of dividends upon the shares of the Company in proportion to the amounts paid up thereon respectively otherwise than in advance of calls. If any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

100. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may from time to time declare dividends, but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors and approved by the Chairperson.
101. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the Directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividends, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrears. The Directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.
102. With the sanction of a General Meeting, dividends may be paid wholly or in part in specie, and may be satisfied in whole or in part by the distribution amongst the members in accordance with their rights of fully paid shares, stock or debentures or any other property or assets suitable for distribution as aforesaid. The Directors shall have full liberty to make all such valuations, adjustments and arrangements, and to issue all such certificates or documents of title as may in their opinion be necessary or expedient with a view to facilitating the equitable distribution amongst the members of any dividends or portions of dividends to be satisfied as aforesaid or to giving them the benefit of their proper shares and interests in the property, and no valuation, adjustment or arrangement so made shall be questioned by any member.
103. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper to a reserve fund or reserve account, which shall at the discretion of the Directors be applicable for any purpose for which the profits of the Company may lawfully be applied. The Directors may also from time to time carry forward such sums as they may deem expedient in the interests of the Company.
104. The Directors may deduct from any dividend or other monies payable in respect of any shares held by a member, either alone or jointly with any other member, all such sums of money (if any) as may be due and payable by him either alone or jointly with any other person to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to any Addendum or Memorandum regarding the shares of the Company.
105. Any dividend, installment of dividend or interest in respect of any shares may be paid by cheque or warrant payable to the order of the member entitled thereto, or (in the case of joint holders) of that member whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint holding.

106. Every such cheque or warrant shall (unless otherwise directed) be sent by post to the last registered address of the member entitled thereto, and the receipt of the person whose name appears on the register of members as the holder of any share, or, in the case of joint holders, of any one of such holders, or of his or their agent duly appointed in writing, shall be a good discharge to the Company for all dividends or other payments made in respect of such share. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.
107. No dividend or other monies payable in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
108. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the Directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company.

CAPITALIZATION OF RESERVES

109. The Company in General Meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalize any undivided profits of the Company (not being required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend) standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if the same had been distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution. Provided always that an amount standing to the credit of a share premium account or capital redemption reserve may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be allotted to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
110. The Company in General Meeting may upon the recommendations of the Directors and approval of the Chairman resolve that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve account of the Company or its profit and loss account which is not available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up in full unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares to those members of the Company who would have been entitled to that sum if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution.
111. Whenever a resolution is passed in pursuance of Article 116 or 117 the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. Where any difficulty arises in respect of any such distribution, the Directors shall settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular they may issue fractional certificates, fix the value for distribution of any fully paid up shares or debentures, make cash payments

to any shareholders on the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust rights, and vest any such shares or debentures in trustees upon such trusts for or for the benefit of the persons entitled to share in the appropriation and distribution as may seem just and expedient to the Directors. When deemed requisite, the Directors with written approval of the Chairperson may authorize any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalization, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

ACCOUNTS

112. The Directors shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
113. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounting records of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members, and no member (other than an officer of the Company) shall have any right of inspecting any of the accounting records of the Company except as conferred by the Act authorized by the directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting. The Company's accounting records shall at all times be open to inspection by the Officers of the Company.
114. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Act cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as required by the Act.
115. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in general meeting, together with a copy of the auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to all persons entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company.

AUDIT

116. Once at least every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the profit and loss account and balance sheet ascertained by one or more properly qualified Auditor or Auditors.
117. The appointment, powers, rights, remuneration and duties of the Auditors shall be regulated by the provisions of the Act relating thereto.

NOTICES

118. Any notice to be given pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing and may be served by the Company upon any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register of members or by leaving it at that address.
119. All notices directed to be given to the members shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of such

persons is named first in the register of members, and any notice so given shall be sufficient notice to the holders of such share.


120. Any member described in the register of members by an address not within Tanzania, who shall from time to time give the Company an address within Tanzania at which notices may be served upon him, shall be entitled to have served upon him at such address any notice to which he would be entitled under these Articles if he had a registered address within Tanzania, but, save as aforesaid, and as provided by the Act, only those members who are described in the register of members by an address within Tanzania shall be entitled to receive notices from the Company.
121. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the Register of Members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.
122. A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to any share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives or trustees of such deceased or bankrupt member, at the address (if any) in Tanzania supplied for the purpose by such persons as aforesaid, or (until such an address has been supplied) by giving the notice in the manner in which the same would have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
123. Any notice or other document, if served or sent by post, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the expiration of 48 hours from the time when the envelope containing the same was posted and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

WINDING UP

124. If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

125. Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Shareholder or Director may otherwise be entitled, every Shareholder or Director or other officer or Auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the Court from liability for negligence, default, breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

Names, Postal Address, Occupation of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each	Signature of Subscribers
RAVJI JADVA KHIMANI P.O. Box 20264, Plot No.03, DL Plaza, Mtaakuja, Airport Road, Vingunguti Industrial Area, Dar-es-Salaam	1500	
BHAVIKA RAVJI KHIMANI P.O. Box 20264, Plot No.03, DL Plaza, Mtaakuja, Airport Road, Vingunguti Industrial Area, Dar-es-Salaam	100	Bhavika Rawi
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES	1600	

Dated this 17th day of OCTOBER 2022

WITNESS to the above signatures:

Signature: _____

Postal Address: _____

Qualification: _____

